TRANSFORM CALCULUS,	FOURIER SERI	ES AND NUMERICAI	TECHNIQUES
Course Code:	21MAT31	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives:			
CLO 1. To have an insight into solvir techniques	ng ordinary differen	tial equations by using La	aplace transform
CLO 2. Learn to use the Fourier serie analysis.	es to represent peri	odical physical phenomer	na in engineering
CLO 3. To enable the students to stu Cosine transforms and to lear method.			
CLO 4. To develop the proficiency in engineering applications, usi			ations arising in
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which te	achers can use to a	ccelerate the attainment (of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) need no	t to be only traditio	nal lecture method, but a	lternative effective
teaching methods could be a	•		
-	-		
		-	
3. Encourage collaborative (Gro		-	
4. Ask at least three HOT (Highe	er order Thinking) (questions in the class, wh	ich promotes critical
thinking.			
5. Adopt Problem Based Learni	ng (PBL), which fos	ters students' Analytical s	skills, develop design
thinking skills such as the ab	ility to design, evalı	late, generalize, and analy	ze information rather
than simply recall it.			
6. Introduce Topics in manifold	representations.		
7. Show the different ways to so	-	em and encourage the stu	idents to come un with
their own creative ways to so	-	em una encourage the ste	addites to come up with
-		neal world and when the	at's possible, it holps
8. Discuss how every concept ca		real world - and when th	lat's possible, it helps
improve the students' unders		1	
Definition and Laplace transforms	Module-		Problems on Laplace
transform of $e^{at}f(t)$, $t^n f(t)$, $\frac{f(t)}{t}$.	Laplace transform	s of Periodic functions (s	tatement only) and unit-
step function – problems.			
Inverse Laplace transforms definitio	•		
transforms (without Proof) and pro equations.	blems. Laplace tra	ansforms of derivatives,	solution of differential
equations.			
Self-study: Solution of simultaneous	first-order differen	tial equations.	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk me	ethod /	
	Module	-2	
Introduction to infinite series, conv Fourier series of periodic functions Practical harmonic analysis.			
Solf-study: Convergence of carios by	1) Alombort's Datio	toct and Caucher's root to	ct
Self-study: Convergence of series by Teaching-Learning Process		<u>test and, Cauchy's root te</u> ethod / Powerpoint Prese	

	Module-3
	n, Fourier sine and cosine transforms. Inverse Fourier transforms,
Inverse Fourier cosine and sine transf	forms. Problems.
	lefinition, Standard z-transforms, Damping and shifting rules, plications to solve difference equations.
Froblems. Inverse 2-transform and ap	plications to solve unierence equations.
Self-Study: Initial value and final valu	e theorems, problems,
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation
0 0	Module-4
derivatives, Solution of Laplace's equa	tial differential equations, finite difference approximations to ution using standard five-point formula. Solution of heat equation by
Schmidt explicit formula and Crank- N	licholson method, Solution of the Wave equation. Problems.
Colf Study: Colution of Doisson agust	iong using standard five point formula
Teaching-Learning Process	ions using standard five-point formula. Chalk and talk method / Powerpoint Presentation
Teaching-Leanning Flocess	Module-5
Canand and an differential equations	
(No derivations of formulae).	Runge-Kutta method and Milne's predictor and corrector method.
(no derivations of formatic).	
Calculus of Variations: Functionals, E	uler's equation, Problems on extremals of functional. Geodesics on a
plane, Variational problems.	
Self- Study: Hanging chain problem	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)	
At the end of the course the student w	
CO 1. To solve ordinary differential	
	o study the behaviour of periodic functions and their applications in tal signal processing and field theory.
	analyze problems involving continuous-time signals and to apply Z-
Transform techniques to solv	
CO 4. To solve mathematical model	s represented by initial or boundary value problems involving
partial differential equations	
	unctionals using calculus of variations and solve problems arising in
dynamics of rigid bodies and	vibrational analysis.
Assessment Dataila (bath CIE and C	
Assessment Details (both CIE and S	-
	Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	nic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	s than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	narks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Ex	kamination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation:	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (d	
1. First test at the end of 5 th wee	
2. Second test at the end of the 1	
3. Third test at the end of the 15	чч week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Marks	
First assignment at the end of	f 4 th week of the semester
-	
5. Second assignment at the end	
5. Second assignment at the end	l of 9 th week of the semester one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks (to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course. **Semester End Examination:** Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours) 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a 2. maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module **Suggested Learning Resources:** Textbooks 1. B. S. Grewal: "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 44th Ed.2018 2. E. Kreyszig: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 10th Ed. (Reprint), 2016. **Reference Books:** 1. V. Ramana: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" McGraw-Hill Education, 11th Ed. Srimanta Pal & Subodh C. Bhunia: "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 3rd 2. Reprint, 2016. 3. N.P Bali and Manish Goyal: "A textbook of Engineering Mathematics" Laxmi Publications, Latest edition. 4. C. Ray Wylie, Louis C. Barrett: "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" McGraw - Hill Book Co.Newyork, Latest ed. 5. Gupta C.B, Sing S.R and Mukesh Kumar: "Engineering Mathematic for Semester I and II", Mc-Graw Hill Education(India) Pvt. Ltd 2015. 6. H.K.Dass and Er. Rajnish Verma: "Higher Engineering Mathematics" S.Chand Publication (2014). James Stewart: "Calculus" Cengage publications, 7th edition, 4th Reprint 2019 Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs) 2. http://academicearth.org/ 3. http://www.bookstreet.in. 4. VTU e-Shikshana Program 5. VTU EDUSAT Program Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- - Quizzes
 - Assignments
 - Seminars

DATAS	STRUCTURES AN	D APPLICATIONS	
Course Code:	21CS32	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives:			
CLO 1. Explain the fundamentals of solutions to problems.			
CLO 2. Illustrate representation of d CLO 3. Design and Develop Solution CLO 4. Explore usage of Trees and G	s to problems using raph for application	Arrays, Structures, Stack, (development.	
CLO 5. Apply the Hashing technique		lue pairs.	
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which te outcomes.	eachers can use to ac	ccelerate the attainment of	the various course
1. Lecturer method (L) need no	t to be only tradition	nal lecture method but alte	ernative effective
teaching methods could be a			
2. Use of Video/Animation to ex	•		
3. Encourage collaborative (Gro		•	
		-	, nuomotoo ariti aal
 Ask at least three HOT (High thinking. 	er order i filliking) g	luestions in the class, which	i promotes critical
5. Adopt Problem Based Learni	ng (PRL) which fost	ters students' Analytical sk	ills develon design
thinking skills such as the ab			
than simply recall it.	ility to design, evalu	ate, generalize, and analyze	
	vouvocentetione		
6. Introduce Topics in manifold	-	J	······································
Show the different ways to so their own creative ways to so		em and encourage the stud	ents to come up with
8. Discuss how every concept c		roal world and when that	's possible, it holps
improve the students' under		ieai woriu - anu when that	s possible, it lielps
improve the students' under	Module-	1	
Introduction: Data Structures, Clas (Traversing, inserting, deleting, searc Self-Referential Structures.	sifications (Primitiv	/e & Non-Primitive), Data	
Dynamic Memory Allocation Funct	tions. Representation	on of Linear Arrays in I	Memory, dynamically
allocated arrays and Multidimensiona			
Demonstration of representation of P	olynomials and Spa	rse Matrices with arrays.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.2, Chapter Chapter 3: 3.1 - 3.3, 3.5, 3.7, Chapte			
Laboratory Component:			
 Design, Develop and Implem Creating an Array of Display of Array Eler Exit. 	N Integer Elements	-	ng Array Operations
Support the program with fu	nctions for each of t	he above operations.	
 Design, Develop and Implem a. Inserting an Elemen b. Deleting an Element c. Display of Array Element 	t (ELEM) at a given v at a given valid Pos	valid Position (POS)	ng Array operations

d. Exit. Support the program with	functions for each of the above operations.	
Support the program with		
Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning (Implementation of different programs to	
illustrate application of arrays and structures.		
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P_V-gns&t=201s	
	https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html	
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/data-structures-	
	1/List%20of%20experiments.html	
	Module-2	
	ns, Array Representation of Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic	
	expression. Stack Applications: Infix to postfix conversion, Infix to	
prefix conversion, evaluation of po	stfix expression, recursion.	
Queues: Definition Array Represe	ntation of Queues, Queue Operations, Circular Queues, Queues and	
Circular queues using Dynamic arr		
en cular que des donig Dynamie un		
Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 -3.4, 3	3.6 Textbook 2: Chapter 6: 6.1 -6.4, 6.5, 6.7-6.13	
Laboratory Component:		
÷	lement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on	
a. <i>Push</i> an Element of	Implementation of Stack with maximum size MAX)	
b. <i>Pop</i> an Element fr		
-	rflow and Underflow situations on Stack	
d. Display the status		
e. Exit		
	appropriate functions for each of the above operations	
	ement a Program in C for the following Stack Applications	
	ix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %, ^	
b. Solving Tower of	Hanoi problem with n disks	
Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem based learning	
	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/	
	https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-gueues/index.html	
	Module-3	
Linked Lists: Definition, classifica	ation of linked lists. Representation of different types of linked lists in	
Memory, Traversing, Insertion, D	eletion, Searching, Sorting, and Concatenation Operations on Singly	
linked list, Doubly Linked lists, Circ	cular linked lists, and header linked lists. Linked Stacks and Queues.	
Applications of Linked lists - Polyr	nomials, Sparse matrix representation. Programming Examples.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 - 4.4,	4.5.2, 4.7, 4.8, Textbook 2: Chapter 5: 5.1 – 5.9	
Laboratory Component:		
1. Singly Linked List (SLL) of	-	
a. Create a SLL stack	x of N integer.	
b. Display of SLL		
	reate a SLL queue of N Students Data Concatenation of two SLL of	
integers. 2. Design. Develop and Imp	lement a menu driven Program in C for the following operationson	
	L) of Professor Data with the fields: ID, Name, Branch, Area of	
specialization	b) of from soir bata with the news. ib, Name, Dranch, Aled Of	
000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
-	k of N Professor's Data.	

Display the status of DLL	and count the number of nodes in it.
Teaching-Learning Process	MOOC, Active Learning, Problem solving based on linked lists. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/ https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html
	Module-4
Representation of Binary Trees, E Threaded binary trees, Binary S operation on Binary search tree.	rees, Properties of Binary trees, Array and linked Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, preorder; earch Trees – Definition, Insertion, Deletion, Traversal, and Searching Application of Trees-Evaluation of Expression.
Laboratory Component:	, 5.7; Textbook 2: Chapter 7: 7.1 – 7.9
fashion. That is, element level 0. Ex: Input : arr[] = $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ Output : Root of the follor 1 $/ \setminus$ 2 3 $/ \setminus / \setminus$ 4 5 6 2. Design, Develop and Im	plement a menu driven Program in C for the following operations or
Binary Search Tree (BST) a. Create a BST of N b. Traverse the BST	
Teaching-Learning Process	Problem based learning <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html</u> <u>https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html</u>
	Module-5
methods: Breadth First Search an Hashing: Hash Table organizatio Textbook 1: Chapter 10:10.2, 1	e, Splay tree, B-tree. gies, Matrix and Adjacency List Representation of Graphs, Traversa
Textbook 3: Chapter 15:15.1, 1	5.2,15.3, 15.4,15.5 and 15.7

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Design, Develop and implement a program in C for the following operations on Graph (G) of cities a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
 - b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a diagraph using DFS/BFS method.
- 2. Design and develop a program in C that uses Hash Function H:K->L as H(K)=K mod m(reminder method) and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

http://www.np	telvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-
algorithms.htm	1

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify different data structures and their applications.
- CO 2. Apply stack and queues in solving problems.
- CO 3. Demonstrate applications of linked list.
- CO 4. Explore the applications of trees and graphs to model and solve the real-world problem.
- CO 5. Make use of Hashing techniques and resolve collisions during mapping of key value pairs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). **CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
- 3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.

Reference Books:

- 1. Gilberg and Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning, 2014.
- 2. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
- 3. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
- 4. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/

3. http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Back/Forward stacks on browsers.
- Undo/Redo stacks in Excel or Word.
- Linked list representation of real-world queues -Music player, image viewer

ANA	LOG AND DIGITAL	ELECTRONICS	
Course Code	21CS33	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives:			
CLO 1. Explain the use of photo ele		_	
CLO 2. Make use of simplifying tech	nniques in the design	of combinational circuits	5.
CLO 3. Illustrate combinational and	l sequential digital ci	cuits	
CLO 4. Demonstrate the use of flipf	lops and apply for reg	gisters	
CLO 5. Design and test counters, A	nalog-to-Digital and D	igital-to-Analog convers	ion techniques.
Teaching-Learning Process (Gene		0 0	1
These are sample Strategies, which t	-	celerate the attainment (of the various course
outcomes.			
	at maan anler teaditio	allaatuwa wathad but d	ifferent true of
1. Lecturer method (L) does n			interent type of
teaching methods may be ad	• •		
2. Show Video/animation film	•	0	
3. Encourage collaborative (G		-	
4. Ask at least three HOT (High	1er order Thinking) q	uestions in the class, wh	ich promotes critical
thinking.			
5. Adopt Problem Based Learr	ing (PBL), which fost	ers students' Analytical s	skills, develop thinking
skills such as the ability to e	valuate, generalize, a	nd analyze information r	ather than simply recall
it.	-	-	
6. Topics will be introduced in	a multiple represent	ation.	
7. Show the different ways to			idents to come un with
their own creative ways to s	-	in and chebarage the ste	acities to come up with
8. Discuss how every concept		roal world and when th	at's possible, it holps
		i eai woriu - allu wileli ul	at s possible, it lielps
improve the students' unde		1	
	Module-2		
BJT Biasing: Fixed bias, Collector to	base Bias, voltage div	der blas	
Operational Amplifier Application C			
Amplifier, Relaxation Oscillator, Cur	-	-	rter, Regulated Power
Supply Parameters, adjustable volta	ge regulator, D to A a	nd A to D converter.	
Textbook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Se	ctions 4.2, 4.3, 4.4),	Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4	4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter
Textbook 1: Part A: Chapter 4 (Se 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9		Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4	4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter
8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9		Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4	4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter
		Chapter 7 (Sections 7.4	4, 7.6 to 7.11), Chapter
8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9).		
8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9 Laboratory Component:). rider biased voltage a	mplifier using any suitab	le circuit simulator.
8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9 Laboratory Component: 1. Simulate BJT CE voltage div). rider biased voltage a 1 a 1 kHz Relaxation (mplifier using any suitab Dscillator with 50% duty	le circuit simulator. cycle
 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9 Laboratory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage div Using ua 741 Opamp, design Design an astable multivibre). rider biased voltage a 1 a 1 kHz Relaxation (mplifier using any suitab Dscillator with 50% duty	le circuit simulator. cycle
 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9 Laboratory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage div Using ua 741 Opamp, design Design an astable multivibrid using NE 555 timer IC.). rider biased voltage a n a 1 kHz Relaxation (ator circuit for three o	mplifier using any suitab Oscillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%,	le circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%)
 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9 Laboratory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage div Using ua 741 Opamp, design Design an astable multivibrusing NE 555 timer IC. Using ua 741 opamap, design 	o. rider biased voltage a n a 1 kHz Relaxation (ator circuit for three o n a window compara	mplifier using any suitab Oscillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%, tor for any given UTP an	le circuit simulator. cycle . <50% and >50%) d LTP.
 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9 Laboratory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage div Using ua 741 Opamp, design Design an astable multivibrid using NE 555 timer IC. 	o. rider biased voltage a n a 1 kHz Relaxation (ator circuit for three o n a window compara 1. Demonstra	mplifier using any suitab Oscillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%, tor for any given UTP an tion of circuits using sim	le circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%) d LTP. ulation.
 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9 Laboratory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage div Using ua 741 Opamp, design Design an astable multivibrusing NE 555 timer IC. Using ua 741 opamap, design 	nider biased voltage a n a 1 kHz Relaxation (ator circuit for three o n a window compara 1. Demonstra 2. Project wor	mplifier using any suitab Descillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%, tor for any given UTP an tion of circuits using sim tk: Design a integrated po	le circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%) d LTP. ulation. ower supply and
 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9 Laboratory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage div Using ua 741 Opamp, design Design an astable multivibrusing NE 555 timer IC. Using ua 741 opamap, design 	nider biased voltage a n a 1 kHz Relaxation (ator circuit for three o n a window compara 1. Demonstra 2. Project won function ge	mplifier using any suitab oscillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%, tor for any given UTP an tion of circuits using sim k: Design a integrated po nerator operating at aud	le circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%) d LTP. ulation. ower supply and io frequency. Sine,
 8 (Sections 8.1 and 8.5), Chapter 9 Laboratory Component: Simulate BJT CE voltage div Using ua 741 Opamp, design Design an astable multivibrusing NE 555 timer IC. Using ua 741 opamap, design 	nider biased voltage a n a 1 kHz Relaxation (ator circuit for three o n a window compara 1. Demonstra 2. Project wor function ge square and	mplifier using any suitab Descillator with 50% duty cases of duty cycle (50%, tor for any given UTP an tion of circuits using sim tk: Design a integrated po	le circuit simulator. cycle <50% and >50%) d LTP. ulation. ower supply and io frequency. Sine,

Module-2

Karnaugh maps: minimum forms of switching functions, two and three variable Karnaugh maps, four variable Karnaugh maps, determination of minimum expressions using essential prime implicants, Quine-McClusky Method: determination of prime implicants, the prime implicant chart, Petricks method, simplification of incompletely specified functions, simplification using map-entered variables

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (Sections 6.1 to 6.5)

Laboratory Component:

1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and inplement the same using basic gates.

Teaching-Learning Process1.Chalk and Board for numerical		
	2. Laboratory Demonstration	
Module-3		

Combinational circuit design and simulation using gates: Review of Combinational circuit design, design of circuits with limited Gate Fan-in, Gate delays and Timing diagrams, Hazards in combinational Logic, simulation and testing of logic circuits

Multiplexers, Decoders and Programmable Logic Devices: Multiplexers, three state buffers, decoders and encoders, Programmable Logic devices.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 8, Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1 to 9.6)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and realize the simplified logic expression using 8:1 multiplexer IC.
- 2. Design and implement code converter I) Binary to Gray (II) Gray to Binary Code

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using simulator	
	2. Case study: Applications of Programmable Logic device	
	3. Chalk and Board for numerical	
Medule 4		

Module-4

Introduction to VHDL: VHDL description of combinational circuits, VHDL Models for multiplexers, VHDL Modules.

Latches and Flip-Flops: Set Reset Latch, Gated Latches, Edge-Triggered D Flip Flop 3, SR Flip Flop, J K Flip Flop, T Flip Flop.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 10(Sections 10.1 to 10.3), Chapter 11 (Sections 11.1 to 11.7)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same in HDL simulator
- 2. Realize a J-K Master / Slave Flip-Flop using NAND gates and verify its truth table. And implement the same in HDL.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Demonstration using simulator
	2.	Case study: Arithmetic and Logic unit in VHDL
	3.	Chalk and Board for numerical
Module-5		
Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers,		

Registers and Counters: Registers and Register Transfers, Parallel Adder with accumulator, shift registers, design of Binary counters, counters for other sequences, counter design using SR and J K Flip Flops.

Textbook 1: Part B: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1 to 12.5)

Laboratory Component:

- 1. Design and implement a mod-n (n<8) synchronous up counter using J-K Flip-Flop ICs and demonstrate its working.
- 2. Design and implement an asynchronous counter using decade counter IC to count up from 0 to n (n<=9) and demonstrate on 7-segment display (using IC-7447)

c y	0	
Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Demonstration using simulator
	2.	Project Work: Designing any counter, use LED / Seven-
		segment display to display the output
	3.	Chalk and Board for numerical
Course outcome (Course Chill Cot)		

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design and analyze application of analog circuits using photo devices, timer IC, power supply and regulator IC and op-amp.
- CO 2. Explain the basic principles of A/D and D/A conversion circuits and develop the same.
- CO 3. Simplify digital circuits using Karnaugh Map, and Quine-McClusky Methods
- CO 4. Explain Gates and flip flops and make us in designing different data processing circuits, registers and counters and compare the types.
- CO 5. Develop simple HDL programs

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Charles H Roth and Larry L Kinney, Analog and Digital Electronics, Cengage Learning,2019 **Reference Books**

- 1. Anil K Maini, Varsha Agarwal, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Wiley, 2012.
- 2. Donald P Leach, Albert Paul Malvino & Goutam Saha, Digital Principles and Applications, 8th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015.
- 3. M. Morris Mani, Digital Design, 4th Edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Analog Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102112/
- 2. Digital Electronic Circuits: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105132/
- 3. Analog Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/be/
- 4. Digital Electronics Lab: http://vlabs.iitkgp.ac.in/dec

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the design concepts of oscillator, amplifier, switch, Digital circuits using Opamps, 555 timer, transistor, Digital ICs and design a application like tone generator, temperature sensor, digital clock, dancing lights etc.

	COMPU	TER ORGANIZATIO	ON AND ARCHITECT	URE
Course	Code	21CS34	CIE Marks	50
Teachiı	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total H	lours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course	e Learning Objectives			
C	CLO 1. Understand the org operation	anization and archite	ecture of computer syste	ms, their structure and
C	CLO 2. Illustrate the conce	pt of machine instruc	tions and programs	
C	CLO 3. Demonstrate differ	ent ways of communi	cating with I/O devices	
C	CLO 4. Describe different t	ypes memory devices	s and their functions	
C	CLO 5. Explain arithmetic	and logical operation	s with different data typ	es
(CLO 6. Demonstrate proce	ssing unit with parall	el processing and pipeli	ne architecture
Teachi	ng-Learning Process (Ge	eneral Instructions)		
These a	are sample Strategies, whi	ch teachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcom				
1.		d not to be only a trad	ditional lecture method	but alternative effective
1.	teaching methods could	-		
2.	Use of Video/Animation	-		
2. 3.	Encourage collaborative	-		
-	-		-	which we water with al
4.	Ask at least three HOT (I		g questions in the class,	which promotes critical
_	thinking.			
5.	-		•	cal skills, develop design
	-	e ability to design, ev	aluate, generalize, and a	nalyze information rather
	than simply recall it.			
6.	Introduce Topics in man	-		
7.				uits/logic and encourage
	the students to come up		•	
8.	Discuss how every conce	ept can be applied to t	he real world - and whe	en that's possible, it helps
	improve the students' un	-		
		Modu		
	Structure of Computers Basic Performance Equation			s, Performance – Processor
Machin	no Instructions and I	Programe: Momory	Location and Addro	sses, Memory Operations,
	tions and Instruction Sequ			sses, Memory Operations,
Instruc				
Instruc				
	ook 1: Chapter1 - 1.3, 1.4	, 1.6 (1.6.1-1.6.4, 1.6	5.7), Chapter2 – 2.2 to 1	2.5
Textbo	ook 1: Chapter1 – 1.3, 1.4 ng-Learning Process		5 .7), Chapter2 – 2.2 to tive Learning, Problem I	
Textbo			tive Learning, Problem l	
Textbo Teachi Input/	ng-Learning Process Output Organization: Ac	Chalk and board, Ac Modu	tive Learning, Problem l le-2	based learning
Textbo Teachi Input/	ng-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac Modu	tive Learning, Problem l le-2	based learning
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access,	ng-Learning Process Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I	tive Learning, Problem l le-2	based learning
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access, Textbo	ng-Learning Process Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits ook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I 2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6	tive Learning, Problem I le-2 nterrupts – Interrupt Ha	oased learning ardware, Direct Memory
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access, Textbo	ng-Learning Process Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I 2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6 Chalk and board, Ac	tive Learning, Problem l le-2 nterrupts – Interrupt Ha tive Learning, Demonstr	oased learning ardware, Direct Memory
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access, Textbo Teachi	ng-Learning Process Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits Ook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2 Ing-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I 2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6 Chalk and board, Ac Modu	tive Learning, Problem H le-2 nterrupts – Interrupt Ha tive Learning, Demonstr le-3	pased learning ardware, Direct Memory ration
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access, Textbo Teachi Memor	ng-Learning Process Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits Ook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2 Ing-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I 2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6 Chalk and board, Ac Modu 5, Semiconductor RAM	tive Learning, Problem H le-2 nterrupts – Interrupt Ha tive Learning, Demonstr le-3 1 Memories, Read Only N	oased learning ardware, Direct Memory
Textbo Teachi Input/ Access, Textbo Teachi Memon Cost, Ca	Output Organization: Ac Buses, Interface Circuits Ook 1: Chapter4 – 4.1, 4.2 Ing-Learning Process ry System: Basic Concepts	Chalk and board, Ac Modu cessing I/O Devices, I e, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6 Chalk and board, Ac Modu s, Semiconductor RAM Functions, Virtual mo	tive Learning, Problem I le-2 nterrupts – Interrupt Ha tive Learning, Demonstr le-3 1 Memories, Read Only Memories	pased learning ardware, Direct Memory ration

	Module-4
Arithmetic: Numbers, Arithmet	ic Operations and Characters, Addition and Subtraction of Signed
Numbers, Design of Fast Adders	, Multiplication of Positive Numbers
Desta Deservativa Hatte Dal	
Microprogrammed control	nental Concepts, Execution of a Complete Instruction, Hardwired control,
Microprogrammed control	
Textbook 1: Chapter2-2.1, Cha	apter6 – 6.1 to 6.3
Textbook 1: Chapter7 - 7.1, 7.	2,7.4, 7.5
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
	Module-5
	sing: Parallel Processing, Pipelining, Arithmetic Pipeline, Instruction
Pipeline, Vector Processing, Arra	ay Processors
Toythook 2. Chaptor 0 01 0	2 0 2 0 4 0 6 0 7
Textbook 2: Chapter 9 – 9.1, 9 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the stud	lont will be able to
	n and architecture of computer systems with machine instructions and
programs	
	ut devices communicating with computer system
	ons of different types of memory devices
	es on simple arithmetic and logical unit
-	f basic processing unit, Parallel processing and pipelining
Assessment Details (both CIE	-
	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	r the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
,	End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	
1. First test at the end of 5	
	f the 10 th week of the semester
	the 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Ma	
_	end of 4 th week of the semester
-	ne end of 9 th week of the semester
	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$
Marks (duration 01 hours)	
6. At the end of the 13^{th} w	
	gnments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 m	
	ortion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
	od of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per the outcome defined for	r the course.
Semester End Examination:	
	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question
papers for the subject (duration	-
1. The question paper will	have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.

