

<b>MECHANICS OF MATERIALS</b>		Semester	03
Course Code	<b>BME301</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	<b>2:2:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>40</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>03</b>	Exam Hours	3 hrs
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To provide the basic concepts and principles of strength of materials.</li> <li>• To give an ability to calculate stresses and deformations of objects under external loadings.</li> <li>• To give an ability to apply the knowledge of strength of materials on engineering applications and design problems.</li> </ul>			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>			
<p>These are sample Strategies; which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Videodemonstrations or Simulations.</li> <li>• Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.</li> <li>• Adopt flipped classroom teaching method.</li> <li>• Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) learning in the class.</li> <li>• Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analyzing information.</li> </ul>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<p><b>Simple stress and strain:</b> Definition/derivation of normal stress, shear stress, and normal strain and shear strain – Stress strain diagram for brittle and ductile materials - Poisson's ratio &amp; volumetric strain – Elastic constants – relationship between elastic constants and Poisson's ratio – Generalised Hook's law – Deformation of simple and compound bars, Resilience, Gradual, sudden, impact and shock loadings – thermal stresses.</p>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<p><b>Bi-axial Stress system:</b> Introduction, plane stress, stresses on inclined sections, principal stresses and maximum shear stresses, graphical method - Mohr's circle for plane stress.</p> <p><b>Thick and Thin cylinders:</b> Stresses in thin cylinders, Lamé's equation for thick cylinders subjected to internal and external pressures, Changes in dimensions of cylinder (diameter, length and volume), simple numerical.</p>			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<p><b>Bending moment and Shear forces in beams:</b> Definition of beam – Types of beams – Concept of shear force and bending moment – S.F and B.M diagrams for cantilever, simply supported and overhanging beams subjected to point loads, uniformly distributed loads, uniformly varying loads and combination of these loads – Point of contra flexure.</p>			
<b>Module-4</b>			
<p><b>Theory of simple bending</b> – Assumptions – Derivation of bending equation - Neutral axis – Determination of bending stresses – section modulus of rectangular and circular sections (Solid and Hollow), I, T and Channel sections – Design of simple beam sections, Shear Stresses: Derivation of formula – Shear stress distribution across various beams sections like rectangular, circular, triangular, I, and T sections.</p>			
<b>Module-5</b>			
<p><b>Torsion of circular shafts:</b> Introduction, pure torsion, assumptions, derivation of torsional equations, polar modulus, torsional rigidity / stiffness of shafts, power transmitted by solid and hollow circular shafts.</p>			

<p><b>Theory of columns</b> – Long column and short column - Euler’s formula – Rankine’s formula.</p>
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b> At the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <p>CO1: Understand the concepts of stress and strain in simple and compound bars. CO2: Explain the importance of principal stresses and principal planes &amp; Analyse cylindrical pressure vessels under various loadings CO3: Apply the knowledge to understand the load transferring mechanism in beams and stress distribution due to shearing force and bending moment. CO4: Evaluate stresses induced in different cross-sectional members subjected to shear loads. CO5: Apply basic equation of simple torsion in designing of circular shafts &amp; Columns</p>
<p><b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b> The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p> <p><b>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.</li> <li>• The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered</li> <li>• Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.</li> <li>• For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.</li> </ul> <p><b>Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.</b></p> <p><b>Semester-End Examination:</b> Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (<b>duration 03 hours</b>).</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.</li> <li>2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), <b>should have a mix of topics</b> under that module.</li> <li>3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.</li> <li>4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.</li> </ol>
<p><b>Suggested Learning Resources:</b></p> <p><b>Books</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mechanics of Materials, S.I. Units, Ferdinand Beer &amp; Russell Johnston, 7th Ed, TATA McGrawHill-2014</li> <li>2. Mechanics of Materials, K.V.Rao, G.C.Raju, Subhash Stores, First Edition, 2007</li> <li>3. Strength of Materials by R.K. Bansal ,Laxmi Publications 2010.</li> </ol>
<p><b>Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):</b></p>

1. Statics and Strength of Materials, Shehata, 2nd edition, 1994.  
([http://www.astm.org/DIGITAL\\_LIBRARY/JOURNALS/TESTEVAL/PAGES/JTE12637J.htm](http://www.astm.org/DIGITAL_LIBRARY/JOURNALS/TESTEVAL/PAGES/JTE12637J.htm))
2. [http://www.astm.org/DIGITAL\\_LIBRARY/JOURNALS/TESTEVAL/PAGES/JTE12637J.htm](http://www.astm.org/DIGITAL_LIBRARY/JOURNALS/TESTEVAL/PAGES/JTE12637J.htm)
3. <http://www.freeengineeringbooks.com/Civil/Strength-of-MaterialBooks.php>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Use Mdsolids (<https://web.mst.edu/mdsolids/>) or any open source software for active teaching and learning.

MANUFACTURING PROCESS		Semester	III
Course Code	<b>BME302</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory /Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others		

**Course objectives:**

- To provide knowledge of various casting process in manufacturing.
- To provide in-depth knowledge on metallurgical aspects during solidification of metal and alloys, also to provide detailed information about the moulding processes.
- To acquaint with the basic knowledge on fundamentals of metal forming processes and also to study various metal forming processes.
- To impart knowledge of various joining process used in manufacturing.
- To impart knowledge about behaviour of materials during welding, and the effect of process parameters in welding

**Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
2. Arrange visits to nearby power plants, receiving station and substations to give brief information about the electrical power generation.
3. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various machines
4. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class
5. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking
6. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
7. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
8. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
9. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.
10. Individual teacher can device the innovative pedagogy to improve the teaching-learning.

**MODULE-1**

**Introduction & basic materials used in foundry:** *Introduction: Definition, Classification of manufacturing processes. Metals cast in the foundry-classification, factors that determine the selection of a casting alloy. Introduction to casting process & steps involved – (Brief Introduction)-Not for SEE*

**Patterns:** Definition, classification, materials used for pattern, various pattern allowances and their importance.

**Sand moulding:** Types of base sand, requirement of base sand. Binder, Additive's definition, need and types; preparation of sand moulds. Molding machines- Jolt type, squeeze type and Sand slinger.

**Study of important moulding process:** Green sand, core sand, dry sand, sweep mould, CO<sub>2</sub>mould, shell mould, investment mould, plaster mould, cement bonded mould.

**Cores:** Definition, need, types. Method of making cores,

Concept of gating (top, bottom, parting line, horn gate) and risers (open, blind) Functions and types.
<b>MODULE-2</b>
<p><b>Melting furnaces:</b> Classification of furnaces, Gas fired pit furnace, Resistance furnace, Coreless induction furnace, electric arc furnace, constructional features &amp; working principle of cupola furnace.</p> <p><b>Casting using metal moulds:</b> Gravity die casting, pressure die casting, centrifugal casting, squeeze casting, slush casting, thixocasting, and continuous casting processes. Casting defects, their causes and remedies.</p>
<b>MODULE-3</b>
<p><b>METAL FORMING PROCESSES</b></p> <p><b>Introduction of metal forming process:</b> Mechanical behaviour of metals in elastic and plastic deformation, stress-strain relationships, Yield criteria, Application to tensile testing, strain rate and temperature in metal working; Hot deformation, Cold working and annealing.</p> <p><b>Metal Working Processes:</b> Fundamentals of metal working, Analysis of bulk forming processes like forging, rolling, extrusion, wire drawing by slab method,</p> <p><b>Other sheet metal processes:</b> Sheet metal forming processes (Die and punch assembly, Blanking, piercing, bending etc., Compound and Progressive die), High Energy rate forming processes.</p>
<b>MODULE-4</b>
<p><b>JOINING PROCESSES</b></p> <p><b>Operating principle, basic equipment, merits and applications of:</b> Fusion welding processes: Gas welding - Types – Flame characteristics; Manual metal arc welding – Gas Tungsten arc welding - Gas metal arc welding – Submerged arc welding</p>
<b>MODULE-5</b>
<p><b>Weldability and thermal aspects:</b> Concept of weldability of materials; Thermal Effects in Welding (Distortion, shrinkage and residual stresses in welded structures); Welding defects and remedies.</p> <p><b>Allied processes:</b> Soldering, Brazing and adhesive bonding</p> <p><b>Advance welding processes:</b> Resistance welding processes, friction stir welding (FSW).</p>

## PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

### Course objectives:

- Impart fundamental understanding of various casting, welding and forming processes
- To provide in-depth knowledge on metallurgical aspects during solidification of metal and alloys
- Discuss design methodology and process parameters involve in obtaining defect free component

**PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (May cover all / major modules)**

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Preparation of sand specimens and conduction of the following tests: Compression, Shear and Tensile tests on Universal Sand Testing Machine.
2	To determine permeability number of green sand, core sand and raw sand.
3	To determine AFS fineness no. and distribution coefficient of given sand sample.
4	Studying the effect of the clay and moisture content on sand mould properties
5	Use of Arc welding tools and welding equipment Preparation of welded joints using Arc Welding equipment L-Joint, T-Joint, Butt joint, V-Joint, Lap joints on M.S. flats
6	Foundry Practice: Use of foundry tools and other equipment for Preparation of molding sand mixture. Preparation of green sand molds kept ready for pouring in the following cases: 1. Using two molding boxes (hand cut molds). 2. Using patterns (Single piece pattern and Split pattern).
7	Preparation of green sand molds kept ready for pouring in the following cases: 1. Incorporating core in the mold.(Core boxes).
8	Forging Operations: Use of forging tools and other forging equipment. Preparing minimum three forged models involving upsetting, drawing and bending operations.
<b>Demo experiments for CIE</b>	
9	Demonstration of forging model using Power Hammer.
10	To study the defects of Cast and Welded components using Non-destructive tests like: a) Ultrasonic flaw detection b) Magnetic crack detection c) Dye penetration testing
11	Mould preparation of varieties of patterns, including demonstration
12	Demonstration of material flow and solidification simulation using Auto-Cast software
<b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b>	
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:	
CO1: Describe the casting process and prepare different types of cast products. Acquire knowledge on Pattern, Core, Gating, Riser system and to use Jolt, Squeeze, and Sand Slinger Moulding machines.	
CO2: Compare the Gas fired pit, Resistance, Coreless, Electrical and Cupola Metal Furnaces. Compare the Gravity, Pressure die, Centrifugal, Squeeze, slush and Continuous Metal mold castings.	
CO3: Understand the Solidification process and Casting of Non-Ferrous Metals.	
CO4: Describe the Metal Arc, TIG, MIG, Submerged and Atomic Hydrogen Welding processes etc. used in manufacturing.	
CO5: Describe the methods of different joining processes and thermal effects in joining process	
<b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b>	
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.	

**CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)**

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

**CIE for the practical component of the IPCC**

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

**SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

**The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.**

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Books**

1. Ghosh, A. and Mallik, A. K., (2017), Manufacturing Science, East-West Press.
2. Parmar R. S., (2007), Welding Processes and Technology, Khanna Publishers.
3. Little R. L. – 'Welding and Welding Technology' – Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi – 1989
4. Grong O. – 'Metallurgical Modelling of Welding' – The Institute of Materials – 1997 – 2nd Edition
5. Kou S. – 'Welding Metallurgy' – John Wiley Publications, New York – 2003 – 2nd Edition.

6. Serope Kalpakjian and Steven R. Schmid – ‘Manufacturing Engineering and Technology’ – Prentice Hall – 2013 – 7th Edition
7. Principles of foundry technology, 4th edition, P L Jain, Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.
8. Advanced Welding Processes technology and process control, John Norrish, Wood Head Publishing, 2006.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- (Link:<http://www.springer.com/us/book/9781447151784><http://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105127/>)
- [http://www.astm.org/DIGITAL\\_LIBRARY/MNL/SOURCE\\_PAGES/MNL11.htm](http://www.astm.org/DIGITAL_LIBRARY/MNL/SOURCE_PAGES/MNL11.htm)
- [http://www.astm.org/DIGITAL\\_LIBRARY/JOURNALS/COMPTECH/PAGES/CTR10654J.htm](http://www.astm.org/DIGITAL_LIBRARY/JOURNALS/COMPTECH/PAGES/CTR10654J.htm)
- MOOCs: <http://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105126/>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

**Metal Casting:** Design pattern/core for a given component drawing and develop a sand mould with optimum gating and riser system for ferrous and non-ferrous materials. Melting and casting, inspection for macroscopic casting defects.

- Welding: TIG and MIG welding processes – design weld joints – welding practice –weld quality inspection.
- Metal Forming: Press working operation – hydraulic and mechanical press -load calculation: blanking, bending and drawing operations – sheet metal layout design.

MATERIAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING		Semester	III
Course Code	BME303	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination nature (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Explain the basic concepts of geometrical crystallography, crystal structure and imperfections in Solids.</li> <li>• Construct the phase diagrams to know the phase transformations and concept of diffusion in solids.</li> <li>• Identify the heat treatment, cooling method for controlling the microstructure and plastic deformation to modify their properties.</li> <li>• Explain the powder metallurgy process, types and surface modifications.</li> <li>• Apply the method of materials selection, material data, properties and knowledge sources for computer-aided selection of materials.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>            These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Videodemonstrations or Simulations.</li> <li>• Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.</li> <li>• Adopt flipped classroom teaching method.</li> <li>• Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) learning in the class.</li> <li>• Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analysing information.</li> </ul>			
<b>MODULE-1</b>			
<p><b>Structure of Materials</b>            Introduction: Classification of materials, crystalline and non-crystalline solids, atomic bonding: Ionic Bonding and Metallic bonding.  <b>Crystal Structure:</b> Crystal Lattice, Unit Cell, Planes and directions in a lattice, Planar Atomic Density, Coordination number, atomic Packing Factor of all the Cubic structures and Hexa Close Packed structure. Classification and Coordination of voids, Bragg's Law.  <b>Imperfections in Solids:</b> Types of imperfections, Point defects: vacancies, interstitials, line defects, 2-D and 3D-defects, Concept of free volume in amorphous solids. Slip, Twinning.</p>			
<b>MODULE-2</b>			
<p><b>Physical Metallurgy</b>  <b>Alloy Systems:</b> Classification of Solid solutions, Hume- Rothery Rules  <b>Diffusion:</b> Diffusion Mechanisms: Vacancy Diffusion and Interstitial Diffusion, Fick's laws of diffusion, Factors affecting diffusion.  <b>Phase Diagrams:</b> Gibbs Phase Rule, Solubility limit, phase equilibrium and Phase Diagrams: Isomorphous systems, Invariant Binary Reactions: Eutectic reaction, Eutectoid reaction and Peritectic reaction, Lever Rule, Iron-Carbon Diagram. Effect of common alloying elements in steel. Numerical on Lever rule.</p>			
<b>MODULE-3</b>			
<p><b>Nucleation and growth:</b> Introduction to homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation, critical radius for nucleation.  <b>Heat treatment:</b> Annealing, Normalizing, hardening, Tempering, Nitriding, Cyaniding, Induction Hardening and Flame Hardening, Recent advances in heat treat technology. TTT diagram, Recovery-Recrystallization-Grain Growth. Strengthening mechanisms: Strain hardening, Precipitation hardening (Solid-Solution Strengthening), Grain refinement.</p>			

<b>MODULE-4</b>
<p><b>Surface coating technologies:</b> Introduction, coating materials, coating technologies, types of coating: Electro-plating, Chemical Vapor Deposition(CVD), Physical Vapor Deposition(PVD), High Velocity Oxy-Fuel Coating, advantages and disadvantages of surface coating.</p> <p><b>Powder metallurgy:</b> Introduction, Powder Production Techniques: Different Mechanical methods: Chopping or Cutting, Abrasion methods, Machining methods, Ball Milling and Chemical method: Chemical reduction method.</p> <p><b>Characterization of powders (Particle Size &amp; Shape Distribution), Powder Shaping:</b> Particle Packing Modifications, Lubricants &amp; Binders, Powder Compaction &amp; Process, Sintering and Application of Powder Metallurgy.</p>
<b>MODULE-5</b>
<p><b>Engineering Materials and Their Properties:</b> Classification, <b>Ferrous materials:</b> Properties, Compositions and uses of Grey cast iron and steel. <b>Non-Ferrous materials:</b> Properties, Compositions and uses of Copper, Brass, Bronze.</p> <p><b>Composite materials</b> - Definition, classification, types of matrix materials &amp; reinforcements, Metal Matrix Composites (MMCs), Ceramic Matrix Composites (CMCs) and Polymer Matrix Composites (PMCs), Particulate-reinforced and fiber- reinforced composites, Applications of composite materials.</p> <p>Mechanical and functional properties of Engineering Materials</p> <p><b>The Design Process and Materials Data:</b> Types of design, design tools and materials data, processes of obtaining materials data, materials databases.</p> <p><b>Material Selection Charts:</b> Selection criteria for materials, material property Charts, deriving property limits and material indices.</p>

**PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC** *(May cover all / major modules)*

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Specimen preparation for macro and micro structural examinations and study the macrostructure and microstructure of a sample metal/ alloys.
2	Study the heat treatment processes (Hardening and tempering) of steel/Aluminium specimens.
3	To determine the hardness values of Mild Steel/ Aluminium by Rockwell hardness/Vickers Hardness.
4	To determine the hardness values of Copper/ Brass by Brinell's Hardness testing machine.
5	To determine the tensile strength, modulus of elasticity, yield stress, % of elongation and % of reduction in area of Cast Iron, Mild Steel/Brass/ Aluminium and to observe the necking.
6	To conduct a wear test on Mild steel/ Cast Iron/Aluminium/ Copper to find the volumetric wear rate and coefficient of friction.
7	To determine the Impact strength of the mild steel using Izod test and Charpy test.
8	Study the chemical corrosion and its protection. <b>Demonstration</b>
9	Study the properties of various types of plastics. <b>Demonstration</b>
10	Computer Aided Selection of Materials: Application of GRANTA Edupack for material selection: Case studies based on material properties. <b>Demonstration</b>

**Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Understand the atomic arrangement in crystalline materials and describe the periodic arrangement of atoms in terms of unit cell parameters.
2. Understand the importance of phase diagrams and the phase transformations.
3. Explain various heat treatment methods for controlling the microstructure..

4. Correlate between material properties with component design and identify various kinds of defects.
5. Apply the method of materials selection, material data and knowledge sources for computer-aided selection of materials.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

#### CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

#### SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

**The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.**

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Text Books:**

1. Callister Jr, W.D., Rethwisch, D.G., (2018), Materials Science and Engineering: An Introduction, 10th Edition, Hoboken, NJ: Wiley.
2. Ashby, M.F. (2010), Materials Selection in Mechanical Design, 4th Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann.
3. Azaroff, L.V., (2001) Introduction to solids, 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Book Company.
4. Avner, S.H., (2017), Introduction to Physical Metallurgy, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill Education.

**Reference Books**

1. Jones, D.R.H., and Ashby, M.F., (2011), Engineering Materials 1: An Introduction to Properties, Application and Design, 4th Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann.
2. Jones, D.R.H., and Ashby, M.F., (2012), Engineering Materials 2: An Introduction to Microstructure and Processing, 4th Edition, Butterworth-Heinemann.
3. Abbaschian, R., Abbaschian, L., Reed-Hill, R. E., (2009), Physical Metallurgy Principles, 4th Edition, Cengage Learning.
4. P. C. Angelo and R. Subramanian: Powder Metallurgy- Science, Technology and Applications, PHI, New Delhi, 2008.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

1. Bhattacharya, B., Materials Selection and Design, NPTEL Course Material, Department of Mechanical Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology Kanpur, <http://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104122/>
2. Prasad, R., Introduction to Materials Science and Engineering, NPTEL Course Material, Department of Materials

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

Course seminar

Industrial tour/Visit to Advanced Research Centres

BASIC THERMODYNAMICS		Semester	3rd
Course Code	<b>BME304</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	<b>2:2:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>40</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>03</b>	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course Objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Learn about thermodynamic system and its equilibrium, basic law of zeroth law of thermodynamics.</li> <li>• Understand various forms of energy - heat transfer and work, Study the first law of thermodynamics.</li> <li>• Study the second law of thermodynamics.</li> <li>• Interpret the behaviour of pure substances and its application in practical problems.</li> <li>• Study of Ideal and real gases and evaluation of thermodynamic properties.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>            These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Video demonstrations or Simulations.</li> <li>2. Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.</li> <li>3. Adopt flipped classroom teaching method.</li> <li>4. Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) learning in the class</li> <li>5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analysing information.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<p><b>Introduction and Review of fundamental concepts:</b> Thermodynamic definition and scope, Microscopic and Macroscopic approaches. Characteristics of system boundary and control surface, examples. Thermodynamic properties; definition and units, intensive, extensive properties, specific properties, pressure, specific volume, Thermodynamic state, state point, state diagram, path and process, quasi-static process, cyclic and non-cyclic; processes; Thermodynamic equilibrium; definition, mechanical equilibrium; diathermic wall, thermal equilibrium, chemical equilibrium (<i>The topics are Only for Self-study and not to be asked in SEE. However, may be asked for CIE</i>)</p> <p><b>Zeroth law of thermodynamics,</b> Temperature; concepts, scales, international fixed points and measurement of temperature. Constant volume gas thermometer, constant pressure gas thermometer, mercury in glass thermometer, thermocouples, electrical resistance thermometer. Numerical.</p> <p><b>Work and Heat:</b> Mechanics, definition of work and its limitations. Thermodynamic definition of work; examples, sign convention. Displacement work; as a part of a system boundary, as a whole of a system boundary, expressions for displacement work in various processes through p-v diagrams. Shaft work; Electrical work. Other types of work. Heat; definition, units and sign convention. Problems.</p>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<p><b>First Law of Thermodynamics:</b> Joules experiments, equivalence of heat and work. Statement of the First law of thermodynamics, extension of the First law to non - cyclic processes, energy, energy as a property, modes of energy, Problems.</p> <p><b>Extension of the First law to control volume;</b> steady flow energy equation (SFEE), Problems.</p>			