2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

- 1. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky, Computer Organization, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. M. Morris Mano, Computer System Architecture, PHI, 3rd Edition

Reference:

1. William Stallings: Computer Organization & Architecture, 9th Edition, Pearson

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103068/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/106103068/pdf/coa.pdf
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105163/
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106092/
- 5. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106166/
- 6. <u>http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/computer-organization.html</u>
- Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
 - Discussion and literature survey on real world use cases
 - Quizzes

	OBJECT ORIENTE	D PROGRAMMIN	IG WITH JAVA LABOR	ATORY
Course Co		21CSL35	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy		24	Total Marks	100
Credits		1	Exam Hours	03
	Objectives: Demonstrate the use of Eclip	ose/Netbeans IDE to	o create Iava Applications.	
CLO 2. U	Jsing java programming to Reinforce the understanding	develop programs fo	or solving real-world prob	olems.
CLU 5. 1				•
	Note: two nours tutoria		each laboratory sessions requisite	S.
	Students should		ut java installation and se	this a the issue
	environment.		s should be introduced.	ung the Java
Sl. No.	PART A – List of problem Laboratory	ns for which studer	nt should develop progra	m and execute in the
	Aim: Introduce the java f	undamentals data t	vnes, operators in java	
1		ogram that prints a	ll real solutions to the qua	dratic equation
		tion of java classes,	objects, constructors, dec	claration and
	USN	lass called Student	with the following details	as variables within it.
2	Name Branch Phone			
			jects and print the USN, N	ame, Branch, and Phone
	Aim: Discuss the various	Decision-making st	atements, loop constructs	s in java
2	Program:			
3	A. Write a program to ch	eck prime number		
	B.Write a program for Ar	ithmetic calculator	using switch case menu	
	Aim: Demonstrate the co	re object-oriented o	concept of Inheritance, po	lymorphism
4	by writing three subclass	ses namely Teaching	as StaffId, Name, Phone, S g (domain, publications), 7 ead and display at least 3	Гесhnical (skills), and
		of method overload	ling, constructor overload	ing, overriding.
5	overloading.		ng Method overloading ar	nd Constructor
	Aim: Introduce the conce	ept of Abstraction, p	ackages.	
6	INR, Yen to INR and vice	versa), distance cor	ement currency converter overter (meter to KM, mile nd vice versa) using packa	es to KM and vice versa
7			ct methods, and Interface	•

	Program: Write a program to generate the resume. Create 2 Java classes Teacher (data: personal information, qualification, experience, achievements) and Student (data: personal information, result, discipline) which implements the java interface Resume with the method biodata().
	Aim: Demonstrate creation of threads using Thread class and Runnable interface, multi- threaded programming.
8	Program: Write a Java program that implements a multi-thread application that has three threads. First thread generates a random integer for every 1 second; second thread computes the square of the number and prints; third thread will print the value of cube of the number.
	Aim: Introduce java Collections.
9	Program: Write a program to perform string operations using ArrayList. Write functions for the following a. Append - add at end b. Insert – add at particular index c. Search d. List all string starts with given letter.
	Aim: Exception handling in java, introduction to throwable class, throw, throws, finally.
10	Program: Write a Java program to read two integers a and b. Compute a/b and print, when b is not zero. Raise an exception when b is equal to zero.
	Aim: Introduce File operations in java.
11	Program: Write a java program that reads a file name from the user, displays information about whether the file exists, whether the file is readable, or writable, the type of file and the length of the file in bytes
	Aim: Introduce java Applet, awt, swings.
12	Programs: Develop an applet that displays a simple message in center of the screen. Develop a simple calculator using Swings.
	PART B – Practical Based Learning
01	A problem statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.
<u>()</u>	
At the end	utcome (Course Skill Set) I of the course the student will be able to:
CO 1. U	se Eclipse/NetBeans IDE to design, develop, debug Java Projects.
CO 2. A	nalyze the necessity for Object Oriented Programming paradigm over structured programming nd become familiar with the fundamental concepts in OOP.
0	emonstrate the ability to design and develop java programs, analyze, and interpret object- riented data and document results. pply the concepts of multiprogramming, exception/event handling, abstraction to develop
	obust programs. evelop user friendly applications using File I/O and GUI concepts.
	ent Details (both CIE and SEE)
The weig	ntage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall
	d to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. ent has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	us Internal Evaluation (CIE):
	for the practical course is 50 Marks .
-	up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40 .
• Eac	h experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up.

Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

- 1. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java, Graw Hill, 6th Edition, 2019.
- 2. Herbert Schildt, C: Java the Complete Reference, McGraw Hill, 11th Edition, 2020

MASTERING OFFICE (Practical based)			
Course Code	21CSL381	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02
Course Objectives			

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Understand the basics of computers and prepare documents and small presentations.

CLO 2. Attain the knowledge about spreadsheet/worksheet with various options.

CLO 3. Create simple presentations using templates various options available.

CLO 4. Demonstrate the ability to apply application software in an office environment.

CLO 5. Use MS Office to create projects, applications.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

MS-Word -Working with Files, Text – Formatting, Moving, copying and pasting text, Styles – Lists – Bulleted and numbered lists, Nested lists, Formatting lists. Table Manipulations. Graphics – Adding clip Art, add an image from a file, editing graphics, Page formatting - Header and footers, page numbers, Protect the Document, Mail Merge, Macros – Creating & Saving web pages, Hyperlinks.

Textbook 1: Chapter 2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning
Module-2	

MS-Excel- Modifying a Worksheet – Moving through cells, adding worksheets, rows and columns, Resizing rows and columns, selecting cells, Moving and copying cells, freezing panes - Macros – recording and running. Linking worksheets - Sorting and Filling, Alternating text and numbers with Auto fill, Auto filling functions. Graphics – Adding clip art, add an image from a file, Charts – Using chart Wizard, Copy a chart to Microsoft Word.

Textbook 1: Chapter 3

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,	
Module-3		

MS-Power Point -Create a Presentation from a template- Working with Slides – Insert a new slide, applying a design template, changing slide layouts – Resizing a text box, Text box properties, delete a text box - Video and Audio effects, Color Schemes & Backgrounds Adding clip art, adding an image from a file, Save as a web page.

Textbook 1: Chapter 5			
Teaching-Learning Process	Demonstration, presentation preparation for case studies		
<u> </u>	Module-4		
view. Datasheet Records – Addin and columns, finding data in a ta	ase wizard, pages and projects. Creating Tables – Create a Table in design ng, Editing, deleting records, Adding and deleting columns Resizing rows ble & replacing, Print a datasheet. Queries - MS-Access.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Practical based learning.		
	Module-5		
Outlook Data Files	n, Starting Microsoft Outlook, Outlook Today, Different Views In Outlook,		
Textbook 1: Chapter 7			
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes (Course Skil	Chalk and board, MOOC		
At the end of the course the stud CO 1. Know the basics presentations with a CO 2. Create, edit, save an mail merge and gran CO 3. Attain the knowledg CO 4. Demonstrate the ab	ent will be able to: of computers and prepare documents, spreadsheets, make small audio, video and graphs and would be acquainted with internet. nd print documents with list tables, header, footer, graphic, spellchecker,		
Assessment Details (both CIE a	and SEE)		
50%. The minimum passing mar be deemed to have satisfied the The student has to secure not l (SEE).	nternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is k for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
Continuous Internal Evaluatio			
<i>NOTE: List of experiments to be</i> CIE marks for the practical cours	e prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above se is 50 Marks .		
The split-up of CIE marks for rec	ord/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40 .		
• Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.			
	• Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.		
• Total marks scored by the	students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).		
• Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.			
• Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8 th week			
of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the $14^{ m th}$ week of the semester.			
 In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce. The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. 			
Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book			
 The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks). 			
• The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is			
the total CIE marks scored by the student.			
Semester End Evaluation (SEE):			

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://youtu.be/9VRmgC2GRFE</u>
- 2. <u>https://youtu.be/rJPWi5x0g3I</u>
- 3. <u>https://youtu.be/tcj2BhhCMN4</u>
- 4. <u>https://youtu.be/ubmwp8kbfPc</u>
- 5. <u>https://youtu.be/i6eNvfQ8fTw</u>
- 6. <u>http://office.microsoft.com/en-us/training/CR010047968.aspx</u>
- 7. <u>https://gsuite.google.com/leaming-center</u>
- 8. <u>http://spoken-tutorial.org</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Windows Framework.

PROGRAMMING IN C++			
Course Code	21CS382	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01

Course Objectives:

- CLO 1. Understanding about object oriented programming and Gain knowledge about the capability to store information together in an object.
- CLO 2. Understand the capability of a class to rely upon another class and functions.
- CLO 3. Understand about constructors which are special type of functions.
- CLO 4. Create and process data in files using file I/O functions
- CLO 5. Use the generic programming features of C++ including Exception handling.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming: Computer programming background- C++ overview-First C++ Program -Basic C++ syntax, Object Oriented Programming: What is an object, Classes, methods and messages, abstraction and encapsulation, inheritance, abstract classes, polymorphism.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.8)

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning	
	Module-2	
Functions in C++: Tokens – Keywords – Identifiers and constants – Operators in C++ – Scope resolution operator – Expressions and their types – Special assignment expressions – Function prototyping – Call by reference – Return by reference – Inline functions -Default arguments – Function overloading.		
Textbook 2: Chapter 3(3.2,3.3,3.4,3.13,3.14,3.19, 3.20) , chapter 4(4.3,4.4,4.5,4.6,4.7,4.9) .		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,	
	problem solving	
Module-3		
Inheritance & Polymorphism: Derived class Constructors, destructors-Types of Inheritance- Defining		
Derived classes, Single Inheritance, Multiple, Hierarchical Inheritance, Hybrid Inheritance.		
Textbook 2: Chapter 6 (6.2,6.11) chapter 8 (8.1 to,8.8)		

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving	
	Module-4	
I/O Streams: C++ Class Hierarchy- File Stream-Text File Handling- Binary File Handling during file		
operations.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 12(12.5) , Ch	apter 13 (13.6,13.7)	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's	
	Module-5	
Exception Handling: Introduction	to Exception - Benefits of Exception handling- Try and catch block-	
Throw statement- Pre-defined except	ptions in C++ .	
-		
Textbook 2: Chapter 13 (13.2 to13	3.6)	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC	
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se	t):	
At the end of the course the student	will be able to:	
	design the solution to a problem using object-oriented programming	
concepts.		
Overloading.	e with extensible Class types, User-defined operators and function	
8	y and extensibility by means of Inheritance and Polymorphism	
	e Performance analysis of I/O Streams.	
	of C++ including templates, exceptions and file handling for	
providing programmed	solutions to complex problems.	
Assessment Details (both CIE and	SEE)	
The weightage of Continuous Intern	al Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.	
The minimum passing mark for the	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be	
deemed to have satisfied the acade	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/	
course if the student secures not le	ss than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination	
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	Examination) taken together	
Continuous Internal Evaluation:		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)	
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} we	eek of the semester	
2. Second test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester		
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester		
Two assignments each of 10 Marks		
4. First assignment at the end	of 4 th week of the semester	
5. Second assignment at the er	nd of 9 th week of the semester	
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any	y one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $$ for ${f 20}$	
Marks (duration 01 hours)		
6. At the end of the 13 th week	of the semester	
The sum of three tests, two assignme	ents, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks	
and will be scaled down to 50 marks		
	on of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the	
	f CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).	
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy		
as per the outcome defined for the course.		
Semester End Examination:		
	University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question	
papers for the subject (duration 01	-	
	ns of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The	
time allotted for SEE is 01 hours		

Textbooks

- 1. Bhushan Trivedi, "Programming with ANSI C++", Oxford Press, Second Edition, 2012.
- 2. Balagurusamy E, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt.Ltd , Fourth Edition 2010.

Reference Books

- 1. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004.
- 2. Ray Lischner, "Exploring C++ : The programmer's introduction to C++", apress, 2010
- 3. Bhave , " Object Oriented Programming With C++", Pearson Education , 2004

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Basics of C++ <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BClS40yzssA</u>
- 2. Functions of C++ <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=p8ehAjZWjPw</u>

Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>https://www.w3schools.com/cpp/cpp_intro.asp</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-c-3</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

IV Semester

МАТНЕМАТ	ICAL FOUNDAT	IONS FOR COMPUTING	
Course Code:	21CS41	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Understand an intense foundar mathematics. CLO 2. Interpret, identify, and solve to functions, modular arithmetic CLO 3. To develop probability distribu- probability distribution occur engineering. Teaching-Learning Process (General These are sample Strategies, which tea outcomes.	the language assoc c. oution of discrete a rs in digital signal p al Instructions)	iated with logical structure nd continuous random var processing, design engineer	, sets, relations and iables. Joint ring and microwave
 Lecturer method (L) does not teaching methods may be add Show Video/animation films Encourage collaborative (Gro Ask at least three HOT (Higher thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learnin skills such as the ability to eva it. Topics will be introduced in a Show the different ways to so their own creative ways to so Discuss how every concept can be app the students' understanding. 	opted to develop th to explain function up Learning) Learn er order Thinking) ng (PBL), which fos aluate, generalize, a multiple represen live the same probl live them.	e outcomes. ing of various concepts. ning in the class. questions in the class, whic sters students' Analytical sl and analyze information ra tation. em and encourage the stuc	ch promotes critical kills, develop thinking ther than simply recall lents to come up with
the students understanding.	Module	_1	
Fundamentals of Logic: Basic Connec Logical Implication – Rules of Inference Definitions, and the Proofs of Theorem Self-study: Problems on Logical equir	ctives and Truth Ta ce. Fundamentals o ns. valence.	ables, Logical Equivalence - f Logic contd.: The Use of Q	-
Teaching-Learning Process		roblem based learning	
	Module		
Relations and Functions: Cartesian Functions. Function Composition, and Relations: Properties of Relations, O	Inverse Functions		
Partial Orders – Hasse Diagrams, Equi Introduction to Graph Theory: E Isomorphism, Vertex Degree, Euler Tr	valence Relations	and Partitions.	-
Self-study: The Pigeon-hole Principle	, problems and its		
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and Board, Problem based learning			
	Module		
Statistical Methods: Correlation an correlation-problems. Regression ana			correlation and rank

Curve Fitting: Curve fitting by the method of least squares- fitting the curves of the formy = ax + b, $y = ax^b$ and $y = ax^2 + bx + c$

Self-study: Angle between two regression lines, problems. Fitting of the curve y = a b^x

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning
Module-4	

Probability Distributions: Review of basic probability theory. Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass and density functions. Mathematical expectation, mean and variance. Binomial, Poisson and normal distributions- problems (derivations for mean and standard deviation for Binomial and Poisson distributions only)- Illustrative examples.

Self-study: exponential distribution.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning		
Module-5			

Joint probability distribution: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation, covariance and correlation.

Sampling Theory: Introduction to sampling distributions, standard error, Type-I and Type-II errors. Test of hypothesis for means, student's t-distribution, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit.

Self-Study: Point estimation and interval estimation.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and Board, Problem based learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Apply the concepts of logic for effective computation and relating problems in the Engineering domain.
- CO 2. Analyze the concepts of functions and relations to various fields of Engineering. Comprehend the concepts of Graph Theory for various applications of Computational sciences.
- CO 3. Apply discrete and continuous probability distributions in analysing the probability models arising in the engineering field.
- CO 4. Make use of the correlation and regression analysis to fit a suitable mathematical model for the statistical data.
- CO 5. Construct joint probability distributions and demonstrate the validity of testing the hypothesis.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20

Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Ralph P. Grimaldi and B V Ramana, Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics- An Applied Introduction, Pearson Education, Asia, Fifth edition 2007. ISBN 978-81-7758-424-0.
- 2. Higher Engineering Mathematics B. S. Grewal Khanna Publishers 44th Edition, 2017

Reference Books:

- 1. Kenneth H. Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, Tata McGraw Hill, Sixth Edition, Sixth reprint 2008. ISBN-(13):978-0-07-064824-1.
- 2. C. L. Liu and D P Mohapatra, Elementary Discrete Mathematics, Tata- McGraw Hill, Sixth Edition, ISBN:10:0-07-066913-9.
- 3. J.P. Tremblay and R. Manohar, Discrete Mathematical Structures with Applications to Computer Science, Tata McGraw Hill, 35TH reprint 2008. ISBN 13:978-0-07-463113-3.
- Advanced Engineering Mathematics C. Ray Wylie, Louis C.Barrett McGraw-Hill 6th Edition 1995
 Higher Engineering Mathematics B. V. Ramana McGraw-Hill 11th Edition, 2010
- 6. A Text-Book of Engineering Mathematics D. P. Bali and Manish Goyal Laxmi Publications 2014
- 7. Advanced Engineering Mathematics Chandrika Prasad and Reena Garg Khanna Publishing, 2018

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9AUCdsmBGmA&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=10
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oU60TuGHxe0&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=11
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_BIKq9Xo_5A&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=13
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RMLR2JHHeWo&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=14
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nf9e0_ylGdc&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=15
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7cTWea9YAJE&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=24
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=695iAm935cY&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=25
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZECJHfsf4Vs&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=26
- 9. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dsi7x-A89Mw&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=28
- 10. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xlUFkMKSB3Y&list=PL0862D1A947252D20
- 11. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0uTE24o3q-o&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=2
- 12. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DmCltf8ypks&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=3
- 13. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jNeISigUCo0&list=PL0862D1A947252D20&index=4
- 14. http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- 15. http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- 16. http://academicearth.org/
- 17. VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME 20

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

IV Semester

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS				
Course Code	21CS42	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100	
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03	

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. Explain the methods of analysing the algorithms and to analyze performance of algorithms.

CLO 2. State algorithm's efficiencies using asymptotic notations.

CLO 3. Solve problems using algorithm design methods such as the brute force method, greedy method, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking and branch and bound.

CLO 4. Choose the appropriate data structure and algorithm design method for a specified application. CLO 5. Introduce P and NP classes.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction: What is an Algorithm? It's Properties. Algorithm Specification-using natural language, using Pseudo code convention, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem solving, Analysis Framework-Time efficiency and space efficiency, Worst-case, Best-case and Average case efficiency.

Performance Analysis: Estimating Space complexity and Time complexity of algorithms.

Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (\square) with examples, Basic efficiency classes, Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and Recursive Algorithms with Examples.

Brute force design technique: Selection sort, sequential search, string matching algorithm with complexity Analysis.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)

Textbook 2: Chapter 1(section 1.1,1.2,1.3)

Laboratory Component:

 Sort a given set of n integer elements using Selection Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the brute force method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Problem based Learning.	
	2. Chalk & board, Active Learning.	
	3. Laboratory Demonstration.	
Module-2		

Divide and Conquer: General method, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, solving it using Master's theorem. , Divide and Conquer algorithms and complexity Analysis of Finding the maximum & minimum, Binary search, Merge sort, Quick sort.

Decrease and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Insertion sort, Graph searching algorithms, Topological Sorting. It's efficiency analysis.

Textbook 2: Chapter 3(Sections 3.1,3.3,3.4,3.5,3.6)

Textbook 1: Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1,4.2,4.3), Chapter 5 (Section 5.1,5.2,5.3)

Laboratory Component:

1. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort method and compute its time

complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

2. Sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read from a file or can be generated using the random number generator. Demonstrate using C++/Java how the divide-and-conquer method works along with its time complexity analysis: worst case, average case and best case.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
	2.	Learning. Laboratory Demonstration.

Module-3

Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, solving Job sequencing with deadlines Problems.

Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm with performance analysis.

Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm.

Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes.

Transform and Conquer Approach: Introduction, Heaps and Heap Sort.

Textbook 2: Chapter 4(Sections 4.1,4.3,4.5)

Textbook 1: Chapter 9(Section 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4), Chapter 6(section 6.4)

Laboratory Component:

Write & Execute C++/Java Program

- 1. To solve Knapsack problem using Greedy method.
- 2. To find shortest paths to other vertices from a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, using Dijkstra's algorithm.
- 3. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm. Use Union-Find algorithms in your program.
- 4. To find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
		Learning.
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.
Module-4		

Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs.

Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm. All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm,

Knapsack problem, Bellman-Ford Algorithm, Travelling Sales Person problem.

Space-Time Tradeoffs: Introduction, Sorting by Counting, Input Enhancement in String Matching-Harspool's algorithm.

Textbook 2: Chapter 5 (Sections 5.1,5.2,5.4,5.9)

Textbook 1: Chapter 8(Sections 8.2,8.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)

Laboratory Component:

Write C++/ Java programs to

- 1. Solve All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's algorithm.
- 2. Solve Travelling Sales Person problem using Dynamic programming.
- 3. Solve 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic Programming method.

Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based	
	Learning.	
	2. Laboratory Demonstration.	
Module-5		

Backtracking: General method, solution using back tracking to N-Queens problem, Sum of subsets problem, Graph coloring, Hamiltonian cycles Problems.

Branch and Bound: Assignment Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem, 0/1 Knapsack problem

NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems: Basic concepts, non- deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes.

Textbook 1: Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1,12.2) Chapter 11(11.3)

Textbook 2: Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2,7.3,7.4,7.5) Chapter 11 (Section 11.1)

Laboratory Component:

Design and implement C++/Java Program to find a subset of a given set S = {Sl, S2,..., Sn} of n positive integers whose SUM is equal to a given positive integer d. For example, if S = {1, 2, 5, 6, 8} and d= 9, there are two solutions {1, 2, 6} and {1, 8}. Display a suitable message, if the given problem instance doesn't have a solution.

2. Design and implement C++/Java Program to find all Hamiltonian Cycles in a connected undirected Graph G of n vertices using backtracking principle.

Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based
		learning.
	2.	Laboratory Demonstration.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyze the performance of the algorithms, state the efficiency using asymptotic notations and analyze mathematically the complexity of the algorithm.
- CO 2. Apply divide and conquer approaches and decrease and conquer approaches in solving the problems analyze the same
- CO 3. Apply the appropriate algorithmic design technique like greedy method, transform and conquer approaches and compare the efficiency of algorithms to solve the given problem.
- CO 4. Apply and analyze dynamic programming approaches to solve some problems. and improve an algorithm time efficiency by sacrificing space.
- CO 5. Apply and analyze backtracking, branch and bound methods and to describe P, NP and NP-Complete problems.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
- 2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.

Reference Books

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
- 2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS43.html
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/
- 3. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/FEP/ADA.html
- 4. http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
- 5. http://openclassroom.stanford.edu/MainFolder/CoursePage.php?course=IntroToAlgorithms

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Real world problem solving and puzzles using group discussion. E.g., Fake coin identification, Peasant, wolf, goat, cabbage puzzle, Konigsberg bridge puzzle etc.,
- 2. Demonstration of solution to a problem through programming.

IV Semester

MICROCONTROLLER AND EMBEDDED SYSTEMS				
Course Code	21CS43	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100	
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03	
 Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1: Understand the fundamer registers and the CPSR. CLO 2: Use the various instructio CLO 3: Program various embedded CLO 4: Identify various compone applicability. CLO 5: Understand the embedded Teaching-Learning Process (Ge These are sample Strategies, whi outcomes. 1. The lecturer method (L) teaching methods may b 2. Show video/animation f 3. Encourage collaborative 4. Ask at least three HOT (I thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Lesskills such as the ability it. 6. Topics will be introduced 7. Show the different ways 	ntals of ARM-based system ns to program the ARM of ed components using the nts, their purpose, and the d system's real-time oper eneral Instructions) ch teachers can use to acc does not mean only the t e adopted to develop the ilms to explain the function (group learning) learning Higher order Thinking) q earning (PBL), which fost to evaluate, generalize, and d in multiple representat to solve the same proble	ms, including programm controller. embedded C program. eir application to the en rating system and its app celerate the attainment craditional lecture metho outcomes. oning of various concep g in the class. uestions in the class, wh ers students' Analytical nd analyze information in ions.	ing modules with nbedded system's olication in IoT. of the various course od, but different types of ts. ich promotes critical skills, develop thinking rather than simply recall	
their own creative ways				
8. Discuss how every conce	ept can be applied to the	real world, and when the	at's possible, it helps	
improve the students' ur	nderstanding.			
	Module-1			
Microprocessors versus Microcon ARM Design Philosophy, Embedd ARM Processor Fundamentals: Interrupts, and the Vector Table, Textbook 1: Chapter 1 - 1.1 to 2	led System Hardware, En Registers, Current Progr Core Extensions	nbedded System Softwa ram Status Register, Pipe	re.	
Laboratory Component:				
1. Using Keil software, obs	erve the various registers	s, dump, CPSR, with a sir	nple ALP programme.	
Teaching-Learning Process	9	of registers, memory ac	1 1 0	
	programme mo	• •		
		umerical, and discussion	n, use chalk and a	
	-	well as a PowerPoint pr		
	Module-2	-		
Introduction to the ARM Instru			Instructions Software	
Interrupt Instructions, Program S		-		
meri upi mon actions, ri ogi dilla	natus negister filstructio	113, GOPTOLESSOF HISH UL	dons, hoading constallt	
C Compilers and Optimization :E	asic C Data Types, C Loo	ping Structures, Register	Allocation, Function	

Calls, Pointer Aliasing,

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: Sections 3.1 to 3.6 (Excluding 3.5.2), Chapter 5

Laboratory Component:

- 2. Write a program to find the sum of the first 10 integer numbers.
- 3. Write a program to find the factorial of a number.
- 4. Write a program to add an array of 16 bit numbers and store the 32 bit result in internal RAM.
- 5. Write a program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using a look-up table.
- 6. Write a program to find the largest or smallest number in an array of 32 numbers.

Teaching-Learning Process 1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software. 2. Laboratory Demonstration Module-3 C Compilers and Optimization :Structure Arrangement, Bit-fields, Unaligned Data and Endianness, Division, Floating Point, Inline Functions and Inline Assembly, Portability Issues. ARM programming using Assembly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6 Laboratory Component: 1. Write a program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order. 2. Write a program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations. 3. Display "Hello World" message using Internal UART. Teaching-Learning Process 1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software. 2. Chalk and Board for numerical Module-4 Embedded System Components: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems.				
Module-3 C Compilers and Optimization :Structure Arrangement, Bit-fields, Unaligned Data and Endianness, Division, Floating Point, Inline Functions and Inline Assembly, Portability Issues. ARM programming using Assembly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6 Laboratory Component: 1. Write a program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order. 2. Write a program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations. 3. Display "Hello World" message using Internal UART. Teaching-Learning Process 1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software. 2. Chalk and Board for numerical Module-4 Embedded System Components: Embedded Systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems.				
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Division, Floating Point, Inline Functions and Inline Assembly, Portability Issues. ARM programming using Assembly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6 Laboratory Component:				
ARM programming using Assembly language: Writing Assembly code, Profiling and cycle counting, instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6 Laboratory Component: 1. Write a program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order. 2. Write a program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations. 3. Display "Hello World" message using Internal UART. Teaching-Learning Process 1. 1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software. 2. Chalk and Board for numerical Module-4 Embedded System Components: Embedded vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems.				
instruction scheduling, Register Allocation, Conditional Execution, Looping Constructs Textbook 1: Chapter-5,6 Laboratory Component: 1. Write a program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order. 2. Write a program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations. 3. Display "Hello World" message using Internal UART. Teaching-Learning Process 1. Demonstration of sample code using Keil software. 2. Chalk and Board for numerical Module-4 Embedded System Components: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems.				
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Module-4 Embedded System Components: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems.				
Embedded System Components: Embedded Vs General computing system, History of embedded systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems.				
systems, Classification of Embedded systems, Major applications areas of embedded systems, purpose of embedded systems.				
embedded systems.				
•				
Core of an Embedded System including all types of processor/controller, Memory, Sensors, Actuators,				
LED, 7 segment LED display, stepper motor, Keyboard, Push button switch, Communication Interface				
(onboard and external types), Embedded firmware, Other system components.				
Textbook 2: Chapter 1 (Sections 1.2 to 1.6), Chapter 2 (Sections 2.1 to 2.6)				
Laboratory Component:				
 Interface and Control a DC Motor. Interface a Stephen meter and retate it in clearly vise and anti-clearly vise direction. 				
 Interface a Stepper motor and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction. Determine Digital output for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ADM controllar 				
3. Determine Digital output for a given Analog input using Internal ADC of ARM controller.				
 Interface a DAC and generate Triangular and Square waveforms. Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD. 				
 Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD. Demonstrate the use of an external interrupt to toggle an LED On/Off. 				
7. Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between.				
Teaching-Learning Process1.Demonstration of sample code for various embedded				
components using keil.				
 Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion 				
Module-5				
RTOS and IDE for Embedded System Design: Operating System basics, Types of operating systems,				
Task, process and threads (Only POSIX Threads with an example program), Thread preemption,				
Multiprocessing and Multitasking, Task Communication (without any program), Task synchronization				

issues – Racing and Deadlock, Concept of Binary and counting semaphores (Mutex example without any program), How to choose an RTOS, Integration and testing of Embedded hardware and firmware, Embedded system Development Environment – Block diagram (excluding Keil), Disassembler/decompiler, simulator, emulator and debugging techniques, target hardware debugging, boundary scan.

Textbook 2: Chapter-10 (Sections 10.1, 10.2, 10.3, 10.4, 10.7, 10.8.1.1, 10.8.1.2, 10.8.2.2, 10.10 only), Chapter 12, Chapter-13 (block diagram before 13.1, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6 only)

Laboratory Component:

1. Demonstration of IoT applications by using Arduino and Raspberry Pi

	raspberry pi
	2. Significance of real time operating system[RTOS] using
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Chalk and Board for numerical and discussion

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Explain C-Compilers and optimization
- CO 2. Describe the ARM microcontroller's architectural features and program module.
- CO 3. Apply the knowledge gained from programming on ARM to different applications.
- CO 4. Program the basic hardware components and their application selection method.
- CO 5. Demonstrate the need for a real-time operating system for embedded system applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Andrew N Sloss, Dominic Symes and Chris Wright, ARM system developers guide, Elsevier, Morgan Kaufman publishers, 2008.
- 2. Shibu K V, "Introduction to Embedded Systems", Tata McGraw Hill Education, Private Limited, 2nd Edition.

Reference Books

- 1. Raghunandan. G.H, Microcontroller (ARM) and Embedded System, Cengage learning Publication, 2019
- 2. The Insider's Guide to the ARM7 Based Microcontrollers, Hitex Ltd.,1st edition, 2005.
- 3. Steve Furber, ARM System-on-Chip Architecture, Second Edition, Pearson, 2015.
- 4. Raj Kamal, Embedded System, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2008.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

IV Semester

OPERATING SYSTEMS			
Course Code:	21CS44	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS

CLO 2. Apply suitable techniques for management of different resources

CLO 3. Use processor, memory, storage and file system commands

CLO 4. Realize the different concepts of OS in platform of usage through case studies

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. IntroduceTopics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer System organization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.

Operating System Services: User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual machines; Operating System generation; System boot.

Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication

Textbook 1: Chapter - 1,2,3

Teaching-Learning Process	ng-Learning Process Active learning and problem solving			
	1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6f			
	EyqRiVhbXDGLXDk 0QAeuVcp20			
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=a2B69vCtjOU&list=PL3-			
	wYxbt4yCjpcfUDz-TgD ainZ2K3MUZ&index=2			
Module-2				

Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues. Process Scheduling: Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Multiple-processor

scheduling; Thread scheduling.

Process Synchronization: Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization; Monitors.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 4,5

Teaching-Learning Process Active Learning and problem solving				
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HW2Wcx-ktsc</u>			
2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9YRxhlvt9Zo				
Module-3				

Deadlocks: Deadlocks; System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

Memory Management: Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 7,8

Teaching-Learning Process	Active Learning, Problem solving based on deadlock with animation			
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MYgmmJJfdBg</u>			
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Y14b7_T3AEw&list=PL			
	EJxKK7AcSEGPOCFtQTJhOElU44J_JAun&index=30			
Madala A				

Module-4

Virtual Memory Management: Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

File System, Implementation of File System: File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory structure; File system mounting; File sharing; Protection: Implementing File system: File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 9,10,11

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about memory management and File system				
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pJ6qrCB8pDw&list=PLI</u>				
	<u>Y8eNdw5tW-BxRY0yK3fYTYVqytw8qhp</u>				
	2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-orfFhvNBzY				
Module-5					

Secondary Storage Structures, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Swap space management. Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix, Implementation of access matrix, Access control, Revocation of access rights, Capability- Based systems.

Case Study: The Linux Operating System: Linux history; Design principles; Kernel modules; Process management; Scheduling; Memory Management; File systems, Input and output; Inter-process communication.

Textbook 1: Chapter - 2,21

Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning about case studies		
	1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TTBkc5eiju4</u>		
	2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hkvMRGTzCM&list=P</u>		
	LEAYkSg4uSQ2PAch478muxnoeTNz_QeUJ&index=36		
	3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mX1FEur4VCw		
Course Outcomes (Course Skill S	et)		

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Identify the structure of an operating system and its scheduling mechanism.

- CO 2. Demonstrate the allocation of resources for a process using scheduling algorithm.
- CO 3. Identify root causes of deadlock and provide the solution for deadlock elimination
- CO 4. Explore about the storage structures and learn about the Linux Operating system.
- CO 5. Analyze Storage Structures and Implement Customized Case study

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour)**

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 7th edition, Wiley-India, 2006

Reference Books

- 1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
- 2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
- 3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.

4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vBURTt97EkA&list=PLBlnK6fEyqRiVhbXDGLXDk_OQAeuV_cp20</u>
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KAB-

tuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE_f

3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeR-n6mk0</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Role play for process scheduling.
- Present animation for Deadlock.
- Real world examples of memory management concepts

IV Semester

	PYTHON	PROGRAMM	ING LABORATOR	Y	
Course Coo	le	21CSL46	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching H	Iours/Weeks (L: T: P: S)	0: 0: 2: 0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy		24	Total Marks	100	
Credits 01 Exam Hours 03					
	Course Objectives: CLO 1. Demonstrate the use of IDLE or PyCharm IDE to create Python Applications				
CLO 2. Using Python programming language to develop programs for solving real-world problems					
	plement the Object-Oriented			0	
	praise the need for working	0 0	1 V	PDF, Word and Others	
-	emonstrate regular expression				
	hours tutorial is suggested				
		Prerequ			
• Stude	ents should be familiarized ab	out Python ins	tallation and setting	Python environment	
• Usage	e of IDLE or IDE like PyCharm	should be intr	oduced		
	Python Installation: https://	/www.youtube	.com/watch?v=Kn1H	IF3oD19c	
	PyCharm Installation: https:	//www.youtul	pe.com/watch?v=SZU	JNUB6nz3g	
Sl. No.	PART A – List of problems	s for which stu	dent should develo	p program and execute in t	
	Laboratory				
	_	n fundamentals	s, data types, operato	ors, flow control and exception	
	handling in Python				
			best of two test ave	erage marks out of three tes	
	marks accepted from				
		-	-	nber is palindrome or not a	
	also count the number	r of occurrence	s of each digit in the	input number.	
1					
	Datatypes: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCCVsvgR2KU				
	Operators: https://www.y	•	-		
	Flow Control: https://www	•		Hrjw	
	For loop: https://www.yo				
	While loop: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HZARImviDxg				
	Exceptions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6SPDvPK38tw				
	Aim: Demonstrating creat	ion of functions	s, passing parameter	s and return values	
	a) Defined as a function	F as $Fn = Fn-2$	l + Fn-2. Write a Py	thon program which accepts	
	value for N (where N	>0) as input a	nd pass this value to	the function. Display suitab	
	error message if the c	ondition for inj	out value is not follow	ved.	
	b) Develop a python pro	ogram to conv	ert binary to decim	al, octal to hexadecimal usi	
2	functions.				
	Europhiana hatara (Jamana)				
Functions: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BV					
	Arguments: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ijXMGpoMkhQ Return value: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nuNXiEDnM44				
	Keturn value: https://www	w.youtube.com	/watcn?v=nuNXiEDr	1M44	
	Aim: Demonstration of ma	nipulation of s	trings using string m	ethods	
n					
3	a) write a Python program that accepts a sentence and find the number of words, digits,				
	uppercase letters and lowercase letters.				

	b) Write a Python program to find the stri	ng similarity between two given strings		
	Sample Output:	Sample Output:		
	Original string:	Original string:		
	Python Exercises	Python Exercises		
	Python Exercises	Python Exercise		
	Similarity between two said strings:	Similarity between two said strings:		
	1.0	0.967741935483871		
	Strings: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v	=lSItwlnF0eU		
	String functions: https://www.youtube.com			
	Aim: Discuss different collections like list, tu	ple and dictionary		
	a) Write a python program to implement i			
	b) Write a program to convert roman num	bers in to integer values using dictionaries.		
	Lists: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l	2275e6M8tI 4		
4	List methods: https://www.youtube.com/w			
	Tuples: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v			
	Tuple operations: https://www.youtube.com	-		
	Dictionary: https://www.youtube.com/wate			
	Dictionary methods: https://www.youtube.	com/watch?v=oLeNHuORpNY		
	Aim: Demonstration of pattern recognition	vith and without using regular expressions		
	a) Write a function called isphonenumber	() to recognize a pattern 415-555-4242 without		
	using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same pattern using regular expression and also write the code to recognize the same			
	regular expression.	5 1 5		
5	5 b) Develop a python program that could search the text in a file for phone n			
	(+919900889977) and email addresses	(sample@gmail.com)		
	Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.	aom /watch?w=I ngEn7fIU S4		
	Regular expressions: https://www.youtube.	com/ watch?v=EnzrnzinL34		
	Aim: Demonstration of reading, writing and	organizing files.		
	a) Write a python program to accept a file	name from the user and perform the following		
	operations	nume in our user und perform the following		
	1. Display the first N line of the f	ile		
		nce of the word accepted from the user in the		
	file	-		
6	b) Write a python program to create a ZIP	file of a particular folder which contains several		
	files inside it.			
	Files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v	uvh7CxZghU		
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FqcjKe			
	File organization: <u>https://www.youtube.com</u>	n/watch?v=MRuq3SRXses		
7	Aim: Demonstration of the concepts of class	as methods objects and inhoritance		
7	Ann. Demonstration of the concepts of class	es, methous, objects and miller italite		

	 a) By using the concept of inheritance write a python program to find the area of triangle, circle and rectangle. b) Write a python program by creating a class called Employee to store the details of Name, Employee_ID, Department and Salary, and implement a method to update salary of employees belonging to a given department. OOP's concepts: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qiSCMNBIP2g Inheritance: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Cn7AkDb4pIU
	Aim: Demonstration of classes and methods with polymorphism and overriding
8	a) Write a python program to find the whether the given input is palindrome or not (for both string and integer) using the concept of polymorphism and inheritance.
	Overriding: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CcTzTuIsoFk
	Aim: Demonstration of working with excel spreadsheets and web scraping
9	a) Write a python program to download the all XKCD comicsb) Demonstrate python program to read the data from the spreadsheet and write the data in to the spreadsheet
	Web scraping: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ng2o98k983k
	Excel: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nsKNPHJ9iPc
	Aim: Demonstration of working with PDF, word and JSON files
	a) Write a python program to combine select pages from many PDFsb) Write a python program to fetch current weather data from the JSON file
	PDFs: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=q70xzDG6nls
10	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JhQVD7Y1bsA
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FcrW-ESdY-A
	Word files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZU3cSl51jWE
	JSON files: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9N6a-VLBa2I
Python (Fu	ll Course): https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc
	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based
Pedagogy	learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk
A 11	PART B – Practical Based Learning
	statement for each batch is to be generated in consultation with the co-examiner and student slop an algorithm, program and execute the program for the given problem with appropriate
Course Out	
CO 2. Iden CO 3. Disc CO 4. Inte	nonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions. ntify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries. cover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system. erpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.

CO 5. Determine the need for scraping websites and working with PDF, JSON and other file formats.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

- 1. Al Sweigart, **"Automate the Boring Stuff with Python"**,1stEdition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/)
- 2. Reema Thareja **"Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach**" Oxford University Press.
- 3. Allen B. Downey, **"Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist"**, 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

IV Semester

	WEB PROGR (Practical			
Course Code	21CSL481	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100	
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02	
Course Objectives:	01	Examinours	02	
CLO 1. Learn Web tool box and hi	story of web browse	rc		
	-	15.		
CLO 2. Learn HTML, XHTML tags				
CLO 3. Know CSS with dynamic d				
CLO 4. Learn JavaScript with Elen		ript.		
CLO 5. Logically plan and develop	<u> </u>			
Teaching-Learning Process (Gen	eral Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies, which	n teachers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course	
outcomes.				
1. Lecturer method (L) need	not to be only a trad	itional locture method	but alternative offective	
	-		but alternative ellective	
teaching methods could be	-			
2. Use of Video/Animation to		•		
3. Encourage collaborative (-		
4. Ask at least three HOT (Hi	gher order Thinking	questions in the class,	which promotes critical	
thinking.				
5. Adopt Problem Based Lean	rning (PBL), which fo	osters students' Analyti	cal skills, develop design	
thinking skills such as the	ability to design, eva	luate, generalize, and a	nalyze information rather	
than simply recall it.				
 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 				
 Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage 				
the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.				
-	-		uits/logic and encourage	
the students to come up w	rith their own creativ	e ways to solve them.		
the students to come up w8. Discuss how every conception	rith their own creativ t can be applied to th	e ways to solve them.		
the students to come up w	rith their own creativ t can be applied to th lerstanding.	e ways to solve them. he real world - and whe		
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the students to come up w8. Discuss how every concep improve the students' und	rith their own creativ t can be applied to th lerstanding. Module ning: Internet, WWW	e ways to solve them. Ie real world - and whe e- 1	n that's possible, it helps	
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Operations, and expressions; Screen output and keyboard input.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.1 to 4.5)

	j
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

Java Script – II: Control statements, Object creation and Modification; Arrays; Functions; Constructor; Pattern matching using expressions; Errors, Element access in JavaScript.

Textbook 1: Chapter 4(4.6 to 4.14)

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the fundamentals of web and concept of HTML.
- CO 2. Use the concepts of HTML, XHTML to construct the web pages.
- CO 3. Interpret CSS for dynamic documents.
- CO 4. Evaluate different concepts of JavaScript & Construct dynamic documents.
- CO 5. Design a small project with JavaScript and XHTML.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Robert W Sebesta, "Programming the World Wide Web", 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.

Reference Books

- 1. M.Deitel, P.J.Deitel, A.B.Goldberg, "Internet & World Wide Web How to program", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2004.
- 2. Chris Bates, "Web Programming Building Internet Applications", 3rd Edition, Wiley India, 2006.
- 3. Xue Bai et al, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Programming", Thomson, 2003.
- 4. Sklar, "The Web Warrior Guide to Web Design Technologies", 1st Edition, Cengage Learning India

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Fundamentals of WEB Programming: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DR9dr6gxhDM</u>
- 2. HTML and XHTML: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A1XlIDDXgwg</u>
- 3. CSS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J35jug1uHzE</u>
- 4. Java Script and HTML Documents: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gd0RBdFRvF0</u>
- 5. Dynamic Documents with JavaScript: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HTFSIJALNKc</u>

Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>http://www.tutorialspoint.com</u>
- 2. http://www.w3schools.com
- Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning
 - Demonstration of simple projects

IV Semester

UNIX SHELL PROGRAMMING					
Course Code 21CS482 CIE Marks 50					
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	12	Total Marks	100		
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01		

Course Objectives:

CLO 1. To help the students to understand effective use of Unix concepts, commands and terminology.

CLO 2. Identify, access, and evaluate UNIX file system.

CLO 3. Understand UNIX command syntax and semantics.

CLO 4. Ability to read and understand specifications, scripts and programs.

CLO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX Process.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction of UNIX - Introduction, History, Architecture, Experience the Unix environment, Basic commands ls, cat, cal, date, calendar, who, printf, tty, sty, uname, passwd, echo, tput, and bc.

Textbook 1: Chapter 1(1.1 to 1.4), Chapter 2-2.1

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning	
	Module-2	
UNIX File System- The file, what's in a filename? The parent-child relationship, pwd, the Home directory, absolute pathnames, using absolute pathnames for a command, cd, mkdir, rmdir, Relative pathnames, The UNIX file system.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 4		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration, presentation,	
	problem solving	
	Module-3	
Basic File Attributes - Is – l, the –d option, File Permissions, chmod, Security and File Permission, users and groups, security level, changing permission, user masks, changing ownership and group, File Attributes, More file attributes: hard link, symbolic link, umask, find.		
Textbook 1: Chapter 6		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, problem solving	
Module-4		
Introduction to the Shell Scripting - Introduction to Shell Scripting, Shell Scripts, read, Command Line		

Arguments, Exit Status of a Command, The Logical Operators && and ||, exit, if, and case conditions, expr, sleep and wait, while, until, for, \$, @, redirection. The here document, set, trap, Sample Validation and Data Entry Scripts.

Textbook 1: Chapter 11,12,14

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's

Module-5

Introduction to UNIX System process: Mechanism of process creation. Parent and child process. The ps command with its options. Executing a command at a specified point of time: at command. Executing a command periodically: cron command and the crontab file.. Signals.

Textbook 1: Chapter 9,19

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Know the basics of Unix concepts and commands.
- CO 2. Evaluate the UNIX file system.
- CO 3. Apply Changes in file system.
- CO 4. Understand scripts and programs.
- CO 5. Analyze Facility with UNIX system process

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Textbooks

1. Unix Concepts & Applications 4rth Edition, Sumitabha Das, Tata McGraw Hill

References:

- 2. Unix Shell Programming, Yashwant Kanetkar
- 3. Introduction to UNIX by M G Venkatesh Murthy.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffYUfAqEamY</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q05NZiYFcD0</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8GdT53KDIyY</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&v=3Pga3y7rCgo</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Real world problem solving using group discussion.
- Real world examples of Linux operating system Utilizations.

IV Semester

	R PROGRA		
	(Practical		
Course Code	21CSL483	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:1:1:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<u>12T + 12P</u>	Total Marks	100
Credits Course Objectives:	01	Exam Hours	02
CLO 1. Explore and understand ho CLO 2. To learn and practice progr			
CLO 2. To learn and practice progr CLO 3. Read Structured Data into F			
CLO 4. Understand the different da			
CLO 5. To develop small applicatio			
Teaching-Learning Process (Gene		8	
These are sample Strategies, which outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) need r	not to be only a trad	itional lecture method,	
teaching methods could be	-		
2. Use of Video/Animation to		-	
3. Encourage collaborative (G	· · · ·	0	
 Ask at least three HOT (Hig thinking. 	her order Thinking) questions in the class,	, which promotes critical
5. Adopt Problem Based Learn			
thinking skills such as the a than simply recall it.	bility to design, eva	iluate, generanze, and a	maryze mior mation rather
6. Introduce Topics in manifo	-		
7. Show the different ways to			cuits/logic and encourage
the students to come up with		•	
8. Discuss how every concept		he real world - and whe	en that's possible, it helps
improve the students' unde	-		
	Modul		
Numeric, Arithmetic, Assignmen Vectors, Expressions and assignmer	nts Logical expression		metic, Variables, Function
Textbook 1: Chapter 2(2.1 to 2.7) Teaching-Learning Process	Challs and baard	Active Learning, practi	al hazad laaming
Teaching-Learning Process		0.1	
	Modul		
Matrices and Arrays: Defining a			conditions and Looping:
statements, looping with for, loopin	g with while, vecto	r based programming.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 2- 2.8, chapt			
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, Demo	onstration, presentation,
	problem solving		
	Modul	e-3	
Lists and Data Frames: Data Frame	es, Lists, Special va	lues, The apply facmily.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4			
Textbook 1: Chapter 6- 6.2 to 6.4 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	, Demonstration, probl	em solving
	Chalk and board Modul	-	em solving
	Modul	e-4	

Textbook 1: Chapter 5- 5.1 to 5.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Practical based learning, practical's
	Module-5
Pointers: packages, frames, de buggi	ng, manipulation of code, compilation of the code.
Textbook 1: Chapter 8- 8.1 to 8.8	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se	
At the end of the course the student	will be able to: lamental syntax of R through readings, practice exercises,
CO 2. To demonstrations, and	
CO 3. To apply critical progra	mming language concepts such as data types, iteration,
and through examples	structures, functions, and Boolean operators by writing R programs
• •	ata formats into R using R-Studio
	for in preparation for analyze.
Assessment Details (both CIE and	
	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is
	or the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall
	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
(SEE).	
Continuous Internal Evaluation (C	CIE):
	epared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above
CIE marks for the practical course is	
	/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40 .
-	uated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. he journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by
	e laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning
of the practical session.	
	specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up
will be evaluated for 10 marks	
-	dents are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks). tness and submission of record/write-up on time.
	tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8 th week
_	d test shall be conducted after the 14 th week of the semester.
• In each test, test write-up, con	nduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge
	and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
	esigned to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
Rubrics suggested in Annexur	e-II of Regulation book ed down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).
_	red in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is
the total CIE marks scored by the stu	
Semester End Evaluation (SEE):	
 SEE marks for the practical SEE shall be conducted to 	course is 50 Marks. intly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are
appointed by the University	
All laboratory experiments	are to be included for practical examination.
	s and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script y the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation
rubrics shall be decided join	
Students can pick one ques	stion (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal

/external examiners jointly.

- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks

1. Jones, O., Maillardet. R. and Robinson, A. (2014). Introduction to Scientific Programming and Simulation Using R. Chapman & Hall/CRC, The R Series.

References:

1. Michael J. Crawley, "Statistics: An Introduction using R", Second edition, Wiley, 2015

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. Wickham, H. & Grolemund, G. (2018). for Data Science. O'Reilly: New York. Available for free at http://r4ds.had.co.nz

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

V Semester

OBJECT	ORIENTED MOI	DELLING AND DESIG	N
Course Code	21CD51	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. Describe the concepts involved	ved in Object-Orie	nted modelling and thei	ir benefits.
CLO 2. Demonstrate concept of use	-case model, sequ	ence model and state ch	art model for a given
problem.			
CLO 3. Explain the facets of the unit		-	-
CLO 4. Translate the requirements	-	-	-
CLO 5. Choose an appropriate desig		tate development proce	edure.
Teaching-Learning Process (Gene	ral Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which t	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) needs r			l, but alternative effective
teaching methods could be a	-		
2. Use of Video/Animation to e		-	
3. Encourage collaborative (Gr		-	
4. Ask at least three HOT (High	ier order Thinking	g) questions in the class	, which promotes critical
thinking.			
5. Adopt Problem Based Learn			
thinking skills such as the al	oility to design, eva	aluate, generalize, and a	nalyze information rather
than simply recall it.			
6. Introduce Topics in manifol			
7. Show the different ways to s			proaches and encourage the
students to come up with th		-	
8. Discuss how every concept of		he real world - and whe	en that's possible, it helps
improve the students' under	-		
	Modu		
Advanced object and class concepts			
Multiple inheritance; Metadata; Reif States, Transistions and Conditions, 1			iges. State Modeling: Event
states, mansistions and conditions,	State Diagranis, St	ate ulagi alli bellavibul.	
Text Book-1: 4, 5			
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, Proble	em based learning
	Modu	-	
UseCase Modelling and Detailed definitions; System Processes-A us sequence diagram; Identifying Obje Models.	se case/Scenario	view; Identifying Inpu	it and outputs-The System
Text Book-2:Chapter- 6:Page 210	to 250		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board,	Active Learning, Demo	nstration
	Modu	-	
Process Overview, System Concept			view: Development stage
			orating a concept; preparin

a problem statement. Domain Analysis: Overview of analysis; Domain Class model: Domain state model; Domain interaction model; Iterating the analysis.

Text Book-1:Chapter- 10,11,and 12

Text Book-1:Chapter- 10,11,and	12	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
	Module-4	
between Requirements and Imp Interaction Diagrams-Realizing U	Discipline within up iterations: Object Oriented Design-The Bridge elementation; Design Classes and Design within Class Diagrams; Jse Case and defining methods; Designing with Communication ass Diagram; Package Diagrams-Structuring the Major Components; ayer Design.	
Text Book-2: Chapter 8: page 292	2 to 346	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning	
	Module-5	
design patterns, Organizing the ca		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC	
Course Outcomes		
At the end of the course the stude	ent will be able to:	
CO 1. Describe the concepts of ol	bject-oriented and basic class modelling.	
CO 2. Draw class diagrams, sequ	ence diagrams and interaction diagrams to solve problems.	
CO 3. Choose and apply a befittir	ng design pattern for the given problem	
CO 4. Translate the requirement	s into implementation for Object Oriented design	
CO 5. Choose an appropriate des	ign pattern to facilitate development procedure	
Assessment Details (both CIE and	I CEE)	
The weightage of Continuous Inter The minimum passing mark for the deemed to have satisfied the acad course if the student secures not l	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination 0 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal	
Continuous Internal Evaluation:		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks	(duration 01 hour)	
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} v	veek of the semester	
2. Second test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester		
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester		
Two assignments each of 10 Marks		
1. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester		
2. Second assignment at the e	end of 9 th week of the semester	
_	ny one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$	
Marks (duration 01 hours)		
1. At the end of the 13^{th} week	s of the semester	
The sum of three tests, two assignm	nents, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks	

and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2005
- 2. Satzinger, Jackson and Burd: Object-Oriented Analysis & Design with the Unified Process, Cengage Learning, 2005.
- 3. Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson and john Vlissides: Design Patterns –Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software, Pearson Education, 2007.

Reference:

- 1. Grady Booch et. al.: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications,3rd Edition,Pearson Education,2007.
- 2. 2.Frank Buschmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert, Peter Sommerlad, Michel Stal: Pattern Oriented Software Architecture. A system of patterns , Volume 1, John Wiley and Sons.2007.
- 3. 3. Booch, Jacobson, Rambaugh : Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3rd edition, pearson, Reprint 2013

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Group Activities, quizzes, Puzzles and presentations

V Semester

		COMPUTER NE	ГWORKS	
Course	Code:	21CS52	CIE Marks	50
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
	ours of Pedagogy	40T + 20P	Total Marks	100
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1. CLO 2. CLO 3. CLO 4. Teachi		rfaces cal components and <u>ind remedies in the r</u> cal Instructions) eachers can use to ac ot to be only traditio dopted to attain the xplain functioning o oup Learning) Learn er order Thinking) c ing (PBL), which fos	protocols networks. ccelerate the attainment of nal lecture method, but al outcomes. f various concepts. ing in the class. juestions in the class, whi ters students' Analytical s	Iternative effective ich promotes critical skills, develop design
6. 7. 8.	than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold Show the different ways to s their own creative ways to s Discuss how every concept of improve the students' under	olve the same proble olve them. an be applied to the	-	-
	improve the students under	Module-	1	
Introd	uction to networks: Network			dels,
Textbo	al Layer: Guided transmission ook 1: Ch.1.2 to 1.4, Ch.2.2 to atory Component: Implement Three nodes poi topologies. 1Set the queue s various iterations.	2.3 nt – to – point netwo	ork with duplex links bet	
Teachi	ng-Learning Process		oblem based learning, De	emonstration
		Module-		
protoco The me	ata link layer: Design issu ols, Sliding window protocols. edium access control sublay	rer: The channel allo		-
	ook 1: Ch.3.1 to 3.4, Ch.4.1 an atory Component:	iu 4.2		
1. 2.	Implement simple ESS an determine the throughput w Write a program for error de	ith respect to transm	nission of packets	AN by simulation and

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
	Module-3		
The Network Layer: Network Layer Design Issues, Routing Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms, QoS.			
Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.4			
Laboratory Component:			
nodes and find the number	f ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 of packets dropped due to congestion in the network. e shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
	Module-4		
The Transport Layer: The Transp internet transport protocols.	oort Service, Elements of transport protocols, Congestion control, The		
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.4 and 6.5.	1 to 6.5.7		
Laboratory Component:			
	AN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion		
window for different sourc	e / destination. stion control using leaky bucket algorithm.		
2. Write a program for conges	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
	Module-5		
Application Laver: Principles of	Network Applications, The Web and HTTP, Electronic Mail in the		
Internet, DNS—The Internet's Direc			
Textbook 2: Ch 2.1 to 2.4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se			
At the end of the course the student			
CO 1. Learn the basic needs of co CO 2. Interpret the communication			
	ommunication system network components		
CO 4. Design communication net			
Assessment Details (both CIE and	SEE)		
0 0	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.		
The minimum passing mark for th	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be		
deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/			
course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination			
) marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal		
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together			
Continuous Internal Evaluation:			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks	· · ·		
1. First test at the end of 5 th w			
	e 10 th week of the semester		
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester			
Two assignments each of 10 Marks 4. First assignment at the end	of 4 th week of the semester		
_	nd of 9 th week of the semester		
Practical Sessions need to be assess to 20 marks .	sed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute		
Note: Minimum of 80% of the labora	tory components have to be covered.		

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

- 1. Computer-Networks- Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. Wetherall, Pearson Education, 5th-Edition. (www.pearsonhighered.com/tanenbaum)
- 2. Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach -James F. Kurose and Keith W. RossPearson Education 7th Edition.

Reference Books:

- 1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill,Indian Edition
- 2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105183/L01.html
- 2. http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105081/L25.html
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105081
- 4. VTU e-Shikshana Program

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Simulation of Personal area network, Home area network, achieve QoS etc.

Note: For the Simulation experiments modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude using NS2. Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups, and documented in the report. Non simulation programs can be implemented using Java

V Semester

DATA BASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS				
Course Code	21CS53	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
Course Learning Objectives				
CLO 1. Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.				
CLO 2. Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.				
CLO 3. Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database				
CLO 4. Design and build database applications for real world problems.				