<b>Module-3</b>
<p><b>Second Law of Thermodynamics:</b> Limitations of first law of thermodynamics, Thermal reservoir, heat engine and heat pump: Schematic representation, efficiency and COP. Reversed heat engine. Kelvin - Planck statement of the Second law of Thermodynamics; PMM I and PMM II, Clausius statement of Second law of Thermodynamics, Equivalence of the two statements; Carnot cycle, Carnot principles. Problems</p> <p><b>Entropy:</b> Clausius inequality, Statement- proof, Entropy- definition, a property, change of entropy, entropy as a quantitative test for irreversibility, principle of increase in entropy, entropy as a coordinate. Problems</p>
<b>Module-4</b>
<p><b>Availability, Irreversibility and General Thermodynamic relations.</b> Introduction, Availability (Exergy), Unavailable energy, Relation between increase in unavailable energy and increase in entropy. Maximum work, maximum useful work for a system and control volume, irreversibility. Problems</p> <p><b>Pure Substances:</b> P-T and P-V diagrams, triple point and critical points. Sub-cooled liquid, saturated liquid, mixture of saturated liquid and vapor, saturated vapor and superheated vapor states of pure substance with water as example. Enthalpy of change of phase (Latent heat). Dryness fraction (quality), T-S and H-S diagrams, representation of various processes on these diagrams. Steam tables and its use. Throttling calorimeter, separating and throttling calorimeter. Problems.</p>
<b>Module-5</b>
<p><b>Ideal gases:</b> Ideal gas mixtures, Daltons law of partial pressures, Amagat's law of additive volumes, evaluation of properties of perfect and ideal gases, Air- Water mixtures and related properties (<i>Processes are not to be asked for SEE</i>).</p> <p><b>Real gases</b> – Introduction, Van-der Waal's Equation of state, Van-der Waal's constants in terms of critical properties, Beattie-Bridgeman equation, Law of corresponding states, compressibility factor; compressibility chart. Difference between Ideal and real gases.</p> <p><b>Thermodynamic relations:</b> Maxwell's equations, TdS equation. Ratio of Heat capacities and Energy equation, Joule-Kelvin effect, Clausius-Clapeyron equation.</p>
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b></p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</p> <p>C01: Explain fundamentals of thermodynamics and evaluate energy interactions across the boundary of thermodynamic systems.</p> <p>C02: Apply 1<sup>st</sup> law of thermodynamics to closed and open systems and determine quantity of energy transfers.</p> <p>C03: Evaluate the feasibility of cyclic and non-cyclic processes using 2<sup>nd</sup> law of thermodynamics</p> <p>C04: Apply the knowledge of entropy, reversibility and irreversibility to solve numerical problems and Interpret the behaviour of pure substances and its application in practical problems.</p> <p>C05: Recognize differences between ideal and real gases and evaluate thermodynamic properties of ideal and real gas mixtures using various relations.</p>

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Books**

1. Basic and Applied Thermodynamics P.K.Nag, Tata McGraw Hill 2nd Ed., 2002.
2. Basic Engineering Thermodynamics A.Venkatesh Universities Press, 2008.
3. Basic Thermodynamics, B.K Venkanna, Swati B. Wadavadagi PHI, New Delhi 2010.
4. Thermodynamics- An Engineering Approach YunusA.Cenegal and Michael A.Boles Tata McGraw Hill publications 2002

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9GMBpZZtjXM&list=PLD8E646BAB3366BC8>
- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jkdMtmXo664&list=PL3zvA\\_WajfGAwLuULH-L0AG9fKDgplYne](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jkdMtmXo664&list=PL3zvA_WajfGAwLuULH-L0AG9fKDgplYne)
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1lk7XLOxtzs&list=PLkn3QISf55zy2Nlqr5F09o02qclwNNfrZ&index=3>
- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dy2UeVCSRYs&list=PL2\\_EyjPqHc10CTN7cHiM5xB2qD7BHUr7](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dy2UeVCSRYs&list=PL2_EyjPqHc10CTN7cHiM5xB2qD7BHUr7)

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Organise Industrial visits to Thermal power plants and submission of report
- Case study report and power point presentation on steam power plant
- .List of thermal energy devices at homes, hostels and college premises and applicable laws

<b>Introduction to Modelling and Design for Manufacturing</b>		Semester	3
Course Code	<b>BMEL305</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	<b>0:0:2*:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>14 Sessions</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>01</b>	Exam Hours	3
Examination nature (SEE)	<b>Practical</b>		
<b>*One hour per week can be taken additionally</b>			
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To improve the visualisation skills and understand the conventions used in engineering drawing.</li> <li>2. To inculcate understanding of the theory of projection and make drawings using orthographic projections and sectional views.</li> <li>3. To impart fundamental knowledge of drawing of different machine parts.</li> <li>4. To enable the students with concepts of dimensioning and standards related to drawings.</li> <li>5. To enable the students to draw the assembly of various machine components.</li> <li>6. To enable the students on limits, tolerance and fits and indicate them on machine drawings.</li> </ol>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>                  These are sample Strategies; which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Video demonstrations or Simulations.</li> <li>• Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.</li> <li>• Adopt online sharable playlist for students</li> <li>• Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) learning in the class.</li> <li>• Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analysing information.</li> </ul>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<p>Introduction to Computer Aided Sketching Review of graphic interface of the software. Review of 2D Sketching, Parametric Solid Modeling, Assembly creation and product rendering.                  Limits, Fits and Tolerances: Introduction, Fundamental tolerances, Deviations, Methods of placing limit dimensions, Types of fits with symbols and applications, Geometrical tolerances on drawings, Standards followed in industry. <b>(Above topics to be studied as a review)</b></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>01 Session</b></p> <p>Geometrical Dimensioning and Tolerances (GD&amp;T): Introduction, Fundamental tolerances, Deviations, Methods of placing limit dimensions, machining symbols, types of fits with symbols and applications, geometrical tolerances on drawings. Standards followed in industry. The basics of sketching and modelling:                  Create a basic sketch - Profile Tools, Curve Tools, Editing Tools, Operation Tools, Constraints, construction geometries and adding dimensions. Part- Solid from sketches, Solid from surfaces, modify Tools, Operation Tools.</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>02 Sessions</b></p>			
<b>Module-2</b>			<b>02 Sessions</b>
<p><b>Exploring design tools for production:</b>                  Create draft during a feature - Create draft as a feature - Add ribs and plastic supports - Analyze draft on a design - Create holes and threads - Use a coil feature - Mirrors and patterns - Surface creation for complex geometry - Use surfaces to replace faces - Use surfaces to split bodies and faces - Practice exercise.</p>			
<b>Module-3</b>			<b>03 Sessions</b>

The Basics of Assemblies

The different ways to create components - Use scripts to create gears - Component color swatch and color cycling - Use McMaster-Carr parts in a design - Copy, paste, and paste new.  
- Distributed designs - Create as-built joints - Create joints - Joint origins and midplane joints - Drive joints and motion studies - Interference detection and contact sets - Isolation and opacity control - Create groups and organize a timeline - Practice exercise.

**Module-4**

**06 Sessions**

Assembly Drawings: (Part drawings shall be given)

Drawing Basics-Detailing Drawings. Explode a 3D model for a drawing, Create a drawing sheet and views, Add geometry and dimensions to a drawing, Add GD & T text, BOM, tables and symbols, Place an exploded view, Edit a title block, Export to different file formats.

1. **Reciprocating saw mechanical assembly,**
2. **Innovated bottle design for sustainability**
3. **Engine Piston**
4. **Cylinder Flange**
5. **Engine Case**
6. **Design for Injection Molding**
  1. Plummer block (Pedestal Bearing)
  2. Rams Bottom Safety Valve
  3. I.C. Engine connecting rod
  4. Screw jack (Bottle type)
  5. Tailstock of lathe
  6. Machine vice
  7. Lathe square tool post

**Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Demonstrate their visualization skills.
2. Apply limits and tolerances to assemblies and choose appropriate fits for given assemblies. Make component drawings.
3. Produce the assembly drawings using part drawings.
4. Engage in lifelong learning using sketching and drawing as communication tool.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

- CIE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- CIE shall be evaluated for max marks 100. Marks obtained shall be accounted for CIE final marks, reducing it by 50%.
- CIE component should comprise of
  - Continuous evaluation of Drawing work of students as and when the Modules are covered.
  - At least one closed book Test covering all the modules on the basis of below detailed weightage.
  - *Weightage for Test and Continuous evaluation shall be suitably decided by respective course coordinators.*

Module	Max. Marks weightage	Evaluation Weightage in marks	
		Computer display & printout	Preparatory sketching
Module-1	15	10	05
Module-2	15	10	05
Module-3	20	15	05
Module-4	50	40	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>20</b>

**Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

- The duration of SEE is 03 hours. Questions shall be set worth of 3 hours
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners (one internal and one external) appointed by the University.
- SEE shall be conducted and evaluated for maximum of 100 marks. Marks obtained shall be accounted for SEE final marks, reducing it to 50 marks.
- Question paper shall be set jointly by both examiners and made available for each batch as per schedule.
- Questions are to be set preferably from Text Books.
- Evaluation shall be carried jointly by both the examiners.
- Scheme of Evaluation: To be defined by the examiners jointly and the same shall be submitted to the university along with question paper.
- One full question shall be set from each Modules as per the below tabled weightage details. ***However, the student may be awarded full marks, if he/she completes solution on computer display without sketch.***

Module	Max. Marks Weightage	Evaluation Weightage in marks	
		Computer display & printout	Preparatory sketching
Module-1 OR Module-2	20	15	05
Module-3	20	15	05
Module-4	60	50	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>20</b>

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Books**

Text Books:

1. 'A Primer on Computer Aided Machine Drawing-2007', Published by VTU, Belgaum.
2. 'Machine Drawing', N.D.Bhat & V.M.Panchal, Published by Charotar Publishing House, 1999.
3. 'Machine Drawing', K.R. Gopala Krishna, Subhash publication.