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications.

Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema

architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment.

Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, Examples

Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Module-2	

Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.

Relational Algebra: Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra.

Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.

Textbook 1:, Ch 5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
	Module-3

SQL: SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.

Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database

Application Development: Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop.

Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-4	

Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms.

Normalization Algorithms: Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms

Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	

Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL.

Concurrency Control in Databases: Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking.

Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS
- CO 2. Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation and also demonstrate the basic of query evaluation.
- CO 3. Design and build simple database systems and *relate* the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery in database
- CO 4. Develop application to interact with databases, relational algebra expression.

CO 5. Develop applications using tuple and domain relation expression from queries.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour)**

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Reference Books:

NIL

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of real time Database projects - E-commerce Platform, Inventory Management, Railway System, College Data Management, Library Data Management, Solution for Saving Student Records, Hospital Data Management, Blood Donation Management.

V Semester

ARTIFICIAL	INTELLIGENCE	E AND MACHINE LEAF	RNING	
Course Code	21CS54	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. Gain a historical perspectiv CLO 2. Become familiar with basic	principles of AI to	oward problem solving		
CLO 3. Familiarize with the basics Tree, and probability learni CLO 4. Understand the working of	ng			
algorithms Teaching-Learning Process (Gene	eral Instructions			
 These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it 				
helps improve the stud	Modu			
Introduction: What is AI? Foundati				
 Problem-solving: Problem-solving agents, Example problems, Searching for Solutions, Uninformed Search Strategies: Breadth First search, Depth First Search, Textbook 1: Chapter 1- 1.1, 1.2, 1.3 Textbook 1: Chapter 3- 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4.1, 3.4.3 				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	Active Learning. Problem	based learning	
Module-2				
Informed Search Strategies: Greedy best-first search, A*search, Heuristic functions. Introduction to Machine Learning , Understanding Data Textbook 1: Chapter 3 - 3.5, 3.5.1, 3.5.2, 3.6 Textbook 2: Chapter 1 and 2				
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration				
Module-3				
Basics of Learning theory Similarity Based Learning Regression Analysis				

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-4
Decision Tree learning Bayesian Learning	
Textbook 2: Chapter 6 and 8	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
	Module-5
Artificial neural Network Clustering Algorithms	
Textbook 2: Chapter 10 and 1	3
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning.
Course Outcomes Course Skill At the end of the course the stud	·
CO 2. Have a good understan and challenges of machCO 3. Apply the knowledge oCO 4. Model the neuron and I	f searching and reasoning techniques for different applications. ding of machine leaning in relation to other fields and fundamental issues ine learning. f classification algorithms on various dataset and compare results Neural Network, and to analyze ANN learning and its applications. clustering algorithm for different pattern
Assessment Details (both CIE	and SEE)
The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the a course if the student secures n (SEE), and a minimum of 40%	nternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. In the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation	on:
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Ma	rks (duration 01 hour)
2. Second test at the end of	5 th week of the semester of the 10 th week of the semester the 15 th week of the semester arks
5. Second assignment at t Group discussion/Seminar/quiz (duration 01 hours) OR Suita given to the students to submit	end of 4 th week of the semester he end of 9 th week of the semester z any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks ble Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be the same as laboratory work(for example; Implementation of concept cision tree learning algorithm for suitable data set, etc)
6. At the end of the 13 th w The sum of three tests, two assi and will be scaled down to 50	gnments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
	portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2015
- 2. S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021

Reference:

- 1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence, 3rdedition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013
- 2. George F Lugar, Artificial Intelligence Structure and strategies for complex, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2011
- 3. Tom Michel, Machine Learning, McGrawHill Publication.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.kdnuggets.com/2019/11/10-free-must-read-books-ai.html
- 2. https://www.udacity.com/course/knowledge-based-ai-cognitive-systems--ud409
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/
- 4. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-artificial-intelligence</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.tutorialandexample.com/problem-solving-in-artificial-intelligence</u>
- 6. https://techvidvan.com/tutorials/ai-heuristic-search/
- 7. https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/machine-learning/
- 8. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/decision-tree-induction</u>
- 9. <u>https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithms/ml-decision-tree/tutorial/</u>
- 10. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/unsupervised-artificial-neural-networks</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Role play for strategies– DFS & BFS, Outlier detection in Banking and insurance transaction for identifying fraudulent behaviour etc. Uncertainty and reasoning Problem- reliability of sensor used to detect pedestrians using Bayes Rule

V Semester

E	DATABASE MANAGEMEN	T SYSTEM LAB	ORATORY WITH MIN	NI PROJECT	
Course Code		21CSL55	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy		24	Total Marks	100	
Credits		01	Exam Hours	03	
Course Lear	ning Objectives:				
CLO 1. Fou	ndation knowledge in databa	ase concepts, tech	nology and practice to g	room students into	
	-informed database applicat	-			
	ng practice in SQL programm	-	riety of database proble	ms.	
	elop database applications us		• •		
Sl. No.			ing (Max. Exam Marks	50)	
Si Noi		. oqui i ogi unim			
	Design, develop, and implement the specified queries for the following problems using Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Server, or any other DBMS under LINUX/Windows environment. Create Schema and insert at least 5 records for each table. Add appropriate database constraints.				
1	Aim: Demonstrating creation	of tables, applying	the view concepts on the	e tables.	
			,		
	ProgramConsider the followi				
	BOOK(Book_id, Title, Publi		Year)		
	BOOK_AUTHORS(Book_id,				
	PUBLISHER(Name, Address BOOK_COPIES(Book_id, Pro		of Coniec)		
	BOOK_COPIES(BOOK_Id, PIC BOOK_LENDING(Book_id, P			ate)	
	LIBRARY_PROGRAMME(Pro				
	Write SQL queries to		, , , , , , , , , ,)	
	1. Retrieve details of all	books in the librar	y – id, title, name of publi	sher, authors, number of	
	copies in each Programme, e				
		borrowers who ha	ve borrowed more than 3	books, but	
	from Jan 2017 to Jun 2017. 3. Delete a book in BOOK table. Update the contents of other tables to reflect this				
			contents of other tables t	o renect this	
	data manipulation operation. 4. Partition the BOOK table based on year of publication. Demonstrate its working with a simple query.				
	5. Create a view of all bo	oks and its numbe	r of copies that are curre	ntly available in	
	the Library. Reference:				
	https://www.youtube.com/v	watch?w=AaSU_AO	nile		
	https://www.youtube.com/v				
2	Aim: Discuss the various con				
		*			
	Program: Consider the follow				
	SALESMAN(Salesman_id, Na				
	CUSTOMER(Customer_id, C			. 1)	
	ORDERS(Ord_No, Purchase_Amt, Ord_Date, Customer_id, Salesman_id)				
	Write SQL queries to Count the customers with gra	dec abovo Dangal	are's average		
	2. Find the name and num			customer	
	3. List all the salesman and				
	(Use UNION operation.)				
	4. Create a view that finds	the salesman who	has the customer with th	e highest order of a day.	
	5. Demonstrate the DELET	'E operation by rei	noving salesman with id	1000. All his orders must	
	also be deleted.				
	Reference:				
	https://www.youtube.com	<u>1/watch?v=AA-KL</u>	<u>LIDMEY</u>		

	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7S_tz1z_5bA			
3	Aim: Demonstrate the concepts of JOIN operations.			
5				
	Program: Consider the schema for Movie Database:			
	ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender)			
	DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone)			
	MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id) MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role) BATING(Mov_id_Boy_Stars)			
	RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars)			
	Write SQL queries to			
	1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'.			
	2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies.			
	3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015(use JOIN			
	operation).			
	4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find			
	the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by			
	movie title.			
	5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5.			
	Reference:			
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hSiCUNVKJAo			
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eod3aQkFz84			
4	Aim: Introduce concepts of PLSQL and usage on the table.			
	Program: Consider the schema for College Database:			
	STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender)			
	SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec)			
	CLASS(USN, SSID)			
	COURSE(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits)			
	IAMARKS(USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA)			
	Write SQL queries to			
	1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester 'C' section.			
	2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each			
	section.			
	3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN '1BI15CS101' in all Courses.			
	4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table			
	for all students.			
	5. Categorize students based on the following criterion:			
	If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = 'Outstanding'			
	If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = 'Average'			
	If FinalIA< 12 then CAT = 'Weak'			
	Give these details only for 8th semester A, B, and C section students.			
	מוער מוכשר ערנמווש טוווץ וטו טווו שרוורשונרו ה, ש, מווע ל שרנוטוו שנוערוונש.			
	Reference:			
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=horURQewW9c			
-	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P7-wKbKrAhk			
5	Aim: Demonstrate the core concepts on table like nested and correlated nesting queries and also			
	EXISTS and NOT EXISTS keywords.			
	Program: Consider the schema for Company Database:			
	EMPLOYEE(SSN, Name, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNo)			
	DEPARTMENT(DNo, DName, MgrSSN, MgrStartDate)			
	DLOCATION(DNo,DLoc)			
	PROJECT(PNo, PName, PLocation, DNo)			
	WORKS_ON(SSN, PNo, Hours)			
	Write SQL queries to			
	Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott'			
	either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.			

	Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent				
	raise.				
	Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the				
	maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department				
	Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by departmen number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).				
	For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and				
	the number of its employees who are making more than Rs.6,00,000.				
	Reference:				
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dk8f3ejqKts				
Pedagogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problembased learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk &Talk				
PART B					
	Mini project: For any problem selected, make sure that the application should have five or more				
	tables. Indicative areas include: Organization, health care, Ecommerce etc.				
Course Out	comes:				
At the end of the course the student will be able to:					
CO 1. Create, Update and query on the database.					
CO 2. Demonstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS					

CO 3. Implement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.

Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).

Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.

Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.

In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.

The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with an equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B, the project group (Maximum of 4 students per batch) should demonstrate the mini-project.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 60% and for PART B is 40%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Textbooks:

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Suggested Weblinks/ E Resource

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/sql/index.htm

V Semester

ANGULAR JS AND NODE JS (Practical based)				
Course Code:	21CSL581	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week Total No. of Hours	0:1:1:0 12T + 12P	SEE Marks Total Marks	50 100	
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02	
Course Objectives: The stude		Exam Hours	02	
-				
CLO 1. To learn the basics of	-			
CLO 2. To understand the An	-			
CLO 3. To implement Forms,	-			
CLO 4. To implement Directiv	ves and Databases			
CLO 5. To understand basics	of Node JS.			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, w outcomes.	hich teachers can use	to accelerate the attainmen	nt of the various course	
	eed not to be only a tra	aditional lecture method, b	ut alternative effective	
teaching methods cou				
-	-	ng of various concepts.		
,	•	0		
3. Encourage collaborati		-		
 Ask at least three HOT thinking. 	(Higher order Thinkin	ng) questions in the class, v	which promotes critical	
	Learning (PBL), which	fosters students' Analytica	al skills, develop design	
-		valuate, generalize, and an		
than simply recall it.	the ability to design, e	valuate, generalize, and an		
6. Introduce Topics in m				
		roblem with different logic	and encourage the	
students to come up w		•		
8. Discuss how every con	ncept can be applied to	the real world - and when	that's possible, it helps	
improve the students'	understanding.			
	Mod	ule-1		
Introduction To Angular JS : Directives and Controllers.	Introduction – Featur	es – Angular JSModel-View	-Controller – Expression -	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	Active Learning, practical b	ased learning	
0 0	chaix and board,	letive Letining, proceeding		
Module-2				
Angular JS Modules: Arrays - Handling with Forms – Nested			– Form Validation – Error	
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, practical b	ased learning	
Module-3	<u> </u>	- 4	-	
Directives& Building Databa	ses:			
Part I- Filters - Using Filters	in Controllers and S	ervices – Angular JS Serv	ices – Internal Angular JS	
Services – Custom Angular JS Services				
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, practical b	ased learning	
Module-4				
Directives& Building Databases:				
Part-II- Directives – Alternatives to Custom Directives – Understanding the Basic options – Interacting				
			basic options - interacting	
with Server – HTTP Services –	-		and loom'r -	
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning				
Module-5	Module-5 Introduction to NODE .JS: Introduction –Using the Terminals – Editors –Building a Webserver with			
Introduction to NODE .JS: 1 Node – The HTTPModule – Vie		ne Terminals – Editors –B	uilding a Webserver with	

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the features of Angular JS.
- CO 2. Recognize the form validations and controls.
- CO 3. Implement Directives and Controllers.
- CO 4. Evaluate and create database for simple application.
- CO 5. Plan and build webservers with node using Node .JS.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Adam Freeman ProAngular JS, Apress, First Edition, 2014.
- 2. ShyamSeshadri, Brad Green "AngularJS: Up and Running: Enhanced Productivity with Structured Web Apps", Apress, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- 3. AgusKurniawan–"AngularJS Programming by Example", First Edition, PE Press, 2014.

Reference Books

- 1. Brad Dayley, "Learning Angular JS", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2014.
- 2. Steve Hoberman, "Data Modelling for MongoDB", Technics Publication, First Edition, 2014..

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Introduction to Angular JS : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HEbphzK-0xE</u>
- 2. Angular JS Modules : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gWm0KmgnQkU</u>
- 3. Directives& Building Databases: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R_okHflzgm0</u>
- 4. Introduction to NODE .JS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8u1o-OmOeGQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7F1nLajs4Eo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7x7c-x90FU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

	C# AND .NE	T FRAMEWORK	
Course Code:	21CS582	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total No. of Hours	12	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Course Objectives:			
CLO 1. Understand the bas			
CLO 2. Learn the variables			
CLO 3. Know the object-or			
CLO 4. Learn the basic stru	icture of .NET framewo	ork.	
CLO 5. Learn to create a size	mple project of .NET Co	ore	
Teaching-Learning Proces	s (General Instructio	ns)	
These are sample Strategies outcomes.	, which teachers can us	se to accelerate the attainme	nt of the various course
-) need not to be only a ould be adopted to atta	traditional lecture method, l ain the outcomes.	out alternative effective
2. Use of Video/Anima	ation to explain functio	ning of various concepts.	
	ative (Group Learning)		
÷		king) questions in the class,	which promotes critical
-	ed Learning (PBL), whi	ich fosters students' Analytic	al skills, develop design
=		, evaluate, generalize, and ar	
than simply recall i			·
	manifold representati	ons.	
_	_	problem with different circu	uits/logic and encourage
		eative ways to solve them.	, 0 0
8. Discuss how every	concept can be applied	to the real world - and when	n that's possible, it helps
improve the studen	ts' understanding.		
	Мо	odule-1	
Introduction to C#			
Part-I: Understanding C#	, .NET, overview of	C#, Variables, Data Types	s, Operators, Expressions
Branching, Looping, Method	ls, implicit and explicit	casting.	
Teaching-Learning Proces	s Active learning		
	Mo	odule-2	
-	Array Class, Array List,	String, String Builder, Struc	ture, Enumerations, boxing
and unboxing.	I		
Teaching-Learning Proces			
011		odule-3	
Object Oriented Concepts Class, Objects, Constructo polymorphism.		heritance, properties, ind	exers, index overloading
Teaching-Learning Proces	s Active learning		
		dulo 4	
Object Oriented Concerts		odule-4	
Object Oriented Concepts	11.		

Sealed class and methods, interface, abstract class, abstract and interface, operator overloading, delegates, events, errors and exception, Threading.

Teaching-Learning ProcessActive learning

Module-5

Introduction to .NET FRAMEWORK:

Assemblies, Versoning, Attributes, reflection, viewing meta data, remoting, security in .NET, Environment Setup of .NET Core and create a small project.

Teaching-Learning ProcessActive learning

Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Able to explain how C# fits into the .NET platform.
- CO 2. Describe the utilization of variables and constants of C#
- CO 3. Use the implementation of object-oriented aspects in applications.
- CO 4. Analyze and Set up Environment of .NET Core.
- CO 5. Evaluate and create a simple project application.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference: C# 4.0", Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
- 2. Christian Nagel et al. "Professional C# 2012 with .NET 4.5", Wiley India, 2012.

Reference Books

1. Andrew Troelsen , "Pro C# 2010 and the .NET 4 Platform, Fifth edition, A Press, 2010.

2. Ian Griffiths, Matthew Adams, Jesse Liberty, "Programming C# 4.0", Sixth Edition, O"Reilly, 2010. Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Introduction to C# : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItoIFCT9P90</u>
- 2. Object Oriented Concepts : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LP3llcExPK0</u>
- 3. .NET FRAMEWORK : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h7huHkvPoEE</u>

Tutorial Link:

- 1. <u>https://www.tutorialsteacher.com/csharp</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.w3schools.com/cs/index.php</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/net-framework</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using group discussion.

			IG & PROJECT MANA	
Course Code		21CS61	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
	s of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 2	 Arning Objectives Outline software engineer programs. Identify ethication Software Engineers. Describe the process of r specification and require Infer the fundamentals o 	ll and professio equirement gat ments validatio	nal issues and explain w hering, requirement clas m.	hy they are of concern to ssification, requirement
CLO 4 CLO 5 CLO 6 CLO 7	 diagrams and apply designation 4. Explain the role of DevOp 5. Discuss various types of 6. Recognize the importanc 7. Identify software quality metrics. List software qu 	gn patterns. os in Agile Impl software testing e Project Mana parameters an ality standards	ementation. g practices and software gement with its methods d quantify software usin and outline the practices	evolution processes. and methodologies. g measurements and
Гeaching-I	earning Process (Genera	l Instructions)		
outcomes. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	Lecturer method (L) need effective teaching method Use of Video/Animation t Encourage collaborative (Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. Adopt Problem Based Lea design thinking skills such information rather than s Introduce Topics in manif Show the different ways t encourage the students to Discuss how every concep helps improve the studen	s could be adop o explain functi Group Learning igher order This arning (PBL), wh n as the ability t imply recall it. Fold representat o solve the sam o come up with ot can be applie ts' understandi	oted to attain the outcom oning of various concept g) Learning in the class. nking) questions in the c nich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gener cions. e problem with different their own creative ways d to the real world - and ng.	tes. cs. class, which promotes alytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze c circuits/logic and to solve them.
		Modu		
engineering Models, Pro	on: The evolving role of g, A Process Framework, Process Technology, Product a l: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.3	rocess Patterns		
Process M	odels: Prescriptive mode dels, Specialized process m		nodel, Incremental pro	ocess models, Evolutional

Textbook 1: Chapter 2: 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 to 2.7

Requirements Engineering: Requirements Engineering Task, Initiating the Requirements Engineering process, Eliciting Requirements, Developing use cases, Building the analysis model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements, Software Requirement Document **(Sec 4.2)**

Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6, Textbook 5: Chapter 4: 4.2

Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning	
Module-2	
Introduction, Modelling Concepts and Class Modelling: What is Object orientation? What is OO development? OO Themes; Evidence for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling as Design technique: Modelling, abstraction, The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class Concept, Link and associations concepts, Generalization and Inheritance, A sample class model, Navigation of class models, Introduction to RUP(Textbook: 5 Sec 2.4) and UML diagrams	
Textbook 2: Chapter 1,2,3	
Building the Analysis Models : Requirement Analysis, Analysis Model Approaches, Data modelling Concepts, Object Oriented Analysis, Scenario-Based Modeling, Flow-Oriented Modeling, class Based Modeling, Creating a Behavioral Model.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.8	
Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration	
Module-3	
Software Testing : A Strategic Approach to Software Testing, Strategic Issues, Test Strategies for Conventional Software, Test Strategies for Object -Oriented Software, Validation Testing, System Testing, The Art of Debugging.	
Textbook 1: Chapter 13: 13.1 to 13.7	
Agile Methodology & DevOps: Before Agile – Waterfall, Agile Development,	
What is DevOps?, DevOps Importance and Benefits, DevOps Principles and Practices, 7 C's of DevOps Lifecycle for Business Agility, DevOps and Continuous Testing, How to Choose Right DevOps Tools?, Challenges with DevOps Implementation. Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.9	
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration	
Module-4	
Introduction to Project Management:	
Introduction to Project Management. Introduction, Project and Importance of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered by Software Project Management, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing Software Projects, Stakeholders, Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, Management and Management Control, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project Management Practices.	
Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.17	
Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration	
Module-5	
Activity Planning: Objectives of Activity Planning, When to Plan, Project Schedules, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, Network Planning Models, Forward Pass– Backward Pass, Identifying critical path, Activity Float, Shortening Project Duration, Activity on Arrow Networks.	
Textbook 3: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.16	
Software Quality: Introduction, The place of software quality in project planning, Importance of software quality, software quality models, ISO 9126, quality management systems, process capability models, techniques to enhance software quality, quality plans.	

Textbook 3: Chapter 13: (13.1 to 13.6 , 13.9, 13.11, 13.14),

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the activities involved in software engineering and analyze the role of various process models
- CO 2. Explain the basics of object-oriented concepts and build a suitable class model using modelling techniques
- CO 3. Describe various software testing methods and to understand the importance of agile methodology and DevOps
- CO 4. Illustrate the role of project planning and quality management in software development
- CO 5. Understand the importance of activity planning and different planning models

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the $10^{\rm th}$ week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall: Software Project Management, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2018.

- 4. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar, DevOps Tools From Practitioner's Viewpoint, Wiley.
- 5. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. **Reference:**

1. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India.

- Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
 - 1. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs68/preview</u>
 - 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxkP5KR_Emk&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9b5nr-ggx7Pt1G4UAHeFlI</u>
 - 3. <u>http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/CSE.php</u>
 - 4. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/15CS42.html
 - 5. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/128/106/128106012/</u> (DevOps)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Case study, Field visit

	FULLSTACK DEVE	LOPMENT	
Course Code	21CS62	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives: CLO 1.Explain the use of learni CLO 2.Make use of rapid applie	-	-	ve web pages.
CLO 3.Illustrate Models, Views development.	-		
CLO 4. Demonstrate the use of	-		
CLO 5.Design and implement I Teaching-Learning Process (Gene		ig dynamic pages with s	SQL databases.
These are sample Strategies, which	teachers can use to ac	ccelerate the attainmen	t of the various course
outcomes.			
1. Lecturer method (L) does n	ot mean only traditio	nal lecture method, but	t different type of
teaching methods may be a			~ *
2. Show Video/animation film	• •		
3. Encourage collaborative (G	-		
 Ask at least three HOT (Hig thinking. 		-	hich promotes critical
 Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 			
6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.			
7. Show the different ways to	solve the same proble		tudents to come up
with their own creative ways to solve them.			
8. Discuss how every concept		real world - and when	that's possible, it helps
improve the students' unde	×		
Мос	lule-1: MVC based W	/eb Designing	
Web framework, MVC Design Patter Django URL Confs and Loose Coupli	, ,		
Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and Chapte	er 3		
Laboratory Component:			
1. Installation of Python, Djan	go and Visual Studio	code editors can be den	nonstrated.
 Creation of virtual environment, Django project and App should be demonstrated 			
3. Develop a Django app that displays current date and time in server			
 Develop a Django app that displays date and time four hours ahead and four hours before as 			
an offset of current date an		e tour nours unclu unu	iour nours before us
Teaching-Learning Process		on using Visual Studio C	ode
reaching-hearming r 100055		esentation for Architect	
	2. Pri/Flezi Flo	iscination for Artifilet	ure allu Desigli
		Gall and 101 1	1
	-	f all concepts with simp	ie examples
	le-2: Django Templa		
Template System Basics, Using D			-
Development Pattern, Template Loa	ding, Template Inher	itance, MVT Developm	ent Pattern.

Configuring Databases, Defining a	and Implementing Models, Basic Data Access, Adding Model String
Representations, Inserting/Updat	ing data, Selecting and deleting objects, Schema Evolution
Textbook 1: Chapter 4 and Chap	oter 5
Laboratory Component:	
	app that displays an unordered list of fruits and ordered list of
selected students for an e	
	th a suitable header (containing navigation menu) and footer with
	information. Inherit this layout.html and create 3 additional pages:
	Home page of any website.
	t performs student registration to a course. It should also display list any selected course. Create students and course as models with
enrolment as ManyToMar	-
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
reaching-Learning Frocess	 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	4. Case Study: Apply concepts learnt for an Online Ticket
	Booking System
Module-3:	Django Admin Interfaces and Model Forms
interfaces, perform migra	models created in Lab experiment for Module2, register admin ations and illustrate data entry through admin forms. or student that contains his topic chosen for project, languages used
reaching-Learning Frocess	 2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
	Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
Module-4:	Generic Views and Django State Persistence
Using Generic Views, Generic View	vs of Objects, Extending Generic Views of objects, Extending Generic
Views.	
	ML contents like CSV and PDF, Syndication Feed Framework, Sitemap
framework, Cookies, Sessions, Use	
Textbook 1: Chapters 9, 11 and	12
Laboratory Component:	
of students and detailviev	leveloped in Module 2, create a generic class view which displays list w that displays student details for any selected student in the list.
 Develop example Django a previous laboratory comp 	app that performs CSV and PDF generation for any models created in ponent.

previous laboratory comp	oonent.	
Teaching-Learning Process	1.	Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
	2.	PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design
		Patterns
	3.	Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

	4. Project Work: Implement all concepts learnt for Student
	Admission Management.
	5: jQuery and AJAX Integration in Django
Java Script in Django, jQuery and Django	LHttpRequest and Response, HTML, CSS, JSON, iFrames, Settings of Basic AJAX, jQuery AJAX Facilities, Using jQuery UI Autocomplete in
Textbook 2: Chapters 1, 2 and 7.	
Laboratory Component:	
refresh using AJAX.	age for student enrolment as done in Module 2 but without page
being searched.	tion in Django using AJAX that displays courses enrolled by a student
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration using Visual Studio Code
	2. PPT/Prezi Presentation for Architecture and Design Patterns
	3. Live coding of all concepts with simple examples
	 Case Study: Apply the use of AJAX and jQuery for development of EMI calculator.
Course outcome (Course Skill Se	-
At the end of the course the studer	
	of MVT based full stack web development with Django.
	Forms for rapid development of web pages.
	ate Inheritance and Generic views for developing full stack web
applications.	
	ork libraries to render nonHTML contents like CSV and PDF. AX integration to Django Apps to build responsive full stack web
Assessment Details (both CIE an	id SEE)
50%. The minimum passing mark shall be deemed to have satisfied subject/ course if the student see examination (SEE), and a minim	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is k for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each cures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end num of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluation	
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks	s (duration 01 hour)
	week of the semester the 10 th week of the semester e 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Mark	ζS
_	nd of 4 th week of the semester end of 9 th week of the semester
Practical Sessions need to be a	ssessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will

contribute to **20 marks**.

Note: Minimum of 80% of the laboratory components have to be covered.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- Adrian Holovaty, Jacob Kaplan Moss, The Definitive Guide to Django: Web Development Done Right, Second Edition, Springer-Verlag Berlin and Heidelberg GmbH & Co. KG Publishers, 2009
- 2. Jonathan Hayward, Django Java Script Integration: AJAX and jQuery, First Edition, Pack Publishing, 2011

Reference Books

- 1. Aidas Bendroraitis, Jake Kronika, Django 3 Web Development Cookbook, Fourth Edition, Packt Publishing, 2020
- 2. William Vincent, Django for Beginners: Build websites with Python and Django, First Edition, Amazon Digital Services, 2018
- 3. Antonio Mele, Django3 by Example, 3rd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020
- 4. Arun Ravindran, Django Design Patterns and Best Practices, 2nd Edition, Pack Publishers, 2020.
- Julia Elman, Mark Lavin, Light weight Django, David A. Bell, 1st Edition, Oreily Publications, 2014

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. MVT architecture with Django: <u>https://freevideolectures.com/course/3700/django-tutorials</u>
- 2. Using Python in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2BqoLiMT3Ao</u>
- 3. Model Forms with Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gMM1rtTwKxE</u>
- 4. Real time Interactions in Django: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3gHmfoeZ45k</u>
- 5. AJAX with Django for beginners: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3VaKNyjlxAU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - applying the Django framework concepts and its integration with AJAX to develop any shopping website with admin and user dashboards.

COMPUTER GRAPHI	CS AND FUNDAM	ENTALS OF IMAGE PRO	CESSING
Course Code	21CS63	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Objectives:			
CLO 1. Overview of Computer Grap			
CLO 2. Exploring 2D and 3D graphi			
CLO 3. Use of Computer graphics p	-	_	
CLO 4. Introduction to Image proce	0	/.	
CLO 5. Image segmentation using (
Teaching-Learning Process (Gene	ral Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, which t	oachar can usa ta	accolorato the attainment	of the various course
outcomes.			of the various course
	at to be only tradit	ional lasture method but	alternative offective
1. Lecturer method (L) need n	-		alternative ellective
teaching methods could be a	-		
2. Use of Video/Animation to e		•	
3. Encourage collaborative (Gr		-	
4. Ask at least three HOT (High	ier order Thinking	;) questions in the class, w	hich promotes critical
thinking.			
-	5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design		
thinking skills such as the al	thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information		
rather than simply recall it.			
6. IntroduceTopicsin manifold	representations.		
7. Show the different ways to s	solve the same pro	blem and encourage the s	tudents to come up
with their own creative way	s to solve them.		
8. Discuss how every concept	can be applied to t	he real world - and when	that's possible, it helps
improve the students' unde	rstanding.		
	Module	-1	
Overview: Computer Graphics hards	ware and software	and OpenGL: Computer (Graphics: Video Display
Devices, Raster-Scan Systems Basics			
Introduction to OpenGL, coordinate	reference frames	, specifying two-dimensi	onal world coordinate
reference frames in OpenGL, Open			
attributes, curve attributes, OpenG		functions, OpenGL line at	ttribute functions, Line
drawing algorithms(DDA, Bresenha	n's).		
Touthook 1. Chanton 1 2 2 5/1 a	nd 2 only)		
Textbook 1: Chapter -1,2,3, 5(1 a Self-study topics : Input devices, I		coordinata ranrasantati	on graphics functions
fill area primitives, polygon fill are			on, graphics functions,
in area primitives, porygon ill are	as, piner arrays, r	aranci Line aigoriumis	
Teaching- Chalk&board,Active I	earning		
Learning Virtual Lab	B		
Process			
110(033			

Module-2

2D and **3D** graphics with OpenGL: 2D Geometric Transformations: Basic 2D Geometric Transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, 2D Composite transformations, other 2D transformations, raster methods for geometric transformations, OpenGL raster transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations, function,

3D Geometric Transformations: Translation, rotation, scaling, composite 3D transformations, other 3D transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations functions

Textbook 1: Chapter -6, 8

Self-study topics: Transformation between 2D coordinate system, OpenGL geometric-transformation, Transformation between 3D coordinate system.

Teaching-	Chalk & board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning	Virtual Lab:
Process	

Module-3

Interactive Input Methods and Graphical User Interfaces: Graphical Input Data ,Logical Classification of Input Devices, Input Functions for Graphical Data , Interactive Picture-ConstructionTechniques, Virtual-Reality Environments, OpenGL Interactive Input-DeviceFunctions, OpenGL Menu Functions , Designing a Graphical User Interface.

Computer Animation :Design of Animation Sequences, Traditional Animation Techniques, General Computer-AnimationFunctions, Computer-Animation Languages, Character Animation, Periodic Motions, OpenGL Animation Procedures.

Textbook 1: Chapter -11, 18

Self-study topics: Raster methods for computer animation, Key frame systems, Motion specification.

Teaching-	Chalk & board, MOOC, Active Learning
Learning	
Process	

Module-4

Introduction to Image processing: overview, Nature of IP, IP and its related fields, Digital Image representation, types of images.

Digital Image Processing Operations: Basic relationships and distance metrics, Classification of Image processing Operations.

Text book 2: Chapter 3

(Below topics is for experiential learning only, No questions in SEE)

Computer vision and OpenCV: What is computer vision, Evolution of computer vision, Application of Computer vision, Feature of OpenCV, OpenCV library modules, OpenCV environment, Reading, writing and storing images using OpenCV. OpenCV drawing Functions. OpenCV Geometric Transformations.

<u>(Note : Computer vision and OpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based</u> <u>Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE)</u>

Web Source: https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/	
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Learning	Lab practice for OpenCV for basic geometric objects and basic image operation
Process	

Module-5

Image Segmentation: Introduction, classification, detection of discontinuities, Edge detection (up to canny edge detection(included)).

Text Book 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.4.4.4

(Below topics is for experiential learning only, No questions in SEE) Image processing with Open CV: Resizing, Rotation/Flipping, Blending, Creating region of Interest (ROI), Image Thresholding, Image Blurring and smoothing, Edge Detection, Image contours and Face Detection on images using OpenCV.

(Note :Image Processing withOpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based

Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE)

Web source: <u>https://medium.com/analytics-vidhya/introduction-to-computer-vision-opencv-in-python-fb722e805e8b</u>

Teaching-Chalk & board, MOOC

Learning	Lab practice on image processing.
Process	Virtual Lab:

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Construct geometric objects using Computer Graphics principles and OpenGL APIs.
- CO 2. Use OpenGL APIs and related mathematics for 2D and 3D geometric Operations on the objects.
- CO 3. Design GUI with necessary techniques required to animate the created objects
- CO 4. Apply OpenCV for developing Image processing applications.
- CO 5. Apply Image segmentation techniques along with programming, using OpenCV, for developing simple applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. Donald D Hearn, M Pauline Baker and WarrenCarithers: Computer Graphics with OpenGL 4th

Edition, Pearson, 2014

2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, second edition, Oxford University press 2016.

Reference Books

- 1. Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5th edition. Pearson Education, 2008
- 2. James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: Pearson education

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106090/</u>
- 2. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102063/</u>
- 3. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103224/</u>
- 4. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102065/</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/</u> (Tutorial, Types of Images, Drawing Functions)

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

2. Mini project on computer graphics using Open GL/Python/Open CV.

		DESIGN OF IO	T SYSTEMS	
Course Code		21CD641	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hou	rs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours o	f Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1. CLO 2. CLO 3. CLO 4. CLO 5. Teaching-Lea These are san outcomes. 1. I	Lecture method (L) need reaching methods could	nd Key Technologie the IoT thodologies <u>vtics for IoT</u> al Instructions) eacher can use to ac ds not to be only tra be adopted to attai	es in IoT ccelerate the attainment aditional lecture method	, but alternative effective
		-	• •	
4. /	Encourage collaborative Ask at least three HOT (I hinking.		-	ss, which promotes critical
t t 6. I	hinking skills such as th han simply recall it. ntroduce Topics in man	e ability to design, ifold representatio	evaluate, generalize, and	ytical skills, develop design d analyse information rather hen that's possible, it helps
i	mprove the students' u	nderstanding.		
		Modu	le-1	
Examples of Investigation. Internet of Capabilities. Internet of T Health/Body	Applications, IPV6 Ro Things Definitions Things Application Exa Area Networks, City A	and frameworks mples:-Overview, utomation, Autom	opment and Standardiz s:-IoT Definitions, IoT Smart Metering/Advanc otive Applications, Hon	Proverview and Motivations zation, Scope of the Presen Frameworks, Basic Noda red Metering Infrastructure e ne Automation, Smart Cards
Applications.			Steel, Control Applicati	ion Examples, Myriad Othe
	Chapter 1, Chapter 2 a		anatina Lagratina	
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and board, Activ	ve Learning, Collab	orative Learning	
Process				
	l IoT Mechanism and loT, Key IoT Technolog			bject and Services, Structura
Application I	Protocol, Representatio irements for Machine-'	nal State Transfer	r, ETSI M2M,Third Ger	col for RPL Roll, Constrained neration Partnership Projec V6 Over Low power WPAN

Teaching-	Chapter 4 and Chapter 5 Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration			
Learning	chaik and board, netwe learning, benonstration			
Process				
110003	Module-3			
Laver 12 Co	nnectivity: Wireless Technologies for the IoT-WPAN Technologies for IoT/M2M, Cellular and			
	ork Technologies for IoT/M2M.			
Protocol Ove	nectivity :IPv6 Technologies for the IoT: Overview and Motivations. Address Capabilities,IPv6 rview, IPv6 Tunneling, IPsec in IPv6,Header Compression Schemes, Quality of Service in IPv6 ategies to IPv6.			
	Chapter 6 and Chapter 7			
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration			
Learning				
Process				
	Module-4			
IoT Platform	s Design Methodology: IoT Design Methodology,			
	ogical design using python: Python data types and data structures, control flow, functions non packages of interest for IoT.			
IoT Physical IoT.	servers and cloud offerings: Python web application framework, Amazon web services for			
	Chapter 5- 5.1, 5.2, Chapter 6- 6.1,6.3,6.4,6.5,6.6,6.11 and Chapter 8-8.4,8.6			
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning			
Learning				
Process				
	Module-5			
Apache Oozie	cs for IoT : Introduction, Apache Hadoop, Using Hadoop Map Reduce for Batch Data Analysis e, Apache Spark, Apache Storm, Using Apache Storm for Real-time Data Analysis, Structura pring Case Study.			
Text Book 2:	Chapter 10			
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning			
Learning				
Process				
Course Outco	omes			
At the end of	the course the student will be able to:			
CO 1. Deve	lop schemes for the applications of IoT in real time scenarios			
	mplish the Internet resources required for IoT			
	el & design the Internet of things to business			
	onstrate the practical knowledge through different case studies			
	ement data sets received through IoT devices and tools used for analysis			
	Details (both CIE and SEE)			
	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The			
-	ssing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to			
	d the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the			
	res not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a			
minimum of 4	40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEI			
(Semester En	d Examination) taken together nternal Evaluation:			

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Daniel Minoli, "Building the Internet of Things with IPv6 and MIPv6:The Evolving World of M2M Communications", Wiley, 2013.
- 2. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things: A Hands on Approach" Universities Press., 2015 **Reference:**
 - 1. Michael Miller," The Internet of Things", First Edition, Pearson, 2015.
 - 2. Claire Rowland, Elizabeth Goodman et.al.," Designing Connected Products", First Edition, O'Reilly, 2015.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105166/</u>
- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105195/</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=unlPb-dfW7s</u>
- <u>https://www.coursera.org/lecture/iot/lecture-1-2-iot-devices-BYmZZ</u>
- <u>https://ocw.cs.pub.ro/courses/iot/courses/01</u>
- <u>https://freevideolectures.com/course/4638/nptel-introduction-internet-things/1</u>
- <u>https://freevideolectures.com/course/4638/nptel-introduction-internet-things/2</u>
- https://freevideolectures.com/course/4638/nptel-introduction-internet-things/3
- <u>https://freevideolectures.com/course/4638/nptel-introduction-internet-things/4</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

ADV	ANCED JAVA	PROGRAMMING		
Course Code	21CS642	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	lits 03 Exam Hours 03			
Course Learning Objectives				
CLO 1. Understanding the fund. CLO 2. Apply the concepts of Ge	eneric classes in	Java programs	Annotations	
CLO 3. Demonstrate the fundam	-			
CLO 4. Design and develop web		-	P	
CLO 5. Apply database interact	0 /	database Connectivity		
Teaching-Learning Process (Genera These are sample Strategies, which tea	-	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course	
outcomes.				
1. Lecturer method (L) nee effective teaching method	-			
2. Use of Video/Animation	-			
3. Encourage collaborative	-			
4. Ask at least three HOT (F critical thinking.	ligher order Thi	nking) questions in the c	class, which promotes	
5. Adopt Problem Based Le	arning (PRL) wh	uch fosters students' An	alvtical skills develop	
design thinking skills suc	•••		-	
information rather than s	simply recall it.			
6. Introduce Topics in mani	fold representat	ions.		
7. Show the different ways	to solve the sam	e program		
8. Discuss how every conce	pt can be applied	d to the real world - and	when that's possible, it	
helps improve the studer	nts' understandii	ng.		
	Modu	le-1		
Enumerations, Autoboxing and Ann Enumerations, Ednumeration fundar class types, enumerations inherits Enu Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs in Ex Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent e Annotations, Annotation basics, spect reflection, Annotated element inter	nentals, the valu um, example, typ pressions, Auto errors, A word of fying retention	e wrappers, Autoboxing boxing/Unboxing, Bool warning policy, obtaining annota	g, Autoboxing methods, ean and character values, ations at run time by use of	
annotations, Built in annotations Textbook 1: Chapter12				
	alk and board.	Online demonstration, H	Problem based learning	
0	Modu		0	
Generics: What are Generics, A Simp The General Form of a Generic Class Creating a Generic Method, Generic Erasure, Ambiguity errors, Some Gene	ole Generics Exa , Bounded Type Interfaces, Raw	mple, A Generic Class v s, Using Wildcard Argu	ments, Bounded Wildcards,	
Textbook 1: Chapter 14				
Teaching-Learning ProcessCh		Online Demonstration		
	Modu			
String Handling: The String Construct	ctors, String Len	gth, Special String Opera	ations, Character Extraction,	

String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the case of characters within a String, String Buffer, String Builder					
Textbook 1: Chapter 15 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration				
Teaching-Learning Process	Module-4				
Packground: The life guale of a com	vlet; A simple servlet; the servlet API; The javax.servlet package				
Reading servlet parameter; the jav Cookies; Session Tracking, Java S	Fax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; using Server Pages (JSP); JSP tags, Variables and Objects, Methods, Control Parsing other information, User sessions, Cookies, Session Objects				
Textbook 1: Chapter 31 Textbook 2: Chapter 11					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration				
	Module-5				
	Types; JDBC packages; A brief overview of the JDBC Process; Database C/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Data Types; Exceptions.				
Textbook 2: Chapter 6					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration				
Course Outcomes					
At the end of the course the studer					
	nental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations				
CO 2. Apply the concepts of Gen CO 3. Demonstrate the concepts					
	ations using Java servlets and JSP				
	tion and transaction processing in Java				
Assessment Details (both CIE an					
The weightage of Continuous Inte The minimum passing mark for t	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. he CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/				
course if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (4	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination 0 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal				
Continuous Internal Evaluation:	Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together				
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)					
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester					
 Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 					
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester					
Two assignments each of 10 Marks					
4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester					
•	end of 9 th week of the semester				
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz a	ny one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20				
Marks (duration 01 hours)					
6. At the end of the 13 th week	k of the semester				
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks					
	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				
-	of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).				
	is to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy				
as per the outcome defined for the course.					
Semester End Examination:					

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference. 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, Tata McGraw-Hill

Reference Books:

1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007. **Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105225/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Programming exercises

	ADV	NCED COMPLIT	ER ARCHITECTURE	
Course Cod		21CS643	CIE Marks	50
	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy		40	Total Marks	100
Credits	0 0,	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	arning Objectives			
CLO 2	 Describe computer ar Measure the performa Summarize parallel ar 	ance of architecture		
	Learning Process (Gene			
These are s	ample Strategies, which	teachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcomes.	ample berategies, which			
1.	Lecturer method (L) n	eed not to be only a	traditional lecture met	hod but alternative
1.			ted to attain the outcon	
2.	-	-		
		-	oning of various concep	ts.
3.	Encourage collaborativ			-l
4.		(Higher order Thin	nking) questions in the o	class, which promotes
-	critical thinking.			1 1 1 1
5.	•		ich fosters students' Ar	•
		-	o design, evaluate, gene	ralize, and analyze
	information rather tha			
6.	Introduce Topics in ma	nifold representat	ions.	
7.	7. Show the different ways to solve the same program			
8.	8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it			
	helps improve the stud	lents' understandir	ıg.	
		Modu	le-1	
Multicompu Properties, System Int Measures, I Performanc	uter, Multivector and S Conditions of Parallelis	SIMD Computers, m, Program Partiti es, Principles of S cations, Speedup n or mechanism an	PRAM and VLSI Mod oning and Scheduling, Scalable Performance, y one example is suffici	uting, Multiprocessors and els, Program and Networl Program Flow Mechanisms Performance Metrics and ent.
Teaching-l	Learning Process			, Problem based learning
		Modu		
	Technologies 1: F 7, Superscalar and Vec 7. For all Algorithms or m	ctor Processors, N		Advanced Processo echnology, Virtual Memory
Chapter 4	(4.1 to 4.4)			
Teaching-I	Learning Process	Chalk and board,	Online Demonstration	
		Modu	le-3	
	ons, Sequential and Wea	k Consistency Mod	lels, Pipelining and Sup	nizations, Shared Memory perscalar Techniques, Linea chanisms any one example is

sufficient.

Chapter 5 (5.1 to 5.4) Chapter 6 (6.1 to 6.2)	
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and board, Online Demonstration	
Module-4	
Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers, Multiprocessor Syste Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Mechanisms, Message-Passing Mechanism Multivector and SIMD Computers, Vector Processing Principles, Multivector Multiprocessors, Compour Vector Processing, Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Latency-Hiding Technique Principles of Multithreading, Fine- Grain Multicomputers. For all Algorithms or mechanisms any or example is sufficient.	ns, nd es,
Chapter 7 (7.1,7.2 and 7.4) Chapter 8(8.1 to 8.3) Chapter 9(9.1 to 9.3)	
Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Online Demonstration	
Module-5	
Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers ,Parallel Programmin Models, Parallel Languages and Compilers, Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays. Instruction and Syste Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism, Computer Architecture, Contents, Basic Design Issue Problem Definition, Model of a Typical Processor, Compiler-detected Instruction Level Parallelis ,Operand Forwarding ,Reorder Buffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm. For all Algorithms of mechanisms any one example is sufficient.	m es, m
Chapter 10(10.1 to 10.3) Chapter 12(12.1 to 12.9)	
Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Online Demonstration	
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the student will be able to:	
 CO 1. Explain the concepts of parallel computing CO 2. Explain and identify the hardware technologies CO 3. Compare and contrast the parallel architectures CO 4. Unstants parallel architectures 	
CO 4. Illustrate parallel programming concepts	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50% The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall h deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subjec course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Intern Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together Continuous Internal Evaluation:	be t/ on
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)	
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester	
 Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester 	
 Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester 	
Two assignments each of 10 Marks	
4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester	
 Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester 	
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20	
Marks (duration 01 hours)	
6. At the end of the 13 th week of the semester	
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks	
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the	
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).	_
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonon	ıy

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Kai Hwang and Naresh Jotwani, Advanced Computer Architecture (SIE): Parallelism, Scalability, Programmability, McGraw Hill Education 3/e. 2015

Reference Books:

1. John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A quantitative approach, 5th edition, Morgan Kaufmann Elseveir, 2013

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

DA	TA SCIENCE AND	VISUALIZATION	
Course Code	21CS644	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives CLO 1. To introduce data collec CLO 2. Explore analytical meth techniques CLO 3. Illustrate different type CLO 4. Find different data visus CLO 5. Design and map element Teaching-Learning Process (Gene	ods for solving rea s of data and its vi alization technique t of visualization v	al life problems through isualization es and tools	data exploration
 These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) ne effective teaching meth 2. Use of Video/Animation 3. Encourage collaborativ 4. Ask at least three HOT (critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based L design thinking skills su information rather than 6. Introduce Topics in ma 7. Show the different way encourage the students 8. Discuss how every condhelps improve the students 	ed not to be only a ods could be adop n to explain function e (Group Learning Higher order Thin earning (PBL), wh uch as the ability to a simply recall it. nifold representation to solve the same to come up with the cept can be applied	a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concep) Learning in the class. hking) questions in the c nich fosters students' An o design, evaluate, gene ions. e problem with differen heir own creative ways I to the real world - and ng.	chod, but alternative nes. ts. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and
Introduction to Data Science		-	
Introduction: What is Data Science Why now? – Datafication, Current Populations and samples, Statistica Textbook 1: Chapter 1 Teaching-Learning Process	landscape of pers l modelling, proba 1. PPT – Re process 2. Demonst	pectives, Skill sets. Ne ability distributions, fit ecognizing different typ	eded Statistical Inference: ting a model.
	relation		
	Modul		
Exploratory Data Analysis and the Basic tools (plots, graphs and sur Process, Case Study: Real Direct (of Linear Regression, k-Nearest Neight Taythook 1: Chapter 2: Chapter 2	mmary statistics) nline realestate f bours (k- NN), k-:) of EDA, Philosophy o irm). Three Basic Mac	
Textbook 1: Chapter 2, Chapter 3			
Teaching-Learning Process		ots, Graphs, Summary St	
	2. Demonst	tration of Machine Lear	ning Algorithms

	Module-3
Feature Generation and Feature	Selection
Generation (brainstorming, role of algorithms. Filters; Wrappers; Deci a User-Facing Data Product, Algor	Motivating application: user (customer) retention. Feature f domain expertise, and place for imagination), Feature Selection ision Trees; Random Forests. Recommendation Systems: Building rithmic ingredients of a Recommendation Engine, Dimensionality position, Principal Component Analysis, Exercise: build your own
Textbook 1: Chapter 6	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. PPT – Feature generation, selection
	2. Demonstration recommendation engine
	Module-4
Data Visualization and Data Explo	ration
Introduction: Data Visualization, In for Visualization	nportance of Data Visualization, Data Wrangling, Tools and Libraries
Correlogram and Heatmap; Compos	Chart and Radar Chart; Relation Plots: Scatter Plot, Bubble Plot, sition Plots: Pie Chart, Stacked Bar Chart, Stacked Area Chart, Venn cogram, Density Plot, Box Plot, Violin Plot; Geo Plots: Dot Map, That Makes a Good Visualization?
Textbook 2: Chapter 1, Chapter 2	
Teaching-Learning Process	1. Demonstration of different data visualization tools.
	Module-5
A Deep Dive into Matplotlib	
Strings, Plotting, Plotting Using pan- Legend Functions: Labels, Titles, T Bar Chart, Stacked Area Chart, Hist	Matplotlib, Pyplot Basics: Creating Figures, Closing Figures, Format das DataFrames, Displaying Figures, Saving Figures; Basic Text and 'ext, Annotations, Legends; Basic Plots: Bar Chart, Pie Chart, Stacked ogram, Box Plot, Scatter Plot, Bubble Plot; Layouts: Subplots, Tight ges: Basic Image Operations, Writing Mathematical Expressions
Teaching-Learning Process	 PPT – Comparison of plots Demonstration charts
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the student	
CO 1. Understand the data in diffe	
	o Explore Data Analysis and the Data Science Process gorithms & design a recommender system.
CO 4. Evaluate data visualization t	
	l include mathematical expressions.
Assessment Details (both CIE and	
-	al Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	ss than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	
Continuous Internal Evaluation:	,
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Doing Data Science, Cathy O'Neil and Rachel Schutt, O'Reilly Media, Inc O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2013
- 2. Data Visualization workshop, Tim Grobmann and Mario Dobler, Packt Publishing, ISBN 9781800568112

Reference:

- 1. Mining of Massive Datasets, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey D. Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2010
- 2. Data Science from Scratch, Joel Grus, Shroff Publisher /O'Reilly Publisher Media
- 3. A handbook for data driven design by Andy krik

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/
- 2. https://www.oreilly.com/library/view/doing-data-science/9781449363871/toc01.html
- 3. <u>http://book.visualisingdata.com/</u>
- 4. <u>https://matplotlib.org/</u>
- 5. <u>https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/</u>
- 6. https://www.tableau.com/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Demonstration using projects

INT	RODUCTION TO I	DATA STRUCTURES	
Course Code	21CS651	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
effective teaching me 2. Use of Video/Animat 3. Encourage collaborat	Structures: Stack, Qu Data Structures: Tre lata structure during neral Instructions) In teachers can use to need not to be only a thods could be adop on to explain function ive (Group Learning	es 3 program development	ent of the various course hod, but alternative nes. ts.
design thinking skills information rather th 6. Introduce Topics in n 7. Show the different w	such as the ability to an simply recall it. nanifold representat ays to solve the same ts to come up with t	e problem with differen heir own creative ways	ralize, and analyze t circuits/logic and to solve them.
0	Modu	le-1	
Introduction: Introduction to arrays: one-dimen arrays, Multidimensional arrays. Introduction to Pointers: Pointer of allocation, pointers applications. Introduction to structures and uni initialization, arrays of structures, Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch Textbook 2:Ch 2.1 to 2.13,2.5	oncepts, accessing v ons: Declaring struc nested structure, un 12.3 to 12.19	rariables through pointe tures, Giving values to n	ers, Dynamic memory nembers, structure
	Chalk and board, Act	tive Learning	
reaching-hearming r 100055	Modu		
Linear Data Structures-Stacks a		10-2	
Introduction, Stack representation Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic types, Queue Implementation, App	n in Memory, Stack concept, Logical re lications of Queue.		
Textbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14 ,Cl		tive Learning Droblem	Racad Loarning
Teaching-Learning Process		tive Learning, Problem	based Learning
	Modu	le-3	
Linear Data Structures-Linked I Introduction, Linked list Basic co Singly-linked List Operations and	ncept, Logical repre		

Textbook 2: Ch 9.2.9.5 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Teaching-Learning Frocess	Module-4
Non Linear Data Structures – 7	
-	ary Tree and its types, Binary Tree Representation, Binary Tree Traversal,
Binary Search tree, Expression T	rees.
Touthook 1. Ch 16 1 16 2	
Textbook1: Ch 16.1,16.2 Textbook2:Ch 10.1,10.2,10.4,1	063
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
	Module-5
Sorting and Searching	
Sorting: Introduction, Bubble so	rt Selection sort Insertion sort
Searching: Introduction, Linear s	
bear ening, mit oddetion, Enical e	
Textbook1: Ch 17.1,17.2.2, 17.	2 4 17 3 1 17 3 2
Textbook2: Ch 11.1.,11.2,11.3,	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Course Outcomes	Chaik and board, Active Learning, 110bleni based learning
At the end of the course the stud	ant will be able to:
	Ils of static and dynamic data structure.
	types of data structure with their operations.
CO 3. Interpret various search	
CO 4. Choose appropriate data	
CO 5. Develop all data structu	res in a high level language for problem solving.
Assessment Details (both CIE a	and SEE)
The weightage of Continuous In-	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.
The minimum passing mark for	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
deemed to have satisfied the a	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/
	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examinatior
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna
,	End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	n:
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	ks (duration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5	th week of the semester
2. Second test at the end of	f the 10 th week of the semester
3. Third test at the end of t	he 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Ma	rks
4. First assignment at the e	end of 4 th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at th	e end of 9 th week of the semester
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $$ for ${f 20}$
Marks (duration 01 hours)	
6. At the end of the 13^{th} we	eek of the semester
The sum of three tests, two assig	nments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks
and will be scaled down to 50 m	narks
(to have less stressed CIE, the pe	ortion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
methods of the CIE. Each method	d of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
CIE methods /question paper	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy
as per the outcome defined for	r the course.
Semester End Examination:	
Theory CEE will be conducted	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. C Programming and data structures, E Balaguruswamy 4th Edition, 2007, McGraw Hill
- 2. Systematic approach to Data structures using C, A M Padma Reddy, 7thEdition 2007, Sri Nandi Publications.