Reference Book:

1. "A Text Book of Computer Aided Machine Drawing", S. Trymbakaa Murthy, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 2007.
2. 'Machine Drawing', N.Siddeshwar, P.Kannaih, V.V.S. Sastri, published by Tata Mc.Grawhill, 2006.
3. K L Narayana, P Kannaiah, K Venkata Reddy, "Machine Drawing", New Age International, 3rd Edition. ISBN-13: 978-81-224-2518-5, 2006
4. Ajeet Singh, "MACHINE DRAWING", Tata McGraw-Hill Education,, ISBN: 9781259084607, 2012

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://www.autodesk.com/certification/learn/course/learn-fusion-360-in-90-minutes>
- Introduction to Modelling and Design for Manufacturing
- <https://www.autodesk.com/certification/learn/course/fusion360-intro-modeling-design-professional>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

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<b>Electric and Hybrid Vehicle Technology</b>		Semester	3
Course Code	<b>BME306A</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	<b>3:0:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>40</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>03</b>	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To understand the models, describe hybrid vehicles and their performance.</li> <li>• To understand the different possible ways of energy storage.</li> <li>• To understand the different strategies related to hybrid vehicle operation &amp; energy management.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>  These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Videodemonstrations or Simulations.</li> <li>• Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.</li> <li>• Adopt flipped classroom teaching method.</li> <li>• Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) learning in the class.</li> <li>• Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analyzing information.</li> </ul>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<p><b>Introduction to Electric Vehicle (EV) &amp; Hybrid Vehicle(HV):</b>  A brief history of Electric and Hybrid vehicles, basic architecture of hybrid drive train, vehicle motion and the dynamic equations for the vehicle, types of HV and EV, advantages over conventional vehicles, limitations of EV and HV, impact on environment of EV and HV technology, disposal of battery, cell and hazardous material and their impact on environment.</p>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<p><b>Power Management and Energy Sources of EV and HV:</b>  Power and Energy management strategies and its general architecture of EV and HV, various battery sources, energy storage, battery based energy storage, Battery Management Systems (BMS), fuel cells, their characteristics, Super capacitor based energy storage, flywheel, hybridization of various energy storage devices, Selection of the energy storage technology.</p>			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<p><b>DC and AC Machines &amp; Drives in EV &amp; HV:</b>  Various types of motors, selection and size of motors, <b>Induction</b> motor drives and control characteristics, <b>Permanent</b> magnet motor drives and characteristics, <b>Brushed &amp; Brushless</b> DC motor drive and characteristics, <b>switched reluctance motors</b> and characteristics, <b>IPM motor drives</b> and characteristics, mechanical and electrical connections of motors.</p>			
<b>Module-4</b>			
<p><b>Components &amp; Design Considerations of EV &amp; HV:</b>  Design parameters of batteries, ultra-capacitors and fuel cells, aerodynamic considerations, calculation of the rolling resistance and the grade resistance, calculation of the acceleration force, total tractive effort, torque required on the drive wheel, transmission efficiency, consideration of vehicle mass.</p>			

### Module-5

#### **Electric and Hybrid Vehicles charging architecture:**

Introduction to smart charging: Grid to vehicle and vehicle to grid, smart metering and ancillary services, preliminary discussion on vehicle to vehicle and vehicle to personal communication systems, introduction to battery charging stations and its installation and commissioning, preliminary discussion on estimation on station capacity and associated technical issues, different connectors.

#### **Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of this course, students will demonstrate the ability to

1. Understand the architecture and vehicle dynamics of electric and hybrid vehicles
2. Analyze the power management systems for electric and hybrid vehicles
3. Understand different motor control strategies for electric and hybrid vehicles
4. Analyze various components of electric and hybrid vehicles with environment concern.
5. Understand the domain related grid interconnections of electric and hybrid vehicle.

#### **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### **Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), should have a mix of topics under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

##### **Text Books**

1. Iqbal Hussain, "Electric and Hybrid Vehicles Design Fundamentals", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, CRC Press, 2003.
2. James Larminie, John Lowry "Electric Vehicle Technology Explained", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, John Wiley and Sons, 2003.

3. Chris Mi, M. Abul Masrur, David Wenzhong Gao, “Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Principles and Applications with Practical Perspectives”, Wiley publication ,2011.
4. Allen Fuhs, “Hybrid Vehicles and the future of personal transportation”, CRC Press, 2009.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

1. Web course on “Introduction to Hybrid and Electric Vehicles” by Dr. Praveenkumar and Prof. S Majhi, IIT Guwahati available on NPTEL at <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/103/108103009/>
2. Video Course on “Electric Vehicles” by Prof. Amitkumar Jain, IIT Delhi available on NPTEL at <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102121/>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

<b>Smart Materials &amp; Systems</b>		Semester	III
Course Code	<b>BME306B</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	<b>3:0:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>40</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>03</b>	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● To make the students understand about smart materials</li> <li>● To make students to know about making of material smart</li> <li>● To enable the students to appreciate the material properties</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>            These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Class room teaching through chalk &amp; talk, PPT, Appropriate Videos, etc</li> <li>2. Industry visit</li> <li>3. Activity based learning</li> <li>4. Display the sample materials in class room / laboratory</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<b>Smart materials and structures:</b> System intelligence- components and classification of smart structures, common smart materials and associated stimulus-response, Application areas of smart systems			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<b>Electrically Activated Materials:</b> Piezoelectricity, Piezoresistivity, Ferroelectricity, Piezoelectric materials- piezoelectric effect, Piezoceramics, Piezopolymers, Piezoelectric materials as sensors, Actuators and bimorphs, nanocarbon tubes			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<b>Thermally activated materials:</b> Shape memory materials; Shape memory alloys (SMAs), Classification - Transformation - Ni-Ti Alloys, Shape memory effect, Martensitic transformation, One way and two-way SME, binary and ternary alloy systems, Functional properties of SMAs, Shape memory ceramics - Shape memory polymers – Applications			
<b>Module-4</b>			
<b>Smart polymers:</b> Thermally responsive polymers, Electroactive polymers microgels, Synthesis, Properties and Applications, Protein-based smart polymers, pH-responsive and photo-responsive polymers, Self-assembly, Drug delivery using smart polymers			
<b>Module-5</b>			
<b>Chemically Activated Materials</b> - Chemical Gels - Self healing materials Optically Activated Materials - Optically activated polymers - Azobenzene - Liquid Crystal, Smart materials for space applications: Elastic memory composites, Smart corrosion protection coatings, Sensors, Actuators, Transducers,			

**Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Apply the knowledge for materials characterisation
2. Evaluate the materials based on actuation
3. Select and justify appropriate materials for specific application

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Books**

1. D.J. Leo, Engineering Analysis of Smart Material Systems, Wiley 2007.
2. M. Addington, D.L. Schodek, Smart Materials and New Technologies in Architecture, Elsevier 2005.
3. Donald R. Askeland and Pradeep P. Fulay, Essentials of Materials Science and Engineering, 2009, Cengage Learning.

**References**

1. Gandhi, M.V. and Thompson, B.S., "Smart Materials and Structures," Chapman & Hall, UK, 1992,
2. Culshaw, B., "Smart Structures and Materials," Artech House, Inc., Norwood, USA, 1996.
3. Dimitris C. Lagoudas, Shape Memory Alloys: Modelling and Engineering Applications, Springer, 2008.
4. T. Yoneyama & S. Mayazaki, Shape memory alloys for biomedical applications, CRC Press, 200

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- Smart materials intelligent system design NPTEL course

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Prepare a smart material sample
- Visit to industry

<b>INTERNET OF THINGS</b>		Semester	3
Course Code	<b>BME306C</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	<b>3:0:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>40</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>03</b>	Exam Hours	
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<p>The Internet is evolving to connect people to physical things and also physical things to other physical things all in real time. It's becoming the Internet of Things (IoT). The course enables student to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand the basics of Internet of things and protocols.</li> <li>• Understand some of the application areas where Internet of Things can be applied.</li> <li>• Learn about the middleware for Internet of Things.</li> <li>• Understand the concepts of Web of Things</li> </ul>			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>			
<p>These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes and make Teaching –Learning more effective</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. At the start of course, the course delivery pattern, prerequisite of the subject will be discussed</li> <li>2. Lecture may be conducted with the aid of multi-media projector, chalk &amp; Talk</li> <li>3. Attendance is compulsory in lectures and laboratory, which may carries five marks in overall evaluation.</li> <li>4. Promoting project based learning may be conducted having a share of 20 marks in the overall internal evaluation.</li> <li>5. Assignment based on course content will be given to the student for each unit/topic and will be evaluated at regular interval. It may carry an importance of ten marks in the overall internal evaluation.</li> <li>6. Surprise tests/Quizzes/Seminar/Tutorial may be conducted and having share of 10 marks in the overall internal evaluation.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<b>IOT</b> - What is the IoT and why is it important? Elements of an IoT ecosystem, Technology drivers, Business drivers, Trends and implications, Overview of Governance, Privacy and Security Issues.			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<b>IOT PROTOCOLS</b> - Protocol Standardization for IoT – Efforts – M2M and WSN Protocols – SCADA and RFID Protocols – Issues with IoT Standardization – Unified Data Standards – Protocols – IEEE802.15.4–BACNet Protocol– Modbus – KNX – Zigbee– Network layer – APS layer – Security			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<b>IOT ARCHITECTURE</b> - IoT Open source architecture (OIC)- OIC Architecture & Design principles- IoT Devices and deployment models- IoTivity: An Open source IoT stack - Overview- IoTivity stack architecture- Resource model and Abstraction.			
<b>Module-4</b>			
<b>WEB OF THINGS</b> - Web of Things versus Internet of Things – Two Pillars of the Web – Architecture Standardization for WoT– Platform Middleware for WoT – Unified Multitier WoT Architecture – WoT Portals and Business Intelligence.			
<b>Module-5</b>			
<b>IOT APPLICATIONS</b> - IoT applications for industry: Future Factory Concepts, Brownfield IoT, Smart Objects, Smart Applications. Study of existing IoT platforms /middleware, IoT- A, Hydra etc.			

**Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Explain the definition and usage of the term “Internet of Things” in different contexts
2. Understand the key components that make up an IoT system
3. Differentiate between the levels of the IoT stack and be familiar with the key technologies and protocols employed at each layer of the stack
4. Apply the knowledge and skills acquired during the course to build and test a complete, working IoT system involving prototyping, programming and data analysis
5. Understand where the IoT concept fits within the broader ICT industry and possible future trends and Appreciate the role of big data, cloud computing and data analytics in a typical IoT system

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Text Books**

1. Honbo Zhou, "The Internet of Things in the Cloud: A Middleware Perspective", CRC Press, 2012.
2. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), "Architecting the Internet of Things", Springer, 2011.
3. David Easley and Jon Kleinberg, "Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning About a Highly Connected World", Cambridge University Press, 2010.
4. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, "The Internet of Things – Key applications and Protocols", Wiley, 2012.

**References Books:**

1. Vijay Madiseti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)", 1st Edition, VPT, 2014
2. Francis daCosta, "Rethinking the Internet of Things: A Scalable Approach to Connecting Everything", 1st Edition, Apress Publications, 2013
3. Cuno Pfister, "Getting Started with the Internet of Things", O'Reilly Media, 2011, ISBN: 978-1-4493-9357-1

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- Introduction to IoT - [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WUYAjxnwjU4&list=PLE7VH8RC\\_N3bpVn-e8QzOAHziEgmjQ2qE](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WUYAjxnwjU4&list=PLE7VH8RC_N3bpVn-e8QzOAHziEgmjQ2qE)
- <https://www.coursera.org/learn/beginning-custom-projects-with-raspberry-pi>
- <https://www.edx.org/course/introduction-to-the-internet-of-things-3>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning****Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

1. Familiarization with Arduino/Raspberry Pi and perform necessary software installation.
2. To interface LED/Buzzer with Arduino/Raspberry Pi and write a program to turn ON LED for 1 sec after every 2 seconds.
3. To interface Push button/Digital sensor (IR/LDR) with Arduino/Raspberry Pi and write a program to turn ON LED when push button is pressed or at sensor detection.
4. To interface DHT11 sensor with Arduino/Raspberry Pi and write a program to print temperature and humidity readings.
5. To interface motor using relay with Arduino/Raspberry Pi and write a program to turn ON motor when push button is pressed.
6. To interface OLED with Arduino/Raspberry Pi and write a program to print temperature and humidity readings on it.
7. To interface Bluetooth with Arduino/Raspberry Pi and write a program to send sensor data to smartphone using Bluetooth.
8. To interface Bluetooth with Arduino/Raspberry Pi and write a program to turn LED ON/OFF when '1'/'0' is received from smartphone using Bluetooth.
9. Write a program on Arduino/Raspberry Pi to upload temperature and humidity data to thing speak cloud.
10. Write a program on Arduino/Raspberry Pi to retrieve temperature and humidity data from thing speak cloud.
11. To install MySQL database on Raspberry Pi and perform basic SQL queries.
12. Write a program on Arduino/Raspberry Pi to publish temperature data to MQTT broker.

<b>WASTE HANDLING &amp; MANAGEMENT</b>		Semester	<b>III</b>
Course Code	<b>BME306D</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	<b>3:0:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>40</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>03</b>	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b> To make students to understand about;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Waste generation &amp; effects</li> <li>2. Solid waste management &amp; challenges</li> <li>3. Hazardous waste management &amp; challenges</li> <li>4. Innovative methods in practice to handle waste &amp; its effects</li> <li>5. Laws governing the waste management</li> </ol>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>            These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Class room teaching through chalk &amp; talk, PPT, Appropriate Videos, etc</li> <li>2. Visit to nearby waste handling sites</li> <li>3. Segregation of waste &amp; Preparation of compost practical execution</li> <li>4. Student speeches on their observations</li> <li>5. Conduction / participation in Waste management idea formulation competition events</li> <li>6. Case study discussions at least 4 in each topic mentioned</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1: Introduction to waste management</b>			
<p>Importance, methods of logistics, human components, technological components- waste handling equipment and technology, steps in waste management logistics.            Waste collection system and organization: Environmental aspects of waste collection, role of public authority and private sector in waste collection, organizing collection of residential waste, fee schemes, public awareness programs.</p>			
<b>Module-2 : Engineering Systems for Solid Waste Management</b>			
<p>Characteristics of solid waste, types of solid waste, Processing and Treatment of Solid Waste; Mechanical Treatment Material Recovery Facility, Recycling and Recovery, Types of Material Recovery Facilities, Biological Treatment &amp; Biological methods for waste processing; Composting &amp; methods. Biomethanation, Biodeisel, Biohydrogen, Mechanical Biological Stabilization, Thermal Treatment Incineration, Residues and its utilisation, co-combustion, Pyrolysis, Gasification, Refuse Derived Fuel, solid recovered fuel.            Engineering Disposal of SW: Dumping of solid waste; sanitary land fills – site selection,.</p>			
<b>Module-3 Hazardous Waste Management</b>			
<p>Introduction, Hazardous waste definition, sources, identification and classification, Characteristics, Industrial waste &amp; Plastic Waste; sources, environmental effects, challenges in handling Biomedical waste; Introduction to biomedical wastes, sources, classification, collection, segregation, treatment and disposal,            E- waste; characteristics, generation, collection, transport, recycling and disposal, Effects on the society and environment, Transportation and Disposal, recycling and reuse,            Nuclear waste; Characteristics, Types, Power reactors, Refinery and fuel fabrication wastes, Health and environmental effects, Decommissioning of Nuclear power reactors            Hazardous waste landfills, Site selections.</p>			

	<b>Module-4 Innovations in waste management</b>
	<p>Global and Indian Context, recycling, reuse, energy production, land filling, remediation of hazardous waste contaminated sites.</p> <p>Revenue models, Developing Networks, Entrepreneurship activities,</p> <p>Best practices in India and Abroad- Case studies, Waste management and waste handling entrepreneurs in India and other countries,</p> <p>Case studies of different municipalities waste handling techniques, domestic composting, medium &amp; large scale composting, Centralised composting</p>
	<b>Module-5 Waste Management Laws in India</b>
	<p>The Environmental Protection Act, The Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008, The Plastic Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2011, Bio-Medical Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 1998, The E- Waste (Management and Handling) Rules, 2011, The Batteries (Management and Handling) Rules, 2001. Duties of constitutional bodies and Ministries</p>
	<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b></p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Identify &amp; segregate the waste</li> <li>2. Formulate the appropriate waste segregation, collection &amp; disposal system</li> <li>3. Generate a report on waste management challenges</li> <li>4. Select a remedial measure for environmental &amp; living being protection</li> <li>5. Exercise the constitution laws as a citizen</li> </ol>

### **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

#### **Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Books**

1. Handbook of Solid Waste Management, Tchobanoglous G and Kreith F, McGraw-Hill Education, 2002, 2nd Edition
2. Hazardous Wastes - Sources, Pathways, Receptors, Richard J. Watts, John Wiley and Sons, 1998, 1st Edition.
3. Strategic Management, Hitt, M.A., Hoskisson, R.E., Ireland, R.D., (2016), Cengage Learning, India.
4. Waste Management Practices: Municipal, Hazardous and Industrial, John Pichtel, CRC Press, 2014, 2nd Edition
5. Handbook of Solid Waste Management, Tchobanoglous G and Kreith F, McGraw-Hill Education, 2002, 2nd Edition

**Reference books:**

1. Waste Management Practices: Municipal, Hazardous and Industrial, John Pichtel (2014), 2nd Ed., CRC Press, USA.
2. Waste: A Handbook for Management, Letcher, T.M., Vallero, D.A. (2011), 1st Ed, Academic Press, USA.
3. Waste Management Strategy and Action Plan, IGES, UNEP, CCET. (2018), Phnom Penh 2018-2035. Phnom Penh, Cambodia.
4. National Environment Policy, 2006, Ministry of Environment and Forests, Government of India, Approved by the Union Cabinet on 18 May, 2006 2
5. Innovation and Entrepreneurship, Peter Drucker, (2012), Routledge Publishers, England UK

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/105106056/Introduction.pdf>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/103/105103205/>
- <http://cpheeo.gov.in/cms/manual-on-municipal-solid-waste-management-2016.php>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/103/105103205/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120/108/120108005/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/106/105106056/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/105/105105160/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107125/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/110/108/110108047/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/106/105106056/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/105/105105184/>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/105106056/Introduction.pdf>
- [https://wedocs.unep.org/bitstream/handle/20.500.11822/31379/IWM\\_Guidelines.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y](https://wedocs.unep.org/bitstream/handle/20.500.11822/31379/IWM_Guidelines.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y)

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Preparation of a model for waste management for a hostel, apartment, institution,
- Speeches by students about best practices followed for domestic waste handling
- Prepare compost using machines
- Visit nearby waste dump yard and prepare a report covering challenges & remedies
- Visit industries and observe large-scale industry waste disposal practices and challenges
- Visit near by hospitals and observe large-scale bio-medical waste disposal practices and challenges
- Display everyday one/ two constitution rules on class notice board
- Poster preparation by students

<b>ADVANCED PYTHON PROGRAMMING</b>		Semester	<b>3</b>
Course Code	<b>BME358A</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	<b>0:0:2:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>15</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>01</b>	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Practical</b>		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To understand the problem solving approaches.</li> <li>• To learn the basic programming constructs in Python.</li> <li>• To practice various computing strategies for Python-based solutions to real world problems.</li> <li>• To use Python data structures – lists, tuples, dictionaries.</li> <li>• To do input/output with files in Python.</li> </ul>			
<b>Sl.NO</b>	<b>Experiments</b>		
1	Demonstrate following functions/methods which operates on strings in Python with suitable examples: i) len( ) ii) strip( ) iii) rstrip( ) iv) lstrip( ) v) find( ) vi) rfind( ) vii) index( ) viii) rindex(),ix) count( ) x) replace( ) xi) split( ) xii) join( ) xiii) upper( ) xiv) lower( ) xv) swapcase( ) xvi) title( ) xvii) capitalize( ) xviii) startswith() xix) endswith()		
2	Implementing programs using Functions. (Factorial, largest number in a list, area of shape).		
3	NESTED LISTS: Write a program to read a 3 X 3 matrix and find the transpose, addition, subtraction, multiplication of two 3 X 3 matrices, check whether two given 3 X 3 matrices are identical or not.		
4	Implementing programs using Strings. (Reverse, palindrome, character count, replacing characters). Real time applications using sets and Dictionaries		
5	Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops. (Number series and different Patterns).		
6	Numpy Library: Linear Algebra a) Write a python program to find rank, determinant, and trace of an array. b) Write a python program to find eigen values of matrices d) Write a python program to solve a linear matrix equation, or system of linear scalar equations.		
7	Graphics: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Consider turtle object. Write functions to draw triangle, rectangle, polygon, circle and sphere. Use object oriented approach.</li> <li>• Design a Python program using the Turtle graphics library to construct a turtle bar chart representing the grades obtained by N students read from a file categorizing them into distinction, first class, second class, third class and failed.</li> </ul>		
8	Create a colour images using NumPy in Python.		
<b>Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE )</b>			
9	Write a python program to implement Pandas Series with labels.		
10	Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling. (copy from one file to another, word count, longest word).		
11	Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling. (divide by zero error, voter's age validity, student mark range validation).		
12	Developing a game activity using Pygame like bouncing ball, car race etc.		

**Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems.
- CO2: Develop and execute simple Python programs.
- CO3: Use functions to decompose a Python program.
- CO4: Process compound data using Python data structures.
- CO5: Utilize Python packages in developing software applications.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

**Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before

the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

- G Venkatesh and Madhavan Mukund, "Computational Thinking: A Primer for Programmers and Data Scientists", 1st Edition, Notion Press, 2021.
- John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python: With Applications to Computational Modeling and Understanding Data", Third Edition, MIT Press, 2021
- Paul Deitel and Harvey Deitel, "Python for Programmers", Pearson Education, 1st Edition, 2021.
- Eric Matthes, "Python Crash Course, A Hands - on Project Based Introduction to Programming", 2nd Edition, No Starch Press, 2019.
- Martin C. Brown, "Python: The Complete Reference", 4th Edition, Mc-Graw Hill, 2018.

<b>INTRODUCTION TO VIRTUAL REALITY</b>		Semester	3rd
Course Code	<b>BME358B</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	<b>0-2-0-0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>30</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>01</b>	Exam Hours	01
Examination nature (SEE)	<b>Theory/practical/Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describe how VR systems work and list the applications of VR.</li> <li>• Understand the design and implementation of the hardware that enables VR systems to be built.</li> <li>• Understand the system of human vision and its implication on perception and rendering.</li> <li>• Explain the concepts of motion and tracking in VR systems.</li> <li>• Describe the importance of interaction and audio in VR systems.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>                      These are sample Strategies; which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Video demonstrations or Simulations.</li> <li>2. Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.</li> <li>3. Adopt flipped classroom teaching method.</li> <li>4. Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) learning in the class.</li> <li>5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analyzing information.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<b>Introduction to Virtual Reality</b> : Defining Virtual Reality, History of VR, Human Physiology and Perception, Key Elements of Virtual Reality Experience, Virtual Reality System, Interface to the Virtual World-Input & output- Visual, Aural & Haptic Displays, Applications of Virtual Reality.			
Teaching- Learning Process	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power-point Presentation,</li> <li>2. Video demonstration or Simulations,</li> <li>3. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving./White board</li> </ol>		
<b>Module-2</b>			
<b>Representing the Virtual World</b> : Representation of the Virtual World, Visual Representation in VR, Aural Representation in VR and Haptic Representation in VR			
Teaching- Learning Process	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power-point Presentation,</li> <li>2. Video demonstration or Simulations,</li> <li>3. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving./White board</li> </ol>		
<b>Module-3</b>			
<b>The Geometry of Virtual Worlds &amp;The Physiology of Human Vision:</b> Geometric Models, Changing Position and Orientation, Axis-Angle Representations of Rotation, Viewing Transformations, Chaining the Transformations, Human Eye, eye movements & implications for VR.			
Teaching- Learning Process	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power-point Presentation,</li> <li>2. Video demonstration or Simulations,</li> <li>3. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving./White board</li> </ol>		
<b>Module-4</b>			

<p><b>Visual Perception &amp; Rendering:</b> Visual Perception - Perception of Depth, Perception of Motion, Perception of Color, Combining Sources of Information</p> <p>Visual Rendering -Ray Tracing and Shading Models, Rasterization, Correcting Optical Distortions, Improving Latency and Frame Rates</p>	
Teaching- Learning Process	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power-point Presentation,</li> <li>2. Video demonstration or Simulations,</li> <li>3. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving./White board</li> </ol>
<p><b>Module-5</b></p>	
<p><b>Motion &amp; Tracking:</b> Motion in Real and Virtual Worlds- Velocities and Accelerations, The Vestibular System, Physics in the Virtual World, Mismatched Motion and Vection</p> <p>Tracking- Tracking 2D &amp; 3D Orientation, Tracking Position and Orientation, Tracking Attached Bodies</p>	
Teaching- Learning Process	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power-point Presentation,</li> <li>2. Video demonstration or Simulations,</li> <li>3. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving./White board</li> </ol>
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b></p> <p>At the end of the course the student will be able to:</p> <p>CO1: Describe how VR systems work and list the applications of VR.</p> <p>CO2: Demonstrate the design and implementation of the hardware that enables VR systems to be built.</p> <p>CO3: Understand the system of human vision and its implication on perception and rendering.</p> <p>CO4: Explain the concepts of motion and tracking in VR systems.</p> <p>CO5: Describe the importance of interaction and audio in VR systems.</p>	

### **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

### **Continuous Internal Examination (CIE)**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

### **Semester End Examinations (SEE)**

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of 01 mark. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

#### **Text Books**

1. Virtual Reality, Steven M. LaValle, Cambridge University Press, 2016
2. Understanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application and Design, William R Sherman and Alan B Craig, (The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Computer Graphics)". Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, San Francisco, CA, 2002.
3. Developing Virtual Reality Applications: Foundations of Effective Design, Alan B Craig, William R Sherman and Jeffrey D Will, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Gerard Jounghyun Kim, "Designing Virtual Systems: The Structured Approach", 2005.
2. Doug A Bowman, Ernest Kuijff, Joseph J LaViola, Jr and Ivan Poupyrev, "3D User Interfaces, Theory and Practice", Addison Wesley, USA, 2005.
3. Oliver Bimber and Ramesh Raskar, "Spatial Augmented Reality: Merging Real and Virtual Worlds", 2005.
4. Burdea, Grigore C and Philippe Coiffet, "Virtual Reality Technology", Wiley Interscience, India, 2003.

### **Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <http://lavalle.pl/vr/book.html>
- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106138/>
- <https://www.coursera.org/learn/introduction-virtual-reality>.

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Course seminars

<b>SPREADSHEET FOR ENGINEERS</b>		Semester	3
Course Code	<b>BME358C</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	<b>0:0:2:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>15 sessions</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>1</b>	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Practical</b>		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To create different plots and charts</li> <li>• To compute different functions, conditional functions and make regression analysis</li> <li>• To carryout iterative solutions for roots, multiple roots, optimization and non-linear regression analysis</li> <li>• To carryout matrix operations</li> <li>• To Understand VBA and UDF</li> <li>• To understand VBA subroutines and Macros</li> <li>• To carryout numerical integration and solving differential equations using different methods</li> </ul>			
<b>Sl.NO</b>	<b>Experiments</b>		
1	Charting: Create an XY scatter graph, XY chart with two Y-Axes, add error bars to your plot, create a combination chart		
2	Functions: Computing Sum, Average, Count, Max and Min, Computing Weighted Average, Trigonometric Functions, Exponential Functions, Using The CONVERT Function to Convert Units		
3	Conditional Functions: Logical Expressions, Boolean Functions, IF Function, Creating a Quadratic Equation Solver, Table VLOOKUP Function, AND, OR and XOR functions.		
4	Regression Analysis: Trendline, Slope and Intercept, Interpolation and Forecast, The LINEST Function, Multilinear Regression, Polynomial Fit Functions, Residuals Plot, Slope and Tangent, Analysis ToolPack.		
5	Iterative Solutions Using Excel: Using Goal Seek in Excel, Using The Solver To Find Roots, Finding Multiple Roots, Optimization Using The Solver, Minimization Analysis, NonLinear Regression Analysis.		
6	Matrix Operations Using Excel: Adding Two Matrices, Multiplying a Matrix by a Scalar, Multiplying Two Matrices, Transposing a Matrix, Inverting a Matrix and Solving System of Linear Equations.		
7	VBA User-Defined Functions (UDF): The Visual Basic Editor (VBE), The IF Structure, The Select Case Structure, The For Next Structure, The Do Loop Structure, Declaring Variables and Data Types, An Array Function The Excel Object Model, For Each Next Structure.		
8	VBA Subroutines or Macros: Recording a Macro, Coding a Macro Finding Roots by Bisection, Using Arrays, Adding a Control and Creating User Forms.		
<b>Demonstration Experiments (For CIE)</b>			
9	Numerical Integration Using Excel: The Rectangle Rule, The Trapezoid Rule, The Simpson's Rule, Creating a User-Defined Function Using the Simpson's Rule.		
10	Differential Equations: Euler's Method, Modified Euler's Method, The Runge Kutta Method, Solving a Second Order Differential Equation		
<b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b>			
At the end of the course the student will be able to:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Create different plots and charts</li> <li>• Compute different functions, conditional functions and make regression analysis</li> <li>• Carryout iterative solutions for roots, multiple roots, optimization and non-linear regression analysis</li> <li>• Carryout matrix operations</li> </ul>			

- Understand VBA and UDF, VBA subroutines and Macros
- Carryout numerical integration and solving differential equations using different methods

### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

### Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

### Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement

evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 03 hours

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

- Excel Resources - 600+ Self Study Guides, Articles & Tools (wallstreetmojo.com)
- [https://www.ictlounge.com/html/year\\_7/esafety\\_part7.htm](https://www.ictlounge.com/html/year_7/esafety_part7.htm)
- McFedries Paul Microsoft Excel 2019 Formulas And Functions Microsoft Press, U.S, 2019 Edition