References

- 1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.
- 2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFpWCl 49i0</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x7t_-ULoAZM</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=I37kGX-nZEI</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuCbpw6Bj1U</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9PTBw0zceo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qH6yxkw0u78</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Demonstration of projects developed using Linear/Non-linear data structures

INTRODUCTIO	N TO DATABASE M	IANAGEMENT SYSTEM	S			
Course Code	21CS652	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			
Course Learning Objectives	Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1. Understand the basic con	cepts and the appli	cations of database syst	ems.			
CLO 2. Understand the relationa						
CLO 3. Master the basics of SQL		-				
CLO 4. Familiar with the basic is			encv control.			
Teaching-Learning Process (General		F				
 These are sample Strategies, which teal outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) need teaching methods could b 2. Use of Video/Animation to 3. Encourage collaborative (4. Ask at least three HOT (Hi critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Lead design thinking skills such information rather than si 6. Introduce Topics in manifi 7. Show the different ways to encourage the students to 8. Discuss how every concept helps improve the student 	not be only a tradit e adopted to attain o explain the function Group Learning) Le igher order Thinkin rning (PBL), which n as the ability to de imply recall it. Fold representations to solve the same pro- come up with their ot can be applied to ts' understanding. Module-1	tional lecture method, but the outcomes. During of various concept arning in the class. g) questions in the class fosters students' Analyt sign, evaluate, generaliz but oblem with different circle own creative ways to such the real world - and whe	at alternative effective s. , which promotes ical skills, develops e, and analyze cuits/logic and olve them. en that's possible, it			
DBMS approach, History of database ap Overview of Database Languages an schema architecture and data independence, da environment.	d Architectures: D					
Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams,Examples						
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2	2.6. 3.1 to 3.7					
· · · ·		Learning, Problem base	d learning			
	Module-2	0	<u> </u>			
Relational Model : Relational Model schemas, Update operations, transaction	Concepts, Relation	nal Model Constraints	and relationaldatabase			
Relational Algebra: Relational algebr						
Joins, Division, syntax, semantics. Oper of Queries in relational algebra.	rators, grouping an	d ungrouping, relationa	l comparison. Examples			
Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.						
Textbook 1:,ch5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;						

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration			
	Module-3			
	a types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, s in SQL, Additional features of SQL.			
Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints asassertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL.Database				
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to	o 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration			
	Module-4			
Normalization: Database Des	ign Theory - Introduction to Normalization using Functional and			
Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies,				
	ry Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form,			
	urth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples			
on normal forms.				
Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 1	5.1 to 15.6			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning			
	Module-5			
Transaction management and	d Concurrency - Control Transaction management: ACID properties,			
serializability and concurrency c	ontrol, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping			
methods, optimistic methods, da	tabase recovery management.			
Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21	.1 to 21.7;			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC			
Course Outcomes				
At the end of the course the stude				
RDBMS	ine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using			
	nguage (SQL) for database manipulation.			
CO 3. Design and build simple				
CO 4. Develop application to in Assessment Details (both CIE a				
	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.			
The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be				
The minimum passing mark for	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be			
deemed to have satisfied the ad	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/			
deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no				
deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal			
deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no (SEE), and a minimum of 40%	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together			
deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal nd Examination) taken together n :			
deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together h: ks (duration 01 hour)			
deemed to have satisfied the accourse if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 th	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal and Examination) taken together h: ks (duration 01 hour)			
deemed to have satisfied the accourse if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 th 2. Second test at the end of	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal nd Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) h week of the semester			
deemed to have satisfied the accourse if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 th 2. Second test at the end of	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal nd Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) ^h week of the semester The 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester			
deemed to have satisfied the accourse if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 2. Second test at the end of 5 3. Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the end	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal nd Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) ^h week of the semester ^c the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester rks and of 4 th week of the semester			
deemed to have satisfied the accourse if the student secures not (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 th 2. Second test at the end of the 3. Third test at the end of the Two assignments each of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the end 5. Second assignment at the	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal nd Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) ^h week of the semester th the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester rks and of 4 th week of the semester e end of 9 th week of the semester			
deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 th 2. Second test at the end of t 3. Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the e 5. Second assignment at the Group discussion/Seminar/quiz	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal nd Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) ^h week of the semester ^c the 10 th week of the semester he 15 th week of the semester rks and of 4 th week of the semester			
deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no (SEE), and a minimum of 40% Evaluation) and SEE (Semester E Continuous Internal Evaluation Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar 1. First test at the end of 5 th 2. Second test at the end of 3. Third test at the end of t Two assignments each of 10 Mar 4. First assignment at the end 5. Second assignment at the	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal nd Examination) taken together n: ks (duration 01 hour) ^h week of the semester ^c the 10 th week of the semester ^c the 15 th week of the semester rks and of 4 th week of the semester e end of 9 th week of the semester any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks			

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow3041</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad_llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Developing and demonstration of models / projects based on DBMS application

INTRO	DUCTION TO	CYBER SECURITY		
Course Code	21CS653	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03				
Course Learning Objectives	-			
CLO 1. To familiarize cybercrim	e terminologies	and ACTs		
CLO 2. Understanding cybercrin			g with the tools for	
Cybercrime and prevent	ion		-	
CLO 3. Understand the motive a	and causes for cy	bercrime, cybercrimina	ls, and investigators	
CLO 4. Understanding criminal				
Teaching-Learning Process (Genera				
5 5 7	,			
These are sample Strategies, which tea	achers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course	
outcomes.				
1. Lecturer method (L) nee				
effective teaching metho				
2. Use of Video/Animation	•	0	.S.	
3. Encourage collaborative				
4. Ask at least three HOT (H	ligher order Thir	iking) questions in the c	lass, which promotes	
critical thinking.				
5. Adopt Problem Based Le				
design thinking skills suc		o design, evaluate, genei	alize, and analyze	
information rather than s 6. Introduce Topics in mani		ions		
7. Show the different ways			t circuits /logic and	
encourage the students t				
8. Discuss how every conce				
helps improve the studer			when that's possible, it	
neipe improve die stader	Modu			
Introduction to Cybercrime:				
Cybercrime: Definition and Origins of		rcrime and Information	Security, Who are	
Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cyb	ercrimes,			
Cybercrime: The Legal Perspectives,				
Cybercrimes: An Indian Perspective,	Cybercrime and	the Indian ITA 2000		
cyber crimes. An indian i erspective,	Cyber crime and	the mulan ITA 2000.		
Textbook1:Ch1 (1.1 to 1.8).				
	alk and board, A	ctive Learning	-	
5 5	Modu	8		
Cyber offenses:				
How Criminals Plan Them: Introduc	tion How Crimin	als Plan the Attacks. So	cial Engineering Cyher	
stalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes.			eiai Engineering, ey ber	
Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Att	ack Vector			
Textbook1: Ch2 (2.1 to 2.7).				
	alk and board, A	ctive Learning		
Module-3				
Tools and Methods Used in Cybercr			onymizers. Phishing	
Password Cracking, Key loggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horses and Backdoors,				
Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks				
00	,			

Textbook1: Ch4 (4.1 to 4.9, 4.12).			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies		
	Module-4		
	Understanding the people on the scene: Introduction, understanding cyber criminals, understanding cyber victims, understanding cyber investigators.		
The Computer Investigation pro	ocess: investigating computer crime.		
Understanding Cybercrime Prevention: Understanding Network Security Concepts, Understanding Basic Cryptography Concepts, Making the Most of Hardware and Software Security			
Textbook 2:Ch3,Ch 4, Ch 7.			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Case studies		
	Module-5		
Alerts, Commercial Intrusion Dete or IP Address.	es: Security Auditing and Log Firewall Logs, Reports, Alarms, and ction Systems, Understanding E-Mail Headers Tracing a Domain Name		
Collecting and preserving digital Evidence: Introduction, understanding the role of evidence in a criminal case, collecting digital evidence, preserving digital evidence, recovering digital evidence, documenting evidence.			
TextBook 2:Ch 9, Ch 10.	Chalk and board, Case studies		
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes	Chaik and board, case studies		
	at will be able to		
 At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1. Describe the cyber crime terminologies CO 2. Analyze cybercrime in mobiles and wireless devices along with the tools for Cybercrime and prevention CO 3. Analyze the motive and causes for cybercrime, cybercriminals, and investigators CO 4. Apply the methods for understanding criminal case and evidence, detection standing criminal 			
case and evidence.			
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together			
Continuous Internal Evaluation			
 Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour) First test at the end of 5th week of the semester Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester Two assignments each of 10 Marks 			
 First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester 			
 Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks (duration 01 hours) 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester 			
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks			
	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the		

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. SunitBelapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics And Legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, 2013
- 2. Debra Little John Shinder and Michael Cross, "Scene of the cybercrime", 2nd edition, Syngress publishing Inc, Elsevier Inc, 2008

Reference Books:

- 1. Robert M Slade, "Software Forensics", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin, "Cybercrime", ABC CLIO Inc, California, 2004.
- 3. Nelson Phillips and EnfingerSteuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
- 4. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Matt Pepe, "Incident Response and Computer Forensics", Tata McGraw -Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=czDzUP1HclQ</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qS4ViqnjkC8</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.trendmicro.com/en_nz/ciso/21/h/cybercrime-today-and-the-future.html</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to Cyber security.

	PROGRAMMIN	IG IN JAVA	
Course Code	21CS654	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. Learn fundamental feat			/A.
CLO 2. To create, debug and ru		-	
CLO 3. Learn object oriented c			
CLO 4. Study the concepts of in			8
CLO 5. Discuss the String Han	<u> </u>	th Object Oriented con	cepts.
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	ral instructions)		
 These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) new effective teaching method 2. Use of Video/Animation 3. Encourage collaborative 4. Ask at least three HOT (critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Least design thinking skills su information rather than 6. Introduce Topics in mar 7. Show the different ways encourage the students 8. Discuss how every conc helps improve the stude 	ed not to be only a ods could be adopt to explain function e (Group Learning) Higher order Thinl earning (PBL), whi that as the ability to simply recall it. hifold representation to solve the same to come up with the ept can be applied	traditional lecture me ed to attain the outcor ning of various concep Learning in the class. king) questions in the ch fosters students' An design, evaluate, gene ons. problem with differer teir own creative ways to the real world - and g.	thod, but alternative nes. ots. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop eralize, and analyze nt circuits/logic and
An Overview of Java : Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries.			
Data Types, Variables, and Arrays : Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings			
Textbook 1:Ch 2,Ch 3.			
Teaching-Learning Process0		oblem based learning	
	Module		
Operators: Arithmetic Operators, Operators, The Assignment Operator	-		
Control Statements: Java's Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements.			
Textbook 1:Ch 4,Ch 5.			
	halk and board, Ac	ctive Learning, Demon	stration
	Module		
Introducing Classes : Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize() Method, A Stack Class.			
A Closer Look at Methods and Cla	asses: Overloading	g Methods, Using Obje	ects as Parameters, A Closer

Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited. **Inheritance:** Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding.

Textbook 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9, Ch 8.1-8.5

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Module-4

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.

Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions

Textbook 1: Ch 9,Ch 10.

Teaching-Learning Process Chalk& board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
Module-5	

Enumerations : Enumerations, Type Wrappers.

String Handling: The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.

Textbook 1: Ch 12.1,12.2,Ch 15.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Develop JAVA programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- CO 2. Develop JAVA program using packages, inheritance and interface.
- CO 3. Develop JAVA programs to implement error handling techniques using exception handling
- CO 4. Demonstrate string handling concepts using JAVA.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,15)

Reference Books:

- 1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2008, ISBN:9788131720806.
- 2. Rajkumar Buyya,SThamarasiselvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
- 3. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.
- 4. Anita Seth and B L Juneja, JAVA One step Ahead, Oxford University Press, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using JAVA

	COMPUTER GRAPH	IICS AND IMAG	E PROCESSING LABOR	ATORY
Course Co	ode	21CSL66	CIE Marks	50
	Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
0	irs of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits 1 Exam Hours 03				
Course O	bjectives:			
	CLO 1: Demonstrate the use			
	CLO 2: Demonstrate the diffe			GL
	CLO 3: Demonstration of 2D			
	LO 4: Demonstration of ligh			
	CLO 5: Demonstration of Ima			
Sl. No.	Installation of Or		se Programs	
			Python and required head Drawing simple geometric	
	rectangle, square		nawing simple geometric	object like lille, cli cle,
			peration on an image/s)	
			PART A	
	List of problems for whi		d develop program and e	execute in the
	Laboratory using openG			
1.			esenham's line drawing te	chnique
2.			eometric operations on th	-
3.		~ ~ ~	eometric operations on th	
4.		-	sformation on basic object	
5.				
<u> </u>	Develop a program to demonstrate 3D transformation on 3D objects Develop a program to demonstrate Animation effects on simple objects.			
0.				
7.	right and left.	a digital image. Sp	olit and display image into	4 quadrants, up, down,
8.		rotation scaling	and translation on an ima	σρ
0.		-	ow-level features such as	-
9.	-	act and display i	ow-level leatures such as	s euges, textures using
10	filtering techniques.		·	
10.	Write a program to blur a	-	image.	
11.	Write a program to conto	-		
12.	Write a program to detec		-	
			PART B	
			Based Learning	
	examination, Some of the		nd it should be demonst	trate in the laboratory
			gh Image Processing	
	 Recognition of Fa Recognition of Fa 			
	 Detection of Drov 			
	 Recognition of H 	•		
	 Detection of Kidr 		- 0	
	Verification of Si			
	 Compression of Compression of Compression 			
	 Classification of I 			
	 Detection of Skin Marking System 		ng Imaga Ducasasing	
	 Marking System Detection of Live 		ng Image Processing	
	 Detection of Live IRIS Segmentation 			
	 Detection of Skin 		Plant Disease	
	 Biometric Sensin 		i min Discuse	
			s to understand the pre	esent developments in
1	agriculture.	-	_	-
		<u>helps high sch</u> oo	ol/college students to un	derstand the scientific

Image: constraint of the student state of the s
 At the end of the course the student will be able to: CO 1: Use openGL /OpenCV for the development of mini Projects. CO 2: Analyze the necessity mathematics and design required to demonstrate basic geometric transformation techniques. CO 3: Demonstrate the ability to design and develop input interactive techniques. CO 4: Apply the concepts to Develop user friendly applications using Graphics and IP concepts. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE). Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
 CO 1: Use openGL /OpenCV for the development of mini Projects. CO 2: Analyze the necessity mathematics and design required to demonstrate basic geometric transformation techniques. CO 3: Demonstrate the ability to design and develop input interactive techniques. CO 4: Apply the concepts to Develop user friendly applications using Graphics and IP concepts. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE). Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
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 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE). Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE): CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks .
The cality up of CIE marks for record / journal and test are in the actic CO-40
 The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio 60:40. Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session. Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks. Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks). Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time. Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester. In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce. The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored by the student.
Semester End Evaluation (SEE).
 SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks. SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination. (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. OR based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners. Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

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	ROBOTIC PROCE	SS AUTOMATIO	N DESIGN AND DEVE	ELOPMENT
Course Cod	e	21CD71	CIE Marks	50
Teaching H	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	Hours of Pedagogy 40 Total Marks 100			
Credits		3	Exam Hours	3
Course Lea	rning Objectives			
	1. To understand basic c		d and have its implaman	tad
	2. To Describe RPA, whe			
	CLO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, Control Flow and data manipulation techniques CLO 4. To Understand Image, Text and Data Tables Automation			
	5. To Describe various ty			2
Teaching-I	Learning Process (Gene	eral Instructions)		
	ample Strategies, which	teachers can use to	o accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcomes. 1	Lacturar math ad (L) no	and not to be only a	a traditional lecture met	had but alternative
1.		-	ted to attain the outcon	
2.	-	-	oning of various concep	
2.	,	•) Learning in the class.	ເວ.
3. 4.	-		hking) questions in the o	class which promotes
т.	critical thinking.	(inglier order rin	iking) questions in the (class, which promotes
5.	-	Learning (PRL) wh	nich fosters students' Ar	alvtical skills, develop
0.			o design, evaluate, gene	
	information rather tha	-	o debigii, evaluate, gene	
6.	Introduce Topics in ma		ions.	
7.				
	-		heir own creative ways	
8.	-	-	•	when that's possible, it
	helps improve the stud			······································
		Modu	-	
RPA Found	lations- What is RPA - 1			fits of RPA- The downsides
			•	comation- The Workforce of
	-		-	nming Languages and Low
				n and Waterfall0 DevOps-
Flowcharts				
Textbook 1	l: Ch 1, Ch 2			
Teaching-I	Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	Active Learning, Problem	n based learning
		Modu	le-2	
RPA Platfo	orms- Components of H	RPA- RPA Platform	ns-About Ui Path- Abo	out UiPath - The future of
automation	- Record and Play - Do	wnloading and in	stalling UiPath Studio ·	-Learning Ui Path Studio
Task record	ler - Step-by-step examp	les using the recor	der.	
Textbook 2	Textbook 2: Ch 1, Ch 2			
Teaching-I	Learning Process	Chalk and board. A	Active Learning, Demons	stration
	0	Modu	-	
Sequence.	Flowchart, and Contr			ities-Control flow, various
-		-	•	ind Flowchart-Step-by-step
V1 - 0	• ·			r y - F

example using Sequence and Control flow-Data Manipulation-Variables and Scope-Collections-Arguments – Purpose and use-Data table usage with examples-Clipboard management-File operation with step-by-step example-CSV/Excel to data table and vice versa (with a step-by-step example).

Textbook 2: Ch 3, Ch 4

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration	
Module-4		

Taking Control of the Controls- Finding and attaching windows- Finding the control- Techniques for waiting for a control- Act on controls – mouse and keyboard activities- Working with UiExplorer-Handling events- Revisit recorder- Screen Scraping- When to use OCR- Types of OCR available- How to use OCR- Avoiding typical failure points.

Textbook 2: Ch 5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning	
Module-5		

Exception Handling, Debugging, and Logging- Exception handling- Common exceptions and ways to handle them- Logging and taking screensHOT- Debugging techniques- Collecting crash dumps- Error reporting- Future of RPA

Textbook 2: Ch 8 Textbook 1: Ch 13

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes	

Course Outcomes

CO 1. To Understand the basic concepts of RPA

- CO 2. To Describe various components and platforms of RPA
- CO 3. To Describe the different types of variables, control flow and data manipulation techniques
- CO 4. To Understand various control techniques and OCR in RPA
- CO 5. To Describe various types and strategies to handle exceptions

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Tom Taulli , The Robotic Process Automation Handbook : A Guide to Implementing RPA Systems, 2020, ISBN-13 (electronic): 978-1-4842-5729-6, Publisher : Apress
- 2. Alok Mani Tripathi, Learning Robotic Process Automation, Publisher: Packt Publishing Release Date: March 2018 ISBN: 9781788470940

Reference:

- 1. Frank Casale, Rebecca Dilla, Heidi Jaynes, Lauren Livingston, "Introduction to Robotic Process Automation: a Primer", Institute of Robotic Process Automation.
- 2. Richard Murdoch, Robotic Process Automation: Guide To Building Software Robots, Automate Repetitive Tasks & Become An RPA Consultant
- 3. Srikanth Merianda, Robotic Process Automation Tools, Process Automation and their benefits: Understanding RPA and Intelligent Automation

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• https://www.uipath.com/rpa/robotic-process-automation

CLOUD COMPUTING			
Course Code	21CS72	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100
Credits	02	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- CLO 1. Introduce the rationale behind the cloud computing revolution and the business drivers
- CLO 2. Introduce various models of cloud computing
- CLO 3. Introduction on how to design cloud native applications, the necessary tools and the design tradeoffs.
- CLO 4. Realize the importance of Cloud Virtualization, Abstraction's and Enabling Technologies and cloud security

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction:

Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, Historical Developments, Building Cloud Computing Environments, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google AppEngine, Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka

Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1,1.2 and 1.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning
	Module-2
Virtualization: Introduction, Char	acteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxonomy of
Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtualization,	
Virtualization and Cloud Computin	g, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology Examples
Textbook 1 : Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.	ó
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning
	Module-3
Cloud Computing Architecture: the Cloud, Open Challenges	Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Types of Clouds, Economics of

Textbook 1: Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.5

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration
	Module-4
Cloud Security: Risks, Top con	cern for cloud users, privacy impact assessment, trust, OS security, VM
	y shared images and management OS.
Textbook 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board
Cloud Distance in Industry	Module-5
Cloud Platforms in Industry	pute services, Storage services, Communication services, Additional
	Architecture and core concepts, Application life cycle, Cost model,
Observations.	mentecture and core concepts, appreation me cycle, cost model,
Textbook 1: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9	9.2
Claud Ameliant's se	
Cloud Applications:	Care: ECG analysis in the cloud, Biology: gene expression data analysis fo
	atellite image processing. Business and consumer applications: CRM and
ERP, Social networking, media a	
ERF, Social networking, metha a	ppications.
Textbook 1: Chapter 10: 10.1	ro 10.2
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board
Course outcome (Course Skill	Set)
At the end of the course the stud	ent will be able to:
CO 1. Understand and analyze	e various cloud computing platforms and service provider.
CO 2. Illustrate various virtua	lization concepts.
	e, infrastructure and delivery models of cloud computing.
CO 4. Understand the Security	v aspects of CLOUD.
CO 5. Define platforms for dev	velopment of cloud applications
Assessment Details (both CIE a	and SEE)
	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%
	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be
	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject,
	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination
	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Interna
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester I	End Examination) taken together
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	n:
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	ks (duration 01 hour)
1. First test at the end of 5	th week of the semester
	f the 10 th week of the semester
	the 15 th week of the semester
Two assignments each of 10 Ma	
-	
-	end of 4 th week of the semester
5. Second assignment at th	ne end of 9 th week of the semester

5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20** Marks (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module **Suggested Learning Resources:**

Textbooks

- 1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamrai Selvi Mastering Cloud Computing McGraw Hill Education.
- 2. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Compting Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013

Reference Books

- 1. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach, McGraw-Hill Osborne Media.
- 2. George Reese, Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud, O'Reilly Publication.
- 3. John Rhoton, Cloud Computing Explained: Implementation Handbook for Enterprises, Recursive Press.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1N3oqYhzHv4</u>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RWgW-CgdIk0

		MULTIMEDI	A DESIGN	
Course Code)	21CD731	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Lea	rning Objectives	·		·
CLO 1	. Understand characteris	tics of Multimedia	contents	
CLO 2	2. Understand and compa	re different text an	d image standards.	
CLO 3	. Understand audio digit	ization, processing	, and storage.	
CLO 4	. Understand video digit	ization, processing	g, and storage.	
CLO 5	. Ability to build simple	multimedia solution	ons that utilizes knowle	edge of text, image, audio
	and video standards.			
Teaching-L	earning Process (Genera	al Instructions)		
These are sa	mple Strategies, which te	achers can use to a	ccelerate the attainmen	t of the various course
outcomes.				
	Lecturer method (L) nee	ds not to be only a	traditional lecture meth	od, but alternative effective
	teaching methods could			
2.	Use of Video/Animation	•		
3.	, Encourage collaborative	-		
4.	_		-	ss, which promotes critical
	thinking.	0	0,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1	r
5.	-	arning (PBL), whic	h fosters students' Anal [,]	ytical skills, develop design
				analyse information rather
	than simply recall it.	, ,	, 0 ,	5
6.	Introduce Topics in mani	fold representation	ns.	
7.	•	-		ircuits/logic and encourage
	the students to come up			,
8.				hen that's possible, it helps
	improve the students' un			
	-	Modul	e-1	
Overview:	Introduction, Multimed	ia Presentation a	and Production, Chara	acteristics of a Multimedia
Presentation	n, Hardware and Software	Requirements, Ana	alog and Digital Represe	entations, Digitization.
Textbook1	-			
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Dem	onstrations		
Learning				
Process				
		Modul		
Formats. Im	age - Introduction, Imag			Text Compression, Text File , Image File Formats, Image
Processing S	oftware			
Textbook1	Chapter 2 & 3			
	Chalk and board, Dem	onstration, Experir	nentation	
Teaching-				
Teaching- Learning				
-				

Audio: Introduction, Acoustics, Types and Properties of Sounds, Psycho-Acoustics, Digital Audio, Musical Instrument Digital Interface (MIDI), Digital Audio Processing, Speech, Audio File Formats.

Textbook 1: chapter 5

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Demonstration, Experimentation
Learning	
Process	
	Nr. J. J. A

Module-4

Video: Introduction, Motion Video, Digital Video, Digital Video Processing, Video Recording and Storage Formats, Video File Formats, Video Editing Concepts.

Textbook 1: Chapter 6

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Demonstration, Experimentation
Learning	
Process	

Module-5

Architecture and Design: Introduction, User Interfaces, OS Multimedia Support, Multimedia Extensions, Distributed Multimedia Applications, Real-time Protocols, Synchronization.

Textbook 1: Chapter 10

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will able to:

- CO 1. Use optimally Multimedia content
- CO 2. Understand different text and image standards.
- CO 3. Appreciate audio digitization, processing, and storage.
- CO 4. Appreciate video digitization, processing, and storage.
- CO 5. Build simple multimedia solutions that utilizes knowledge of text, image, audio and video standards.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester
- 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). **CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the**

outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook:

1. Principles of Multimedia – 2nd edition by Ranjan Parekh. McGraw Hill publication

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/117/105/117105083/

Course Code	A	NIMATION AND	GAME DESIGN	
		21CD732	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hou	rs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours o	f Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learn	ning Objectives			
	Understand the basics of	-	-	
	Demonstrate the princi	-	and operations	
	Explain 2D animation to	-		
	Describing and Solving			
	Demonstrate applicatio		igns	
Teaching-Lea	arning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		
These are san	nple Strategies, which te	acher can use to ac	celerate the attainment	of the various course
outcomes.				
		-		l, but alternative effective
	eaching methods could	-		
2. U	Jse of Video/Animation	to explain function	ing of various concepts.	
3. I	Encourage collaborative	(Group Learning) I	Learning in the class.	
		ligher order Think	ing) questions in the clas	ss, which promotes critical
t	hinking.			
5. A	Adopt Problem Based Le	earning (PBL), whic	h fosters students' Analy	rtical skills, develop design
t	hinking skills such as th	e ability to design,	evaluate, generalize, and	analyse information rather
t	han simply recall it.			
6. I	ntroduce Topics in man	ifold representation	ns.	
7. I	Discuss how every conce	ept can be applied t	o the real world - and w	hen that's possible, it helps
i	mprove the students' u	nderstanding.		
		Modul	e-1	
	mations- Developmen			
			gn, The Evolution of 3D	Character Design, Animation
Style, Concept	t and Environment Desi	gn.		
	ncing: Animation Mark	ets, Scheduling and	Budgeting, Investment	, Marketing, and Distributior
Possibilities.				
	Chapter 1, Chapter 2 a			
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Activ	ve Learning, Anima	tion Videos	
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Activ	ze Learning, Anima	tion Videos	
Teaching- Learning	Chalk and board, Activ	ve Learning, Anima	tion Videos	
Text book 1: Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and board, Activ	ze Learning, Anima Modul		
Teaching- Learning Process Principles of	f Animation: Key Pose	Modul s, Breakdowns, an	e-2 d Inbetweens, Timing,	
Teaching- Learning Process Principles of Paths of Actio	f Animation: Key Pose on, Holds, Emphasis, Ar	Modul s, Breakdowns, an hticipation, Weight	e-2 d Inbetweens, Timing, and Weighted Moveme	nt, Flexibility and Fluid Joint
Teaching- Learning Process Principles of Paths of Actio Movement, O	f Animation : Key Pose on, Holds, Emphasis, Ar verlapping Action, Gene	Modul s, Breakdowns, an hticipation, Weight ric Walks, Walk Cy	e-2 d Inbetweens, Timing, and Weighted Moveme	nt, Flexibility and Fluid Join
Teaching- Learning Process Principles of Paths of Actio Movement, O	f Animation: Key Pose on, Holds, Emphasis, Ar	Modul s, Breakdowns, an hticipation, Weight ric Walks, Walk Cy	e-2 d Inbetweens, Timing, and Weighted Moveme	nt, Flexibility and Fluid Join
Teaching- Learning Process Principles of Paths of Actio Movement, O Lip Sync, Laug	f Animation : Key Pose on, Holds, Emphasis, Ar verlapping Action, Gene ghter, Takes, Eyes and E	Modul s, Breakdowns, an hticipation, Weight ric Walks, Walk Cy	e-2 d Inbetweens, Timing, and Weighted Moveme	nt, Flexibility and Fluid Joint
Teaching- Learning Process Principles of Paths of Actio Movement, O Lip Sync, Laug Text book 1:	f Animation: Key Pose on, Holds, Emphasis, Ar verlapping Action, Gene ghter, Takes, Eyes and E Chapter 8	Modul s, Breakdowns, an nticipation, Weight ric Walks, Walk Cy xpressions.	d Inbetweens, Timing, and Weighted Moveme cles, Runs and Run Cycle	Extreme Positions, Arcs and nt, Flexibility and Fluid Join es, Silhouetting, Dialogue and
Teaching- Learning Process Principles of Paths of Actio Movement, O Lip Sync, Laug Text book 1: Teaching-	f Animation : Key Pose on, Holds, Emphasis, Ar verlapping Action, Gene ghter, Takes, Eyes and E	Modul s, Breakdowns, an nticipation, Weight ric Walks, Walk Cy xpressions.	d Inbetweens, Timing, and Weighted Moveme cles, Runs and Run Cycle	nt, Flexibility and Fluid Joint
Teaching- Learning Process Principles of Paths of Actio Movement, O Lip Sync, Laug Text book 1: Teaching- Learning	f Animation: Key Pose on, Holds, Emphasis, Ar verlapping Action, Gene ghter, Takes, Eyes and E Chapter 8	Modul s, Breakdowns, an nticipation, Weight ric Walks, Walk Cy xpressions.	d Inbetweens, Timing, and Weighted Moveme cles, Runs and Run Cycle	nt, Flexibility and Fluid Joint
Teaching- Learning Process Principles of Paths of Actio Movement, O Lip Sync, Laug Text book 1: Teaching-	f Animation: Key Pose on, Holds, Emphasis, Ar verlapping Action, Gene ghter, Takes, Eyes and E Chapter 8	Modul s, Breakdowns, an nticipation, Weight ric Walks, Walk Cy xpressions.	d Inbetweens, Timing, and Weighted Moveme cles, Runs and Run Cycle tion Videos	nt, Flexibility and Fluid Joint

2D Animation Basics: Keys, In-betweens, and Timing, Dope (Exposure) Sheets and Production Folders, Flipping and Peg Bars, Using Peg Bars

Text book 1: Chapter 10 and Chapter 11

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	

Module-4

Introduction to Game theory: What is game theory? An outline of the history of game theory , John von Neumann, The theory of rational choice, Coming attractions.

Games with Perfect Information: Nash Equilibrium: Theory , Strategic games, Nash equilibrium, Examples of Nash equilibrium, Experimental evidence on the Prisoner's Dilemma, Focal points, Best response functions, Dominated actions, Equilibrium in a single population: symmetric games and symmetric equilibria

Text book 2: Chapter 1 and Chapter 2

Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning and Collaborative Learning
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5

Nash Equilibrium: Illustrations, Cournot's model of oligopoly, Bertrand's model of oligopoly, Cournot, Bertrand, and Nash: some historical notes, Electoral competition, The War of Attrition, Auctions, Auctions from Babylonia to eBay, Accident law

Text Book 2: Chapter 3

	F
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning and Collaborative Learning
Learning	
Process	

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the Basics of Animation techniques.
- CO 2. Describe principles animation techniques.
- CO 3. Demonstrate the functions of 2D Animation techniques.
- CO 4. Apply game theory in real-time animated projects.
- CO 5. Apply the models of the Game theory problems

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and
will be scaled down to 50 marks
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the
outcome defined for the course.
Semester End Examination:
Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers
for the subject (duration 03 hours)
1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a
maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module
Suggested Learning Resources:
Text Books
1. Animation From Pencil to Pixels, Tony White, Classical Techniques for Digital Animators, Focal Press
is an imprint of Elsevier.
2. Martin Osborne: An introduction to game theory, Oxford University Press, Indian Edition, 2004.
Reference:
1. 1. Sketching for Beginners: Step-by-step Guide to Getting Started With Your Drawing
2. Perspective Made Easy (Dover Art Instruction)
3. Roger B Myerson: Game theory: Analysis of Conflict, Harvard University Press, 1997
4. An Introduction to Game Theory: Strategy, Joel Watson, W W Norton and Company.
5. Algorithmic Game Theory, Noam Nisan, Tim Roughgarden, Eva Tardos, Vijay V Vazirani, Cambridge
University Press
Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
 <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zJonHY5BcTQ</u> – Animation & Game Art Design
• <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yyKctxdo9KI</u> - Gaming , VFX and Animation course at
IIT Bombay
 <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-woaDyBXkyU</u> - Animation Tutorial
 <u>https://www.linkedin.com/learning/topics/3d-animation</u> - 3D Animation
 <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n7u1puLdP90</u> – Game Design Fundamentals
 https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering-and-computer-science/6-189-
multicore-programming-primer-january-jap-2007/lecture-notes-and-video/l16-
introduction-to-game-development/ - Game Development
 <u>https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/comparative-media-studies-writing/cms-608-game-design-</u>
spring-2008/lecture-notes/
 https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering-and-computer-science/6-838-
 algorithms-for-computer-animation-fall-2002/download-course-materials/
 <u>https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/comparative-media-studies-writing/cms-608-game-design-</u> foll 2010 (audia lastware (lastware 25 figtion and starting in games)
fall-2010/audio-lectures/lecture-25-fiction-and-stories-in-games/
Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

USER INTERFACE DESIGN			
Course Code	21IS733	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

CLO 1. To study the concept of menus, windows, interfaces.

- CLO 2. To study about business functions.
- CLO 3. To study the characteristics and components of windows and the various controls for the windows.
- CLO 4. To study about various problems in windows design with color, text, graphics and
- CLO 5. To study the testing methods.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

The User Interface-Introduction, Overview, The importance of user interface Defining the user interface, The importance of Good design, Characteristics of graphical and web user interfaces, Principles of user interface design.

Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Demonstration, MOOC

Module-2

The User Interface Design process- Obstacles, Usability, Human characteristics in Design, Human Interaction speeds, Business functions-Business definition and requirement analysis, Basic business functions, Design standards.

Textbook 1: Part-2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning
	Module-3
	Module-3

System menus and navigation schemes- Structures of menus, Functions of menus, Contents of menus, Formatting of menus, Phrasing the menu, Selecting menu choices, Navigating menus, Kinds of graphical menus.

Textbook 1: Part-2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration		
	Module-4		
Windows - Characteristics, Components of window, Window presentation styles, Types of window, Window management, Organizing window functions, Window operations, Web systems, Characteristics of device based controls.			
Textbook 1: Part-2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
	Module-5		
-	le control, Text control, Selection control, Custom control, Presentation		
control, Windows Tests-prototy	pes, kinds of tests.		
Textbook 1: Part-2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Demonstration, MOOC		
Course Outcomes:			
At the end of the course the stud	lent will be able to:		
CO 1. Understand importance	and characteristics of user interface design		
	sign process on business functions		
CO 3. Demonstrate system me	enus, navigation schemes and windows characteristics		
CO 4. Analyze screen based co	ontrols and device based controls		
CO 5. Design the prototypes a	nd test plans of user interface		
Assessment Details (both CIE a	and SEE)		
Assessment Details (both till)			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together			
Continuous Internal Evaluatio	n:		
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mar	ks (duration 01 hour)		
1. First test at the end of 5	th week of the semester		
	f the 10 th week of the semester		
	the 15 th week of the semester		
Two assignments each of 10 Ma			
_			
0	end of 4 th week of the semester		
5. Second assignment at th	ne end of 9 th week of the semester		
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$		
Marks (duration 01 hours)			
6. At the end of the 13^{th} w			
	gnments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
and will be scaled down to 50 i	narks		
(to have less stressed CIF, the n	ortion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the		
	od of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).		
CIE methods /question paper	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy		

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks:

1. Wilbert O, Galitz, "The Essential Guide to User Interface Design", John Wiley & Sons, Second Edition 2002

Reference Books:

- 1. Ben Sheiderman, "Design the User Interface", Pearson Education, 1998
- 2. Alan Cooper, "The Essential of User Interface Design", Wiley-Dream Tech Ltd., 2002

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc19/SEM1/noc19-ar10/
- 2. https://www.vtupulse.com/cbcs-cse-notes/17cs832-user-interface-design-uid-notes/
- 3. https://www.brainkart.com/subject/User-Interface-Design_145/
- 4. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/electrical-engineering-and-computer-science/6-831-userinterface-design-and-implementation-spring-2011/lecture-notes/
- 5. https://lecturenotes.in/download/material/21405-user-interface-design

		BLOCKCHAIN T	ECHNOLOGY	
Course Cod		21CS734	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	rs of Pedagogy 40 Total Marks 100			
Credits				
Course Lea	rning Objectives			
	L. Explain the fundamen		computing and blockcha	ain
	2. Discuss the concepts i			
	 Demonstrate Ethereus earning Process (Generation) 			
reaching-L	earning Process (Gene			
	ample Strategies, which	teachers can use to	accelerate the attainmo	ent of the various course
outcomes.		1 1 1		1 1 1 4 14 44
1.			traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom	
2.	0	•	oning of various concept	
2. 3.	Encourage collaborativ	-	• •	
3. 4.	-	• • •	iking) questions in the c	lass which promotos
4.	critical thinking.		iking) questions in the t	1235, WIICH PLUIIULES
5.	-	Learning (PBL), wh	ich fosters students' An	alytical skills, develop
	-	• • •	o design, evaluate, gener	•
	information rather tha	-	, , g ·	
6.	Introduce Topics in ma		ions.	
7.				
encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.				
8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
helps improve the students' understanding.				
		Modu		
	n 101: Distributed sys , CAP theorem and bloc			on to blockchain, Types of chain.
Decentraliz	zation and Cryptograp	hv: Decentralizatio	n using blockchain. Met	hods of decentralization,
	ecentralization, Decentra	-	-	
		andea or gamzacion		
Textbook	1: Chapter 1, 2			
Teaching-L	earning Process	Chalk and board, A	ctive Learning – Oral pr	esentations.
		Modu	le-2	
Introductio	on to Cryptography & C	ryptocurrencies:	Cryptographic Hash Fu	nctions, Hash Pointers and
Data Struct	ures, Digital Signatures,	Public Keys as Iden	itities, A Simple Cryptoc	urrency,
How Bitcoi	n Achieves Decentraliz	ation: Distributed	consensus, Consensus	without identity using a
block chain,	, Incentives and proof of	work, Putting it all	together,	
	2: Chapter 1, 2			
Teaching-L	earning Process	Chalk and board, D		
		Modu	le-3	
Mechanics	of Bitcoin: Bitcoin trans	sactions, Bitcoin Sc	ripts, Applications of Bi	tcoin scripts, Bitcoin blocks,
	network, Limitations an			
House Cr.	no and Hao Ditaging Ci		Hat and Cald Stars	Culitting and Charity - We
now to 5to	re and use bitcoins: Sil	inple Local Storage	, посана Cola Storage, S	Splitting and Sharing Keys,

Online Wallets and Exchanges, Pa	yment Services, Transaction Fees, Currency Exchange Markets		
	,		
Textbook2: Chapter 3,4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration, MOOC		
0 0	Module-4		
Bitcoin Mining: The task of Bitco	in miners, Mining Hardware, Energy consumption and ecology, Mining		
pools, Mining incentives and strat			
r, 0			
Bitcoin and Anonymity: Anonym	nity Basics, How to De-anonymize Bitcoin, Mixing, Decentralized Mixing,		
Zerocoin and Zerocash,			
Textbook2: Chapter 5,6			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, MOOC		
	Module-5		
Smart Contracts and Ethereum	101:		
Smart Contracts: Definition, Ricar	dian contracts.		
Ethereum 101: Introduction, Eth	ereum blockchain, Elements of the Ethereum blockchain, Precompiled		
contracts.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 10			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC, Practical Demonstration		
Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:		
	Distrbuted computing and its role in Blockchain		
	Cryptography and its role in Blockchain		
	cks and applications of Blockchain		
CO 4. Appreciate the technolog	ate the Ethereum platform to develop blockchain application.		
Assessment Details (both CIE a			
-	ernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.		
	the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be		
	ademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/		
	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
	40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal		
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester Er			
Continuous Internal Evaluation:			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mark			
1. First test at the end of 5^{th}			
2. Second test at the end of	he 10 th week of the semester		
3. Third test at the end of th	e 15 th week of the semester		
Two assignments each of 10 Mar	۲S		
4. First assignment at the er	nd of 4 th week of the semester		
5. Second assignment at the	end of 9 th week of the semester		
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz	any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for ${f 20}$		
Marks (duration 01 hours)			
6. At the end of the 13^{th} we	k of the semester		
The sum of three tests, two assign	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
and will be scaled down to 50 m	arks		
(to have less stressed CIE, the poi	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the		
methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).			
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy			

as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Mastering Blockchain Distributed ledgers, decentralization and smart contracts explained, Imran Bashir, Packt Publishing Ltd, Second Edition, ISBN 978-1-78712-544-5, 2017.
- 2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward W. Felten, Andrew Miller, Steven Goldfeder and Jeremy Clark., Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies: A Comprehensive Introduction. Princeton University Press, 2016.

Reference:

1. Mastering Bitcoins: Unlocking Digital Cryptocurrencies by Andreas Antonopoulos. O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2013.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>http://bitcoinbook.cs.princeton.edu/? ga=2.8302578.1344744326.1642688462-86383721.1642688462</u>
- 2. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105184/</u>
- 3. <u>https://ethereum.org/en/developers/</u>
- 4. <u>https://developer.ibm.com/components/hyperledger-fabric/tutorials/</u>

	OPERAT	TING SYSTEMS CO	ONCEPTS AND DESIG	N
Course Code		21CD735	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hour	s/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learni CLO 1. E CLO 2. U CLO 3. E a CLO 5. S Teaching-Lea These are samp outcomes. 1. Lo te 2. U 3. E 4. A th 5. A	operating Systems Explain distributed operating Systems Explain distributed operations, Deadlock de Ilustrate concepts of en and security issues Etudy Kernel organization rning Process (Gener ple Strategies, which te ecture method (L) need eaching methods could se of Video/Animation ncourage collaborative sk at least three HOT (fa ninking. dopt Problem Based Le	s of Operating Syste d threads, microker erating system conce etection algorithms nbedded systems a ion al Instructions) eachers can use to a ds not to be only a t be adopted to attai to explain function c (Group Learning) I Higher order Think earning (PBL), whic	ems. The and illustration of the epts that includes archit and agreement protoco nd different types of Em ccelerate the attainmen raditional lecture methor n the outcomes. ing of various concepts. Learning in the class. ing) questions in the class.	nese in Windows and Linux recture, Mutual exclusion ls ubedded Operating Systems t of the various course od, but alternative effective
6. In 7. D	nan simply recall it. htroduce Topics in man iscuss how every conce nprove the students' u	ept can be applied t		hen that's possible, it helps
	*	Modu	le-1	
The Evolution Systems, Micro Process Descr	of Operating System pooft Windows Overvie ription and Control: V	s, Major Achieven w, Traditional UND What is a Process?,	nents, Developments Le K Systems, Modern UNIX Process States, Process	em Objectives and Functions eading to Modern Operating X Systems, Description, Process Control e Operating System, Security
Text 1: Chapte	er 2, Chapter 3			
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and board, Acti	ve Learning, Collabo	orative Learning	
I		Modu	le-2	
Windows Vista	a Thread and SMP Hou	rocesses and Threa irs Management, Li	ds, Symmetric Multipro nux Process and Thread	cessing (SMP), Micro Kernels I Management. Hardware and nt, Windows Vista Memor

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Collaborative Learning
Learning	
Process	
	Module-3
-	For and Real-Time Scheduling: Multiprocessor Scheduling, Real-Time Scheduling, Linux NIX PreclsSl) Scheduling, Windows Vista Hours Scheduling,
Process Migr	ration: Distributed Global States, Distributed Mutual Exclusion, Distributed Deadlock
Text 1: Chap	ter 10 and Chapter 16
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Collaborative Learning
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
TinyOS, Comp	perating Systems: Embedded Systems, Characteristics of Embedded Operating Systems, eCOS outer Security Concepts, Threats, Attacks, and Assets, Intruders, Malicious Software Overview ns, and Bots, Rootkits.
Text 1: Chap	ter 13
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5
and Device M	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resource
and Device M Management, Memory Man	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resource Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management.
and Device M Management, Memory Mana Text 2: Chap	ter 20
and Device M Management, Memory Man Text 2: Chap Teaching-	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resource Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management.
and Device M Management, Memory Man Text 2: Chap Teaching- Learning	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resource Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management.
and Device M Management, Memory Mana Text 2: Chap Teaching- Learning Process	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resource Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management. ter 20 Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning
and Device M Management, Memory Man Text 2: Chap Teaching Learning Process Course Outco	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resource Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management. ter 20 Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning Omes
and Device M Management, Memory Mana Text 2: Chap Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of the CO 1. Describe CO 2. Explain	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resource Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management. ter 20 Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning omes the course the student will be able to: the basics Operating system, Process creation and management for Inter process Communication. Concepts process and threads, microkernel and illustration of these in Windows and Linux
and Device M Management, Memory Man Text 2: Chap Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of t CO 1. Describ CO 2. Explain operating Sys CO 3. Describ demonstrate	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resourc Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management. ter 20 Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning omes the course the student will be able to: e basics Operating system, Process creation and management for Inter process Communication. Concepts process and threads, microkernel and illustration of these in Windows and Linux tems e multiprocessor and real time scheduling in Windows and Linux operating Systems and distributed Mutual exclusion and Deadlock
and Device M Management, Memory Mana Text 2: Chap Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of the CO 1. Describe CO 2. Explain operating Sys CO 3. Describe demonstrate CO 4. Explain TinyOS and se	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resource Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management. ter 20 Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning omes the course the student will be able to: a basics Operating system, Process creation and management for Inter process Communication. Concepts process and threads, microkernel and illustration of these in Windows and Linux tems a multiprocessor and real time scheduling in Windows and Linux operating Systems and distributed Mutual exclusion and Deadlock the concepts of embedded systems and different types of Embedded Operating Systems like ecurity concepts related to OS
and Device M Management, Memory Mana Text 2: Chap Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of the CO 1. Describe CO 2. Explain operating Sys CO 3. Describe demonstrate CO 4. Explain TinyOS and se	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resourc Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management. ter 20 Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning the course the student will be able to: e basics Operating system, Process creation and management for Inter process Communication. Concepts process and threads, microkernel and illustration of these in Windows and Linux tems e multiprocessor and real time scheduling in Windows and Linux operating Systems and distributed Mutual exclusion and Deadlock the concepts of embedded systems and different types of Embedded Operating Systems like
and Device M Management, Memory Man Text 2: Chap Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of t CO 1. Describe CO 2. Explain operating Sys CO 3. Describe demonstrate CO 4. Explain TinyOS and se CO 5. Illustrat	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resourc Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management. ter 20 Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning omes the course the student will be able to: a basics Operating system, Process creation and management for Inter process Communication. Concepts process and threads, microkernel and illustration of these in Windows and Linux tems a multiprocessor and real time scheduling in Windows and Linux operating Systems and distributed Mutual exclusion and Deadlock the concepts of embedded systems and different types of Embedded Operating Systems like ecurity concepts related to OS
and Device M Management, Memory Mana Text 2: Chap Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of f CO 1. Describ CO 2. Explain operating Sys CO 3. Describ demonstrate CO 4. Explain TinyOS and se CO 5. Illustrat Assessment I The weightag minimum pas have satisfied	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resource Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management. ter 20 Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning be course the student will be able to: a basics Operating system, Process creation and management for Inter process Communication Concepts process and threads, microkernel and illustration of these in Windows and Linux tems a multiprocessor and real time scheduling in Windows and Linux operating Systems and distributed Mutual exclusion and Deadlock the concepts of embedded systems and different types of Embedded Operating Systems like courity concepts related to OS e the concepts of Kernel organization
and Device M Management, Memory Mana Text 2: Chap Teaching- Learning Process Course Outco At the end of f CO 1. Describ CO 2. Explain operating Sys CO 3. Describ demonstrate CO 4. Explain TinyOS and se CO 5. Illustrat Assessment I The weightag minimum pas have satisfied student secur minimum of 4 (Semester En	anagement, MODULE Organization, MODULE Installation and Removal, Process and Resource Running Process Manager, Creating a new Task , IPC and Synchronization, The Scheduler ager , The Virtual Address Space, The Page Fault Handler , File Management. ter 20 Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning bmes the course the student will be able to: a basics Operating system, Process creation and management for Inter process Communication Concepts process and threads, microkernel and illustration of these in Windows and Linux tems e multiprocessor and real time scheduling in Windows and Linux operating Systems and distributed Mutual exclusion and Deadlock the concepts of embedded systems and different types of Embedded Operating Systems like ecurity concepts related to OS e the concepts of Kernel organization Details (both CIE and SEE) e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. Th sing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed t I the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester
- 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. William Stallings: Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2013.
- 2. Gary Nutt: Operating Systems, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2014.

Reference:

- 1. Silberschatz, Galvin, Gagne: Operating System Concepts, 8th Edition, Wiley, 2008
- 2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Albert S. Woodhull: Operating Systems, Design and Implementation, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2006.
- 3. Pradeep K Sinha: Distribute Operating Systems, Concept and Design, PHI, 2007

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106144/</u>
- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105214/</u>
- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105172/</u>
- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102132/</u>
- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/108/106108101/</u>
- <u>http://web.stanford.edu/class/cs240/</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EgC997B2JVY</u>
- <u>https://www.cse.iitb.ac.in/~mythili/os/</u> Lectures on OS IIT Bombay
- <u>https://csd.cmu.edu/course-profiles/15-410_605-Operating-System-Design-and-Implementation</u>

SOFTW	ARE ARCHITECTUR	E AND DESIGN PATT	ERNS		
Course Code	21CS741	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:	S) 3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03					
Course Learning Objectives	Course Learning Objectives				
CLO 2. What code quali CLO 3. To Understand t CLO 4. To explore the a	d functionality to desigr ties are required to main he common design patte ppropriate patterns for o	ntain to keep code flexib erns.			
Teaching-Learning Process	(General Instructions)				
effective teaching	(L) need not to be only a gmethods could be adop	a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcon	thod, but alternative nes.		
	mation to explain function		ts.		
-	orative (Group Learning				
 Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 					
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.					
6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.					
7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and					
-	encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
	e students' understandii		i when that's possible, it		
	Modu	le-1			
Introduction : what is a de organizing the catalog, how o to use a design pattern. A No	lesign patterns solve de	sign problems, how to s			
Textbook 1: Chapter 1 and	2.7				
Analysis a System: overvie requirements specification, o knowledge of the domain. De	lefining conceptual class	ses and relationships, us	ing the		
Textbook 1: Chapter 6					
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, Problem	n based learning		
	Modu				
Design Pattern Catalog : Str flyweight, proxy.	uctural patterns, Adapte	er, bridge, composite, de	corator, facade,		
Textbook 2: chapter 4					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, A	Active Learning, Demon	stration		
	Modu				

BehavioralPatterns: Chain of Responsibility, Command, Interpreter, Iterator, Mediator, Memento, Observer, State, Template Method

Textbook 2: chapter 5

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

 Module-4

Interactive systems and the MVC architecture: Introduction, The MVC architectural pattern, analyzing a simple drawing program, designing the system, designing of the subsystems, getting into implementation, implementing undo operation, drawing incompleteitems, adding a new feature, pattern-based solutions.

Textbook 1: Chapter 11

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning
Module-5	

Designing with Distributed Objects: Client server system, java remote method invocation, implementing an object-oriented system on the web (discussions and further reading) a note on input and output, selection statements, loops arrays.

Textbook 1: Chapter 12

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design and implement codes with higher performance and lower complexity
- CO 2. Experience core design principles and be able to assess the quality of a design.
- CO 3. Apply design pattern principles in the design of object oriented systems.
- CO 4. Demonstrate the range of design patterns that can be used to solve the given problem.
- CO 5. Select and apply suitable patterns in specific contexts.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4^{th} week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9^{th} week of the semester
- 6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester- Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

- 1. Brahma Dathan, Sarnath Rammath, Object-oriented analysis, design and implementation, Universities Press, 2013
- 2. Erich Gamma, Richard Helan, Ralph Johman, John Vlissides , Design Patterns, Pearson Publication, 2013.

Reference:

- 1. Frank Bachmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert "Pattern Oriented Software Architecture" Volume 1, 1996.
- 2. William J Brown et al., "Anti-Patterns: Refactoring Software, Architectures and Projects in Crisis", John Wiley, 1998.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

		COMPILER D	DESIGN	
Course Code		21CD742	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hou	ırs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours o	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1. Abili CLO 2. Abili CLO 3. Abili CLO 4. Abili CLO 5. Abili Teaching-Le These are sar outcomes. 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	ty to implement simple j ty to build simple intern ty to illustrate with exar ty to demonstrate strate arning Process (Gener nple Strategies, which te Lecturer method (L) nee teaching methods could Use of Video/Animation Encourage collaborative Ask at least three HOT (I thinking. Adopt Problem Based Le thinking skills such as th than simply recall it. Introduce Topics in man	ponality of a compiler a parsing with error ha nediate code generato nples concepts storag gies of code optimiza al Instructions) eachers can use to acc eds not to be only a tr be adopted to attain to explain functionin (Group Learning) Le Higher order Thinkin earning (PBL), which he ability to design, ev ifold representations to solve the same pro-	and its major functional p ndling or ge management at run tir ition celerate the attainment o aditional lecture method the outcomes. g of various concepts. arning in the class. g) questions in the class, fosters students' Analyti valuate, generalize, and a s. oblem with different circ	partitions ne f the various course , but alternative effective
	-		the real world - and whe	n that's possible, it helps
	improve the students' u		_	
.		Module		
Recognition of Textbook1: Teaching- Learning	Chapter 1 (1.1, 1.2), Ch	ata – Regular Expres apter 3 (3.1 to 3.7)	-	- Specification of Tokens
Process		Madarl -	2	
Suntay Anal	ucici Augmian of Darsis	Module		ree grammars – Top-Dow
	ieral Strategies - Recurs			Handling and Recovery i
	Chapter 4 (4.1 to 4.9)			
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and board, Prob	olem based learning, l	Demonstration	
1100033		Module	-3	
		Syntax Directed Def		ders for Syntax Directe tion of Expressions.

Textbook 1: (Chapter 6 (6.1 to 6.4)
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Team project
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
Run-Time En	vironment and Code Generation: Storage Organization, Stack Allocation Space, Access to
Non-local Data	a on the Stack, Heap Management Concepts.
Textbook 1: (Chapter 7 (7.1 to 7.4)
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Team project
Learning	chaix and board, i robicin based learning, ream project
Process	
1100033	Module-5
Code Ontimiz	ation: Principal Sources of Optimization – Peep-hole optimization - DAG- Optimization of Basic
-	ent Data Flow Algorithm
Dioens Emer	
Textbook 1: (Chapter 8 (8.1 to 8.7), Chapter 9 (9.1 to 9.3)
Pedagogy:	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Course Outco	mes
CO 1. Apply	the concepts of Finite Automata in the design lexical analyser
CO 2. Analy	se the role of grammar in Parsers
	nstrate intermediate code generation
-	re and study the storage management at runtime
	various strategies for code optimization and code generation
	Details (both CIE and SEE)
	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The
-	sing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to
	the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the
student secur	es not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a
	0% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE
(Semester End	l Examination) taken together
Continuous In	nternal Evaluation:
	sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)
1. First	test at the end of 5 th week of the semester
2. Secon	d test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester
Two assignme	ents each of 10 Marks
4. First a	assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester
5. Secon	d assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester
Group discuss	ion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks
(duration 01	hours)
	e end of the 13 th week of the semester
	ree tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and
will be scaled	down to 50 marks
(to have less s	stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
methods of the	e CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
CIE methods	/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the
outcome defi	ned for the course.
Semester End	l Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook:

 Alfred V. Aho, Monica S. Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools||, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2009. Principles of Multimedia – 2nd edition by Ranjan Parekh. McGraw Hill publication

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105190/

VIRTUAL REALITY					
Course Code	21CD743	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits 03 Exam Hours 03					
Course Learning Objectives		·			

Course Learning Objectives

CLO 1. Understand the basic concepts and framework of virtual reality.

CLO 2. To introduce the relevance of this course to the existing technology.

CLO 3.	Provides students with an opportunity to explore the research issues in Augmented Reality
	and Virtual Reality (VR & AR).

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Virtual Reality: Fundamental Concept and Components of Virtual Reality. Primary Features and Present Development on Virtual Reality.

Text Book 1: Chapter 1

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	

Module-2

Multiple Models of Input and Output Interface in Virtual Reality: Input - Tracker, Sensor, Digital Glove, Movement Capture, Video-based Input, 3D Menus & 3DScanner etc. Output -- Visual /Auditory / Haptic Devices.

Text Book 1: Chapter 2, Chapter 3

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
Learning			
Process			
	Module-3		
Visual Com	putation in Virtual Reality: Fundamentals of Computer Graphics. Software and		

Visual Computation in Virtual Reality: Fundamentals of Computer Graphics. Software and Hardware Technology on Stereoscopic Display. Advanced Techniques in CG: Management of

Large Scale Environments & Real Time Rendering.

Text Book 1: Chapter 4

	8
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Team project
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4

Interactive Techniques in Virtual Reality: Body Track, Hand Gesture, 3D Manus, Object Grasp Development Tools and Frameworks in Virtual Reality: Frameworks of Software Development Tools in VR.X3D Standard; Vega, MultiGen, Virtools etc.

Text Book 1: Chapter5, Chapter 6

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Team project
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5

Augmented and Mixed Reality: Taxonomy, technology and features of augmented reality, difference between AR and VR, Challenges with AR, AR systems and functionality, Augmented reality methods, visualization techniques for augmented reality, wireless displays in educational augmented reality applications, mobile projection interfaces, marker-less tracking for augmented reality, enhancing interactivity in AR environments, evaluating AR systems.

Text Book 2: Chapters 2

Pedagogy:Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

Course Outcomes

- CO 1. Understand the basic concepts and terminologies of Virtual Reality
- CO 2. Apply the concepts of Computer Graphics and allied concepts for design of Virtual Reality
- CO 3. Choose, develop, explain, and defend the use of particular designs for VR experiences.
- CO 4. Evaluate the benefits and drawbacks of specific VR techniques on the human body.
- CO 5. Identify and examine state-of-the-art VR design problems and solutions from the industry and academia

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks (duration 01 hour)**

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester
- Two assignments each of **10 Marks**
 - 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
 - 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and

will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook:

- 1. Virtual Reality Technology Burdea, G. C. P. Coffet Wiley-IEEE Press 2nd Edition 2003/2006
- 2. Understanding Augmented Reality, Concepts and Application Alan B. Craig Morgan Kaufmann 2013

Reference Books

1. Developing Virtual Reality Applications, Foundations of Effective Design Alan Craig William Sherman Jeffrey Will Morgan Kaufmann 2009

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/121/106/121106013/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106138/
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc18/SEM1/noc18-ge08/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Group Projects
- Promote Learning in slow learners
- Reflective Learning
- Learning through analysis Case studies
- Collaborative Learning
- Variety of Assignments and test Knowledge level

BIG DATA ANALYTICS			
Course Code	21CD744	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning Objectives:

- CLO 1. Understand fundamentals and applications of Big Data analytics
- CLO 2. Explore the Hadoop framework and Hadoop Distributed File system and essential Hadoop Tools
- CLO 3. Illustrate the concepts of NoSQL using MongoDB and Cassandra for Big Data
- CLO 4. Employ MapReduce programming model to process the big data
- CLO 5. Understand various machine learning algorithms for Big Data Analytics, Web Mining and Social Network Analysis.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

Module-1

Introduction to Big Data Analytics: Big Data, Scalability and Parallel Processing, Designing Data Architecture, Data Sources, Quality, Pre-Processing and Storing, Data Storage and Analysis, Big Data Analytics Applications and Case Studies.

Text book 1: Chapter 1: 1.2 -1.7

Teaching-	Chalk and board
Learning	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n Krer6YWY4
Process	https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs92/preview_
	Modulo-2

Module-2

Introduction to Hadoop (T1): Introduction, Hadoop and its Ecosystem, Hadoop Distributed File System, MapReduce Framework and Programming Model, Hadoop Yarn, Hadoop Ecosystem Tools.

Hadoop Distributed File System Basics (T2): HDFS Design Features, Components, HDFS User Commands.

Essential Hadoop Tools (T2): Using Apache Pig, Hive, Sqoop, Flume, Oozie, HBase.

Text book 1: Chapter 2 :2.1-2.6 Text Book 2: Chapter 3

Teaching-	1. Chalk and Board
Learning	2. Laboratory Demonstration
Process	
	Module-3
• •	ata Management, MongoDB and Cassandra: Introduction, NoSQL Data Store, NoSQI
	cture Patterns, NoSQL to Manage Big Data, Shared-Nothing Architecture for Big Data
Tasks, Mongo	DB, Databases, Cassandra Databases.
Text book 1:	Chapter 3: 3.1-3.7
Teaching-	1. Chalk and Board
Learning	2. Laboratory Demonstration
Process	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pWbMrx5rVBE
	Module-4
Introduction,	MapReduce Map Tasks, Reduce Tasks and MapReduce Execution, Composing MapReduce
for Calculatio	ns and Algorithms, Hive, HiveQL, Pig.
	Chapter 4: 4.1-4.6
Teaching-	1. Chalk and Board
Learning	2. Laboratory Demonstration
Process	
	Module-5
Outliers, Vari	rning Algorithms for Big Data Analytics: Introduction, Estimating the relationships
Outliers, Vari Items, Similai	arning Algorithms for Big Data Analytics: Introduction, Estimating the relationships ances, Probability Distributions, and Correlations, Regression analysis, Finding Similar rity of Sets and Collaborative Filtering, Frequent Itemsets and Association Rule Mining.
Outliers, Vari Items, Similar Text, Web C Web Content	arning Algorithms for Big Data Analytics: Introduction, Estimating the relationships ances, Probability Distributions, and Correlations, Regression analysis, Finding Similar rity of Sets and Collaborative Filtering, Frequent Itemsets and Association Rule Mining. ontent, Link, and Social Network Analytics: Introduction, Text mining, Web Mining
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examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5^{th} week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the $10^{\rm th}$ week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)**

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Raj Kamal and Preeti Saxena, "Big Data Analytics Introduction to Hadoop, Spark, and Machine-Learning", McGraw Hill Education, 2018 ISBN: 9789353164966, 9353164966
- Douglas Eadline, "Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big Data Computing in the Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem", 1 stEdition, Pearson Education, 2016. ISBN13: 978-9332570351

Reference Books

- 1. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", 4 th Edition, O"Reilly Media, 2015.ISBN-13: 978-9352130672
- 2. Boris Lublinsky, Kevin T Smith, Alexey Yakubovich, "Professional Hadoop Solutions", 1 stEdition, Wrox Press, 2014ISBN-13: 978-8126551071
- 3. Eric Sammer, "Hadoop Operations: A Guide for Developers and Administrators",1 stEdition, O'Reilly Media, 2012.ISBN-13: 978-9350239261
- **4.** ArshdeepBahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Big Data Analytics: A Hands-On Approach", 1st Edition, VPT Publications, 2018. ISBN-13: 978-0996025577

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n Krer6YWY4</u>
- 2. <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_cs92/preview</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106104189/L01.html</u>
- 4. https://web2.qatar.cmu.edu/~mhhammou/15440-f19/recitations/Project4_Handout.pdf

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Mini Project Topics for Practical Based Learning :Search Engine Optimization, Social Media Reputation Monitoring, Equity Research, Detection of Global Suicide rate, Find the Percentage of Pollution in India, Analyse crime rate in India, Health Status Prediction, Anomaly Detection in cloud server, Tourist Behaviour Analysis, BusBest Not limited to above topics

		DESIGN TH	IINKING	
Course Code		21CD745	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
CLO 1. 1 CLO 2. 1 CLO 3. 1 CLO 4. 2 Teaching-Lea These are sam outcomes. 1. L		ical thinking and i of engineering dra ng drawing with co I Instructions) I cher can use to ac a not to be only tra	deas awing omputer aide. celerate the attainment ditional lecture method,	
2. U 3. E 4. A tl 5. A tl tl 6. In 7. D	ninking. dopt Problem Based Lea ninking skills such as the nan simply recall it. ntroduce Topics in manif	o explain function Group Learning) I igher order Thinki arning (PBL), whic ability to design, fold representation ot can be applied to	ing of various concepts. Learning in the class. ing) questions in the clas h fosters students' Analy evaluate, generalize, and ns.	ss, which promotes critical /tical skills, develop design l analyse information rather hen that's possible, it helps
11	nprove the students une	uerstanding. Modul	o 1	
	Step - Creativity and Inn	ovation in Design	Process - Design limitati	gn Process - Four Step - Five on.
1100035		Modul	e-2	
Thinking – An	alogies – Brainstorming ytical Thinking - Group A	CAS : Introduction - Mind mapping -	- Create Thinking - Gen National Group Technic	erating Design Ideas - Lateral que – Synaptic - Development
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active	e Learning, Collabo	orative Learning	
		Modul	e-3	
	GINEERING: Introduction everse Engineering - Rev	on - Reverse Engin	eering Leads to New Un	derstanding about Products - Case Study.
Text 1: Chapt				
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active	e Learning, Collabo	orative Learning	

Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
	RAWING TO DEVELOP DESIGN IDEAS : Introduction - Many Uses of Drawing - Communication ring - Drawing Basis – Line - Shape/ Form – Value – Color – Texture - Practice using Auto CAD
Text 1: Chapt	er 5
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5
	DRAWING TO DEVELOP DESIGN : Introduction - Perspective Drawing - One Point Perspective - rspective - Isometric Drawing - Orthographic Drawing - Sectional Views - Practice using Auto ended.
Text 1: Chapt	er 8
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Project based learning and Collaborative Learning
Learning	
Process	
Course Outco	omes
At the end of t	he course the student will be able to:
	rstand the concept of " design Process" and " Design Ethics"
	op the ideas for the contemporary problems through different techniques
	ify the significance of reverse Engineering to understand products
	rstand the basics of drawing to develop design ideas
	the knowledge of design ideas for developing technical drawing design
The weightag minimum pas have satisfied student secur minimum of 4	Details (both CIE and SEE) e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The sing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the res not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a 0% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE
-	d Examination) taken together
	nternal Evaluation:
	sts each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)
	test at the end of 5 th week of the semester
	id test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester
	test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester
-	ents each of 10 Marks
	assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester
	id assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester
	ion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks
(duration 01	e end of the 13 th week of the semester
	ree tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and down to 50 marks
	stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the
	e CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).
	/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the
	ned for the course.
semester En	l Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

1. John.R.Karsnitz, Stephen O'Brien and John P. Hutchinson, "Engineering Design", Cengage learning (International edition) Second Edition, 2013.

Reference:

1. Yousef Haik and Tamer M.Shahin, "Engineering Design Process", Cengage Learning, Second Edition, 2011.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. www.tutor2u.net/business/presentations/.../productlifecycle/default.html
- 2. https://docs.oracle.com/cd/E11108_02/otn/pdf/.../E11087_01.pdf www.bizfilings.com > Home > Marketing > Product Developmen https://www.mindtools.com/brainstm.html
- 3. https://www.quicksprout.com/.../how-to-reverse-engineer-your-competit www.vertabelo.com/blog/documentation/reverse-engineering
- 4. https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/273814
- 5. https://support.google.com/docs/answer/179740?hl=en
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2mjSDIBaUlM
- 7. thevirtualinstructor.com/foreshortening.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	PROGRAMMIN	G IN PYTHON	
Course Code	21CS751	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. To understand why	-		velopers
CLO 2. To read and write s			
CLO 3. To learn how to ide CLO 4. To learn how to wri		-	
CLO 4. To learn now to wri	-		
CLO 5. TO use Fython data	structures lists, tuj	pies, ulctionaries.	
Teaching-Learning Process (Ge	neral Instructions)		
These are sample Strategies, whic	ch teachers can use to	accelerate the attainm	ent of the various course
outcomes.			
	need not to be only a	traditional lecture met	thod but alternative
		ted to attain the outcon	
6	•	oning of various concep	
	-) Learning in the class.	
6		iking) questions in the dass.	class which promotes
	i (ingliei order i ili	iking) questions in the c	class, which promotes
critical thinking.		: - b. f t t d t ' A -	
		ich fosters students' Ar	
		o design, evaluate, gene	ralize, and analyze
information rather t			
6. Introduce Topics in I	•		
		e problem with differen	
-	-	heir own creative ways	
-			l when that's possible, it
helps improve the st	udents' understandir	-	
	Modu		
INTRODUCTION DATA, EXPRES Introduction: Creativity and mo			rminology: Interpreter and
compiler, Running Python, The F			
expressions, statements, Operator	-	5F,,,	,
-	-		
Textbook 1: Chapter 1.1,1.2,1.3 Textbook 2: Chapter 1	,1.6, Chapter 2.1-2.6	5	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board,	Active Learning	
	Modu	le-2	
CONTROL FLOW, LOOPS:			
Conditionals: Boolean values and elif-else); Iteration: while, for, bre	-		se), chained conditional (if-
Textbook 1: Chapter 3.1-3.6, ch	anter 5		
Teaching-Learning Process		Active Learning, Demo	nstration
	Modu		
FUNCTIONS AND STRINGS:			
Functions: Function calls, adding	new functions, defini	tion and uses, local and	global scope, return values
		· 1: · · · · · 1 · · 1: · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · ·

Functions: Function calls, adding new functions, definition and uses, local and global scope, return values. Strings: strings, length of string, string slices, immutability, multiline comments, string functions and methods;

Textbook 1: Chapter 6			
Textbook 1: Chapter 6 Textbook 2: Chapter 3			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration		
	Module-4		
LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES:08	Hours		
Lists: List operations, list slices, list list comprehension;	methods, list loop, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, listparameters,		
Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as n	return value, tuple comprehension;		
Dictionaries: operations and metho	ods, comprehension;		
Textbook 2: Chapter 10,11,12			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Active Learning		
	Module-5		
REGULAR EXPRESSIONS, FILES AN			
Regular expressions: Character expressions, Escape character	matching in regular expressions, extracting data using regular		
Files and exception: Text files, read	ding and writing files, command line arguments, errors andexceptions,		
handling exceptions, modules.			
Textbook 1: Chapter 11.1,11.2,11 Textbook 2: Chapter 14	.4		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC		
Suggested Course Outcomes			
At the end of the course the student	will be able to:		
CO 1. Understand Python syntax	and semantics and be fluent in the use of Python flow control and		
functions.			
	handling Strings and File Systems.		
	using Python lists, tuples, Strings, dictionaries.		
CO 4. Read and write data from/t			
Assessment Details (both CIE and	-		
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together			
Continuous Internal Evaluation:			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)			
1. First test at the end of 5 th week of the semester			
2. Second test at the end of the 10 th week of the semester			
3. Third test at the end of the 15 th week of the semester			
Two assignments each of 10 Marks			
4. First assignment at the end of 4 th week of the semester			
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 th week of the semester			
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks			
(duration 01 hours)			
6. At the end of the 13 th week			
	ents, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
and will be scaled down to 50 marks			
(to have less stressed CIE, the porti	(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the		

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course. **Semester End Examination:** Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours) 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Textbooks Charles R. Severance, "Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3", 1st Edition, 1. CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. http://do1.dr-chuck.com/pythonlearn/EN us/pythonlearn.pdf 2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2ndEdition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Chapters 15, 16, 17) http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf **REFERENCE BOOKS:** 1. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", dreamtech 2. Python Programming: A Modern Approach, Vamsi Kurama, Pearson 3 Python Programming, Reema theraja, OXFORD publication Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): 1. <u>https://www.w3resource.com/python/python-tutorial.php</u> 2. https://data-flair.training/blogs/python-tutorials-home/ 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=c235EsGFcZs</u> 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v4e6oMRS2QA 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uh2ebFW80YM 6. <u>https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=oSPMmeaiQ68</u> 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_uQrJ0TkZlc 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K8L6KVGG-7o

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using python language

IN	TRODUCTION TO	AI AND ML	
Course Code	21CS752	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives CLO1. Understands the basics of AI, solving CLO2. Explore the basics of Machine CLO3. Understand the Working of A Teaching-Learning Process (General	e Learning & Machir artificial Neural Netw	ne Learning process, ur	
These are sample Strategies, which tea outcomes.	chers can use to acc	elerate the attainment	of the various course
	l not to ho only o tro	ditional lastura matha	d hut altamativa
1. Lecturer method (L) need	-		
effective teaching method	-		
2. Use of Video/Animation t	•	•	
3. Encourage collaborative (0	
 Ask at least three HOT (H critical thinking. 	igher order Thinkin	g) questions in the clas	ss, which promotes
design thinking skills such			
		1	
-			
Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.			
 Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 			nen that's possible, it
* *	Module-1		
Introduction: What is AI, The foundation Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environents, the structure of Agents.	nments, Good Beha		<u> </u>
Textbook 1: Chapter: 1 and 2	Challs and heard A	ative Leaveing Duckley	n haard laarning
Teaching-Learning Process		ctive Learning, Probler	n based learning
	Module-2		
Problem solving by searching: Pro Uniformed search strategies, Informed			Searching for solutions,
Textbook 1: Chapter: 3			
Teaching-Learning Process		ctive Learning, Demon	stration
	Module-3		
Introduction to machine learning: Machine Learning in relation to other Machine Learning process, Machine Learning	fields, Types of Mac	hine Learning. Challer	
Understanding Data: What is data, analytics framework, Descriptive statis	types of data, Big		
	types of data, Big stics, univariate data 5	a analysis and visualiza	ition
analytics framework, Descriptive statis	types of data, Big stics, univariate data 5	a analysis and visualiza	ition

Understanding Data

Bivariate and Multivariate data, Multivariate statistics, Essential mathematics for Multivariate data, Overview hypothesis, Feature engineering and dimensionality reduction techniques,

Basics of Learning Theory: Introduction to learning and its types, Introduction computation learning theory, Design of learning system, Introduction concept learning.

Similarity-based learning: Introduction to Similarity or instance based learning, Nearest-neighbour learning, weighted k- Nearest - Neighbour algorithm.

Textbook 2: Chapter: 2.6 to 2.10, 3.1 to 3.4, 4.1 to 4.3

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	

Artificial Neural Network: Introduction, Biological neurons, Artificial neurons, Perceptron and learning theory, types of Artificial neural Network, learning in multilayer Perceptron, Radial basis function neural network, self-organizing feature map,

Textbook 2: Chapter: 10

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Design intelligent agents for solving simple gaming problems.
- CO 2. Have a good understanding of machine leaning in relation to other fields and fundamental issues and
 - Challenges of machine learning
- CO 3. Understand data and applying machine learning algorithms to predict the outputs.

CO 4. Model the neuron and Neural Network, and to analyze ANN learning and its applications.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10th week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15th week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13th week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Textbooks

- 1. Stuart Russel, Peter Norvig: "Artificial Intelligence A Modern Approach", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
- 2. S. Sridhar, M Vijayalakshmi "Machine Learning". Oxford ,2021

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight: "Artificial Intelligence", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2009, ISBN-10: 0070087709

2. Nils J. Nilsson: "Principles of Artificial Intelligence", Elsevier, 1980, ISBN: 978-3-540-11340-9.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://stpk.cs.rtu.lv/sites/all/files/stpk/materiali/MI/Artificial%20Intelligence %20A%20Modern%20Approach.pdf.

- 1. <u>http://www.getfreeebooks.com/16-sites-with-free-artificial-intelligence-e</u> <u>books/https://www.tutorialspoint.com/artificial_intelligence/artificial_intelligence_overview.ht</u> m
- 2. Problem solving agent:https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KTPmo-KsOis.
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=X_Qt0U66aH0&list=PLwdnzlV3ogoXaceHrrFVZCJKbm_laSH_cH</u>
- 4. https://www.javatpoint.com/history-of-artificial-intelligence
- 5. <u>https://www.tutorialandexample.com/problem-solving-in-artificial-intelligence</u>
- 6. <u>https://techvidvan.com/tutorials/ai-heuristic-search/</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.analyticsvidhya.com/machine-learning/</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.hackerearth.com/practice/machine-learning/machine-learning-algorithms/ml-decision-tree/tutorial/</u>
- 9. <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/unsupervised-artificial-neural-networks</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to AI and ML.

Π	NTRODUCTION	TO BIG DATA	
Course Code	21CS753	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives	L		
 CLO 1. Understand Hadoop Di CLO 2. Explore Hadoop tools a CLO 3. Appraise the role of da CLO 4. Identify various Text M Teaching-Learning Process (Generation These are sample Strategies, which to outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) net effective teaching method 2. Use of Video/Animation 3. Encourage collaborative 4. Ask at least three HOT (critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based L design thinking skills su 	and manage Hadoo ta mining and its a <u>lining techniques</u> ral Instructions) eachers can use to ed not to be only a ods could be adop n to explain functio e (Group Learning Higher order Thin earning (PBL), wh	op with Sqoop applications across indu- accelerate the attainm traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom oning of various concep) Learning in the class. aking) questions in the class.	ent of the various course thod, but alternative nes. ts. class, which promotes nalytical skills, develop
 information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 			
	Modul	le-1	
Hadoop Distributed file system:HI Hadoop MapReduce Framework: 7 Programming	-	-	
Textbook 1: Chapter 3,5,68hr	Challs and board	Activo Loonning Duchl	am based learning
Teaching-Learning Process	Modul	Active Learning, Proble	eni baseu ieai nilig
Essential Hadoop Tools: Using ap Apache Flume, Apache H Base Textbook 1: Chapter 78hr			oache Sqoop, Using Apache
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	Active Learning, Demo	nstration
Learning Learning I Locost	Modul		
Data Warehousing:IntroductionArchitecturesData Mining:Introduction, GatherMining, Data Mining Techniques	n, Design Consi	ideration, DW Devel	opment Approaches, DW oreparation, outputs ofData
Toythook 2: Chanton 4 5			
Textbook 2: Chapter 4,5			
	Challs and hear-	Droblom based loom	a Domonstration
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Modul	Problem based learnin	g, Demonstration

Decision Trees: Introduction, Decision Tree Problem, Decision Tree Constructions, Lessons from Construction Trees. Decision Tree Algorithm

Regressions: Introduction, Correlations and Relationships, Non-Linear Regression, Logistic Regression, Advantages and disadvantages.

Textbook 2: Chapter 6,7

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Module-5	

Text Mining: Introduction, Text Mining Applications, Text Mining Process, Term Document Matrix, Mining the TDM, Comparison, Best Practices

Web Mining: Introduction, Web Content Mining, Web Structured Mining, Web Usage Mining, Web Mining Algorithms.

Textbook 2: Chapter 11,14

· ·	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

Suggested Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- CO 1. Master the concepts of HDFS and MapReduce framework.
- CO 2. Investigate Hadoop related tools for Big Data Analytics and perform basic
- CO 3. Infer the importance of core data mining techniques for data analytics
- CO 4. Use Machine Learning algorithms for real world big data.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5th week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10^{th} week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15^{th} week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9th week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13^{th} week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks**

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a

	maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.		
The stu	dents have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module		
Textbo	oks		
1.	Douglas Eadline,"Hadoop 2 Quick-Start Guide: Learn the Essentials of Big DataComputing in the		
	Apache Hadoop 2 Ecosystem", 1stEdition, Pearson Education,2016.		
2.	Anil Maheshwari, "Data Analytics", 1stEdition, McGraw Hill Education,2017		
Weblir	iks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):		
1.	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104189/		
2.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mNP44rZYiAU		
3.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qr_awo5vz0g		
4.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rr17cbPGWGA		
5.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=G4NYQox4n2g		
6.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=owI7zxCqNY0		
7.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FuJVLsZYkuE		
Activit	Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning		
Real wo	Real world problem solving: Demonstration of Big Data related projects		
Exploring the applications which involves big data.			

INTRODUCTION TO DATA SCIENCE				
Course Code	21CS754	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
Course Learning Objectives				
-	CLO 1. To provide a foundation in data Science terminologies			
CLO 2. To familiarize data scienc		5		
	CLO 3. To Demonstrate the data visualization tools			
CLO 4. To analyze the data science applicability in real time applications.				
Teaching-Learning Process (General	Instructions			
These are sample Strategies, which tea outcomes.	chers can use to acc	elerate the attainment o	of the various course	
1. Lecturer method (L) need	not to be only a tra	ditional lecture method	, but alternative	
effective teaching method	s could be adopted	to attain the outcomes.		
2. Use of Video/Animation to	o explain functionin	g of various concepts.		
3. Encourage collaborative (-			
4. Ask at least three HOT (Hi critical thinking.	· 0,	0	, which promotes	
5. Adopt Problem Based Lea	rning (PBL), which	fosters students' Analvt	ical skills, develop	
design thinking skills such	0.0		· •	
information rather than si	-		-,,	
6. Introduce Topics in manif				
-	-		cuits/logic and	
encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it				
8. Discuss how every concep helps improve the student		the real world - and who	ell tilat s possible, it	
neips improve the student	Module-1			
PREPARING AND GATHERING DATA				
Philosophies of data science - Data scie			s of data science and hig	
data - facts of data: Structured data, Un	U			
Image and video streaming data -				
Programming framework, Data Integra				
Scheduling tools, Benchmarking Tools,				
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.4			1	
Teaching-Learning Process		ctive Learning, PPT Base	ed presentation	
	Module-2			
THE DATA SCIENCE PROCESS-Over				
creating project charter, retrieving data, cleansing, integrating and transforming data, exploratory data analysis, Build the models, presenting findings and building application on top of them.				
Textbook 1:,Ch 2	Textbook 1: Ch 2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board. A	ctive Learning, PPT Base	ed presentation	
0 0	Module-3	<i>o,</i> 200	<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	
MACHINE LEARNING: Application for		n data science- Tools us	ed in machine learning-	
Modelling Process – Training model – V Learning Algorithm : Supervised learni	/alidating model – H	Predicting new observat	ions –Types of machine	
Textbook 1: Ch 3.1 to 3.3				

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video		
	Module-4		
VISUALIZATION– Introduction to dat Dashboard development tools.	VISUALIZATION- Introduction to data visualization – Data visualization options – Filters – MapReduce – Dashboard development tools.		
Textbook 1: Ch 9			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, MOOC		
	Module-5		
CASE STUDIES Distributing data stor	age and processing with frameworks - Case study: e.g, Assessing risk		
when lending money.			
Touthook 1. Ch 5 1 5 2			
Textbook 1: Ch 5.1, 5.2 Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, PPT Based presentation, Video		
Course Outcomes	Chark and board, Active Learning, FFT based presentation, video		
At the end of the course the student w	vill he able to:		
CO 1. Describe the data science term			
CO 2. Apply the Data Science proce			
CO 3. Analyze data visualization to			
CO 4. Apply Data storage and proce			
Assessment Details (both CIE and S	EE)		
The weightage of Continuous Interna	l Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.		
The minimum passing mark for the	CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be		
deemed to have satisfied the acader	nic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/		
	s than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 r	narks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal		
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End E	xamination) taken together		
Continuous Internal Evaluation:			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (d	-		
1. First test at the end of 5^{th} we			
2. Second test at the end of the			
3. Third test at the end of the 15	5 th week of the semester		
Two assignments each of 10 Marks			
4. First assignment at the end o			
5. Second assignment at the end			
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for 20 Marks			
(duration 01 hours)			
6. At the end of the 13 th week of			
	nts, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
and will be scaled down to 50 marks			
(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the			
	CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).		
CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy			
as per the outcome defined for the course. Semester End Examination:			
	Iniversity as ner the scheduled timetable with common question		
Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)			
1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.			
	om each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a		
), should have a mix of topics under that module.		
_	estions, selecting one full question from each module		
<u> </u>			

Textbooks

1. Introducing Data Science, Davy Cielen, Arno D. B. Meysman and Mohamed Ali, Manning Publications, 2016.

Reference Books

- 1. Doing Data Science, Straight Talk from the Frontline, Cathy O'Neil, Rachel Schutt, O' Reilly, 1st edition, 2013.
- 2. Mining of Massive Datasets, Jure Leskovec, Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2nd edition, 2014
- 3. An Introduction to Statistical Learning: with Applications in R, Gareth James, Daniela Witten, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Springer, 1st edition, 2013
- 4. Think Like a Data Scientist, Brian Godsey, Manning Publications, 2017.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/data-science-tutorial/what-is-data-science</u>
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N6BghzuFLIg
- 3. https://www.coursera.org/lecture/what-is-datascience/fundamentals-of-data-science-tPgFU
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ua-CiDNNj30</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using Data science techniques and demonstration of data visualization methods with the help of suitable project.