<b>Tools in Scientific Computing</b>		Semester	<b>3</b>
Course Code	<b>BME358D</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	<b>0:0:2:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>15 sessions</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>01</b>	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory/ <b>Practical</b> /Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
1. To learn the fundamentals of problem-solving using MATLAB/MATHCAD and go plot graphs using Origin software 2. To introduce programming for curve fitting and solving both linear and nonlinear equations. 3. To understand the concept of approximate methods and recognize their significance in computing.			
<b>Sl.NO</b>	<b>Experiments</b>		
1	Develop a program to find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of a square matrix		
2	Develop a user-friendly program for the Newton-Raphson method for solving simultaneous nonlinear equations		
3	Develop a user-friendly program to find solution of simultaneous linear equations using matrix methods		
4	Develop a program to find the equation that best fits for the given set of points using any of the curve fitting techniques		
5	Develop a program to compute the area under the given curve described by the function using numerical techniques		
6	Develop a user-friendly program for the thick or thin cylinders subjected to internal and external loads, determine the stresses developed within the cylinder and plot the variation of stresses		
7	Develop a program to find the principal stresses and their associated directions for a given state of stress described by the components of stress in three dimensions ( $\sigma_{xx}$ , $\sigma_{yy}$ , $\sigma_{zz}$ , $\sigma_{xy}$ , $\sigma_{xz}$ , $\sigma_{yz}$ ),		
8	Develop a user-friendly program for plotting the Mohr's circle for the given 2D stress state and determine the principal stresses and directions of principle stress		
<b>Demonstration Experiments (For CIE)</b>			
9	Develop a program to find the multiplication and inverse of a square matrix		
10	Develop a program to find and plot the response of spring-mass-dashpot system subjected to harmonic excitation.		
11	Develop a program to find the roots of a quadratic equation using numerical methods		
12	Develop a program to find the solution of differential equation using approximate methods		

**Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

1. Understand the fundamentals of programming in scientific computations.
2. Develop programming for curve fitting and solving both linear and nonlinear equations.
3. Apply the concept of approximate methods and recognize their significance in computing.
4. Apply MATLAB/MATCAD/FORTRAN/PYTHON tools, etc., for solving engineering problems

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

**Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.

- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 03 hours

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

1. Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists, Steven C. Chapra, Edition 3, McGraw-Hill, 2012
2. Numerical methods for engineers, Steven C. Chapra, Raymond P. Canale, 5th fifth edition, 2006, McGraw-Hill Higher Education, Boston, 2006
3. MATLAB and Its Applications in Engineering, Raj Kumar Bansal, et.al 2009, Pearson Education,

<b>APPLIED THERMODYNAMICS</b>		Semester	4
Course Code	<b>BME401</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	<b>2:2:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>30</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>03</b>	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Explain the air standard cycle and combustion in I. C. Engines.</li> <li>• Describe the gas power cycle and vapour power cycles.</li> <li>• Explain the performance of compressor.</li> <li>• Explain the concepts of Refrigeration and Air conditioning.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>  These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Video demonstrations or Simulations.</li> <li>2. Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.</li> <li>3. Adopt flipped classroom teaching method.</li> <li>4. Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) learning in the class.</li> <li>5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analysing information.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<p><b>Air standard cycles:</b> Carnot cycle. Otto, Diesel, Dual and cycles, p-v and T -s diagrams, description, efficiencies and mean effective pressures. Comparison of Otto and Diesel cycles.</p> <p><b>I.C.Engines:</b> Classification of IC engines, Combustion of SI engine and CI engine, Detonation and factors affecting detonation, Performance analysis of I.C Engines, Heat balance, Morse test</p>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<p><b>Gas power Cycles:</b> Gas turbine (Brayton) cycle; description and analysis. Regenerative, Intercooling and reheating in gas turbine cycles.</p> <p><b>Jet Propulsion cycles:</b> Turbojet, Turboprop, Turbofan, Ram Jet, Rocket, Pulse Jet, Ram Rocket.</p>			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<p><b>Vapour Power Cycles:</b> Carnot vapour power cycle, drawbacks as a reference cycle. Simple Rankine cycle; description, T-S diagram, analysis for performance. Comparison of Carnot and Rankine cycles. Effects of pressure and temperature on Rankine cycle performance.</p> <p><b>Actual vapour power cycles:</b> Actual vapour power cycles, regenerative vapour power cycle with open and closed feed water heaters. Reheat Rankine cycle.</p>			
<b>Module-4</b>			
<p><b>Refrigeration Cycles:</b> Vapour compression refrigeration system; description, analysis, refrigerating effect. Capacity, power required, units of refrigeration, COP, Refrigerants and their desirable properties, alternate Refrigerants. Vapour absorption refrigeration system.</p> <p><b>Psychrometrics and Air-conditioning Systems:</b> Psychrometric properties of Air (<i>only for review</i>), Psychrometric Chart, Analyzing Air-conditioning Processes; Heating, Cooling, Dehumidification and Humidification, Evaporative Cooling. Adiabatic mixing of two moist air streams.</p>			

### Module-5

**Reciprocating Compressors:** Operation of a single stage reciprocating compressors. Work input through p-v diagram and steady state steady flow analysis. Effect of Clearance and Volumetric efficiency. Adiabatic, Isothermal and Mechanical efficiencies. Multi-stage compressor, saving in work, Optimum intermediate pressure, Inter-cooling, Minimum work for compression.

**Steam nozzles:** Flow of steam through nozzles, Shape of nozzles, effect of friction, Critical pressure ratio, Super saturated flow.

#### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Analyse air standard cycle to evaluate the performance of I C engines.
2. Analyze the gas power cycles to evaluate the overall efficiency of gas turbine plant.
3. Apply thermodynamic concepts to analyze the performance of vapour power cycles.
4. Analyze the vapour compression and vapour absorption systems to improve refrigeration.
5. Determination of various parameters of air compressors and steam nozzles.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

#### Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Books (Title of the Book/Name of the author/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)****Text Books:**

1. Engineering Thermodynamics, P.K. Nag, Tata McGraw Hill, 6th Edition 2018
2. Thermodynamics, Yunus A, Cengel, Michael A Boles, Tata McGraw Hill 7th Edition

**Reference Books:**

1. Thermodynamics for engineers Kenneth A. Kroosand Merle C. Potter, Cengage Learning 2016
2. Principles of Engineering Thermodynamics, Michael J, Moran,Howard N. Shapiro, Wiley 8th Edition
3. I.C.Engines, M.L.Mathur&Sharma. Dhanpat Rai& sons-India

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AwbhbN20xl8&list=PLwdnzlV3ogoVJnW1S9GgOKYj5heOzl1dn>
- <https://ciechanow.ski/internal-combustion-engine/>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1Vn1PDuPHsY&list=PL4K9r9dYCOoozyQU9kmQFJkTz>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Organise Industrial visits to Thermal power plants and submission of report.
- Visit to a building under construction to explore the design consideration of duct to understand the concept of centralized Air Conditioning.

<b>MACHINING SCIENCE &amp; METROLOGY</b>		Semester	<b>IV</b>
Course Code	<b>BME402</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory /Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To enrich the knowledge pertaining to relative motion and mechanics required for various machine tools.</li> <li>To introduce students to different machine tools to produce components having different shapes and sizes.</li> <li>To develop the knowledge on mechanics of machining process and effect of various parameters on machining.</li> <li>To understand the basic principles of measurements</li> <li>To enrich the knowledge pertaining to gauge , comparator and angular measurement.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b> These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adopt different teaching methods to develop the outcomes through presentations/ video demonstrations/ simulations.</li> <li>Chalk and talk method for problem-solving.</li> <li>Arrange industrial visits to show the live working models other than laboratory topics.</li> <li>Adopt collaborative learning in the class.</li> <li>Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analyzing information.</li> <li>Conduct laboratory demonstrations and practical experiments to enhance experiential skills.</li> </ol>			
<b>MODULE-1</b>			
<p><b>Introduction to Metal cutting:</b> Orthogonal and oblique cutting. Classification of cutting tools: single, and multipoint; tool signature for single point cutting tool. Mechanics of orthogonal cutting; chip formation, shear angle and its significance, Merchant circle diagram. Numerical problems. Cutting tool materials and applications.</p> <p><b>Introduction to basic metal cutting machine tools: Lathe-</b> Parts of lathe machine, accessories of lathe Machine and various operations carried out on lathe. Kinematics of lathe. Turret and Capstan lathe.</p>			
<b>MODULE-2</b>			
<p><b>Milling Machines:</b> up milling &amp; down milling, classification of milling machines, constructional features (Column and Knee and vertical milling machine), milling cutter nomenclature, various milling operations, calculation of machining time.</p> <p><b>Indexing:</b> Need of indexing Simple, compound and differential indexing calculations. Simple numerical on indexing.</p> <p><b>Shaping, Slotting and Planning Machines Tools:</b> Driving mechanisms of Shaper, Slotter and Planer. Operations done on Shaper, Planer &amp; Slotter Difference between shaping and planning operations.</p> <p><b>Drilling Machines:</b> Constructional features (Radial &amp; Bench drilling Machines), operations, types of drill &amp; drill bit nomenclature. Calculation of machining time.</p> <p><b>Grinding:</b> Grinding operation, classification of grinding processes: cylindrical, surface &amp; centerless grinding</p>			

<b>MODULE-3</b>
<p><b>Thermal aspects, Tool wear, and Machinability</b></p> <p><b>Temperature in Metal Cutting:</b> Heat generation in metal cutting; temperature distribution in metal cutting, effect of cutting speed on temperatures, measurement of cutting temperatures Tool life and tool Wear: progressive tool wear;</p> <p><b>forms of wear in metal cutting:</b> crater wear, flank wear, tool-life criteria, cutting tool materials: basic requirements of tool materials, major classes of tool materials: high-speed steel, cemented carbide, ceramics, CBN and diamond, tool coatings; the work material and its machinability</p> <p><b>Cutting fluids:</b> Action of coolants and application of cutting fluids.</p>
<b>MODULE-4</b>
<p><b>Introduction:</b> Introduction to metrology &amp; measurements, definition, objectives and classification of metrology, standards of length- wave length standard, sub division of standards, numerical problems on length calibration.</p> <p><b>Line &amp; End Standards:</b> Line and end standard, slip gauges, wringing phenomena, numerical problems on slip gauges.</p> <p><b>Systems of Limits, Fits &amp; Tolerance:</b> Definition of tolerance, tolerance specification in assembly, principle of interchangeability and selective assembly, limits of size, Indian standards, concepts of limits of size and tolerances, cost v/s tolerances, compound tolerances, accumulation of tolerances, definition of fits, types of fits and their designation.</p>
<b>MODULE-5</b>
<p><b>Gauges:</b> Classification of gauges, Taylor's principle, design of GO, NO GO gauges, wear allowance on gauges, types of gauges- plain plug gauges, ring gauges, snap gauge, limit gauge, simple problems.</p> <p><b>Comparators:</b> Introduction to comparators, classification, characteristics, systems of displacement amplification in mechanical comparators, Reed type, Sigma comparator, Zeiss ultra-optimeter, Solex air gauge, ultrasonic gauges, LVDT.</p> <p><b>Angular Measurements:</b> Bevel protractor, sine bar, angular gauges, numerical on building of angles.</p>

**PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (May cover all / major modules)**

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Preparation of one model on lathe involving - Plain turning, Facing, Knurling, Drilling, Boring, Internal Thread cuts and Eccentric turning.
2	Preparation of One model on lathe involving - Plain turning, Facing, Taper turning, Step turning, Thread cutting, Facing, Knurling, Drilling, Boring, Internal Thread cutting and Eccentric turning.
3	One Job, Cutting of V Groove/ dovetail / Rectangular groove using a shaper.
4	Cutting of Gear Teeth using Milling Machine.
5	Simple operations and One Job on the drilling and grinding machine.
6	Cutting force measurement with dynamometers (Demonstration) for turning, drilling, grinding operations.
7	Analysis of chip formation and chip reduction coefficient in turning of mild steel by HSS tool with different depth of cut, speed, and feed rate.
8	Experiment on anyone advanced machining process
9	Study & Demonstration of power tools like power drill, power hacksaw, portable hand grinding, cordless screw drivers, production air tools, wood cutter, etc., used in Mechanical Engineering.
10	Demonstration/Experimentation of simple programming of CNC machine operations.
11	Demonstration / Experiment on tool wears and tool life on anyone conventional machining process.
12	To study the tool geometry of a single point turning tool (SPTT) in the American Standards Association (ASA) system.
<p><b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b>            At the end of the course, the student will be able to:  <b>CO1:</b> Analyze various cutting parameters in metal cutting.  <b>CO2:</b> Understand the construction of machines &amp; machine tools and compute the machining time of various operations.  <b>CO3:</b> Understand the concept of Temperature in Metal Cutting, forms of wear in metal cutting and Cutting fluids  <b>CO4:</b> Understand the objectives of metrology, methods of measurement, standards of measurement &amp; various measurement parameters. Explain tolerance, limits of size, fits, geometric and position tolerances, gauges and their design  <b>CO5:</b> Understand the working principle of different types of comparators, gauges, angular Measurements</p>	
<p><b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b>            The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p>	
<p><b>CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.</li> <li>• CIE marks for the theory component are <b>25 marks</b> and that for the practical component is <b>25 marks</b>.</li> </ul>	

- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

#### **CIE for the practical component of the IPCC**

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

#### **SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

**The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.**

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

##### **Books**

1. Shaw, M C, (2014), Metal Cutting Principles, Oxford University Press.
2. McGeough, J A, (1988), Advanced Methods of Machining, Springer.
3. Boothroyd, G., and Knight, W. A., Fundamentals of Machining and Machine Tools, CRC Press.
4. Chattopadhyay, A B, (2013), Machining and Machine Tools, Wiley India.
5. Mikell P. Groover, (2019), Fundamentals of Modern Manufacturing: Materials, Processes, and Systems, Wiley Publications.
6. Rao P. N., Manufacturing Technology II, Tata McGraw Hill.
7. Mechanical Measurements Beckwith Marangoni and Lienhard Pearson Education 6th Ed.,
8. Instrumentation, Measurement and Analysis B C Nakra, K K Chaudhry McGraw-Hill 4th Edition
9. Engineering Metrology R.K. Jain Khanna Publishers 2009

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

1. V. K. Jain, Advanced Machining Processes, NPTEL Course Department of Mechanical Engineering, IIT Kanpur, Link: <http://nptel.ac.in/courses/112104028/>.
2. U. S. Dixit, Mechanics of Machining, NPTEL Course Department of Mechanical Engineering Guwahati, Link: <http://nptel.ac.in/courses/112103248/>.
3. A. B. Chattopadhyay, Manufacturing Processes II, NPTEL Course of Department of Mechanical Engineering, IIT Kharagpur, <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/105/112105126/>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

Visit any one machining center or machining industry and/or

Case study on process parameter influence on anyone advanced machining process and hybrid machining process.

<b>FLUID MECHANICS</b>		Semester	<b>04</b>
Course Code	<b>BME403</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination nature (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To have a working knowledge of the basic properties of fluids and understand the continuum approximation.</li> <li>To Calculate the forces exerted by a fluid at rest on submerged surfaces and understand the force of buoyancy.</li> <li>To understand the flow characteristic and dynamics of flow field for various Engineering applications.</li> <li>To know how velocity changes and energy transfers in fluid flows are related to forces and torques and to understand why designing for minimum loss of energy in fluid flows is so important.</li> <li>To discuss the main properties of laminar and turbulent pipe flow and appreciate their differences and the concept of boundary layer theory.</li> <li>Understand the concept of dynamic similarity and how to apply it to experimental modelling.</li> <li>To appreciate the consequences of compressibility in gas flow and understand the effects of friction and heat transfer on compressible flows.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>  These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power-point Presentation,</li> <li>2. Video demonstration or Simulations</li> <li>3. Chalk and Talk are used for Problem Solving</li> <li>4. Laboratory Demonstrations and Practical Experiments</li> </ol>			
<b>MODULE-1</b>			
<p><b>Basics:</b> Introduction, Properties of fluids-mass density, weight density, specific volume, specific gravity, viscosity, surface tension, capillarity, vapour pressure, compressibility and bulk modulus. Concept of continuum, types of fluids etc, pressure at a point in the static mass of fluid, variation of pressure, Pascal's law, Absolute, gauge, atmospheric and vacuum pressures pressure measurement by simple, differential manometers and mechanical gauges.</p> <p><b>Fluid Statics:</b> Total pressure and center of pressure for horizontal plane, vertical plane surface and inclined plane surface submerged in static fluid.</p>			
<b>MODULE-2</b>			
<p><b>Fluid Kinematics:</b> Types of Flow-steady, unsteady, uniform, non-uniform, laminar, turbulent, one, two and three dimensional, compressible, incompressible, rotational, irrotational, stream lines, path lines, streak lines, velocity components, convective and local acceleration, velocity potential, stream function, continuity equation in Cartesian co-ordinates. Rotation, vorticity and circulation, Laplace equation in velocity potential and Poisson equation in stream function, flow net, Problems.</p> <p>Laminar and Turbulent flow: Flow through circular pipe, between parallel plates, Power absorbed in viscous flow in bearings, Poiseuille equation.</p>			
<b>MODULE-3</b>			
<p><b>Fluid Dynamics:</b> Momentum equation, Impacts of jets- force on fixed and moving vanes, flat and curved. Numericals. Euler's equation, Integration of Euler's equation to obtain Bernoulli's equation,</p>			

Bernoulli's theorem, Application of Bernoulli's theorem such as venture meter, orifice meter, rectangular and triangular notch, pitot tube, orifices etc., related numericals. <b>Loss of head due to friction in pipes</b> , Major and minor losses, pipes in series and parallel.
<b>MODULE-4</b>
<b>Flow over bodies:</b> Development of boundary layer, Lift and Drag, Flow around circular cylinders, spheres, aerofoils and flat plates, Streamlined and bluff bodies, boundary layer separation and its control. <b>Dimensional Analysis:</b> Derived quantities, dimensions of physical quantities, dimensional homogeneity, Rayleigh method, Buckingham Pi-theorem, dimensionless numbers, similitude, types of similitude.
<b>MODULE-5</b>
<b>Compressible flows:</b> Speed of sound, adiabatic and isentropic steady flow, Isentropic flow with area change stagnation and sonic properties, normal and oblique shocks, flow through nozzles. <b>Introduction to CFD:</b> Necessity, limitations, philosophy behind CFD, applications

**PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC** *(May cover all / major modules)*

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Determine the viscosity of oil using Red wood viscometer and Say-bolt viscometer. <b>Can be Demo experiments for CIE</b>
2	Measurement of pressure using different Manometers for high and low pressure measurements (manometers using different manometric fluids).
3	Working principle of different flow meters and their calibration (orifice plate, venture meter, turbine, Rota meter, electromagnetic flow meter) <b>Can be Demo experiments for CIE</b>
4	Determination of head loss in pipes and pipe fittings having different diameters, different materials and different roughness
5	Reynolds apparatus to measure critical Reynolds number for pipe flows
6	Effect of change in cross section and application of the Bernoulli equation
7	Impact of jet on flat and curved plates
8	Measurement of coefficient of pressure distribution on a cylinder at different Reynolds Numbers
9	Effect of change in cross section and application of the Bernoulli equation
10	Working principle of different flow meters for open channel and their calibration
11	Determination of drag and lift co-efficients of standard objects using wind tunnel. <b>Can be Demo experiments for CIE</b>
12	Use any CFD package to study the flow over aerofoil/cylinder <b>Can be Demo experiments for CIE</b>

**Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1: Identify and calculate the key fluid properties used in the analysis of fluid behavior.
- CO2: Understand and apply the principles of pressure, buoyancy and floatation
- CO3: Apply the knowledge of fluid dynamics while addressing problems of mechanical and chemical engineering.
- CO4: Understand the concept of boundary layer in fluid flow and apply dimensional analysis to form dimensionless numbers in terms of input output variables.
- CO5: Understand the basic concept of compressible flow and CFD
- CO 6: Conduct basic experiments of fluid mechanics and understand the experimental uncertainties.

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)**

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

**CIE for the practical component of the IPCC**

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

**SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

**The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.**

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Books**

- Fox, R. W., Pitchard, P. J., and McDonald, A. T., (2010), Introduction to Fluid Mechanics, 7th Edition, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- Cimbala, J. M., Cengel, Y. A. (2010), Fluid Mechanics: Fundamentals and Applications, McGraw-Hill
- Frank M White., (2016), Fluid Mechanics, 8th Edition, McGraw-Hill

**Additional References:**

- A text book of Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines, Dr. R K Bansal, Laxmi publishers
- Fundamentals of Fluid Mechanics, Munson, Young, Okiishi & Hebsch, John Wiley Publications, 7th Edition

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- Nptel.ac.in
- VTU, E- learning
- MOOCS
- Open courseware

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Industrial visits
- Course seminar
- Term project

<b>MECHANICAL MEASUREMENTS AND METROLOGY LAB</b>		Semester	4
Course Code	<b>BME404</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	<b>0:0:2:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>15 sessions</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>01</b>	Exam Hours	03
Examination nature (SEE)	<b>Practical</b>		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To illustrate the theoretical concepts taught in Mechanical Measurements &amp; Metrology through experiments.</li> <li>To illustrate the use of various measuring tools measuring techniques.</li> <li>To understand calibration techniques of various measuring devices.</li> </ol>			
<b>Sl.NO</b>	<b>Experiments</b>		
	<b>MECHANICAL MEASUREMENTS:</b>		
1	Calibration of Pressure Gauge		
2	Calibration of Thermocouple		
3	Calibration of LVDT		
4	Calibration of Load cell		
5	Determination of modulus of elasticity of a mild steel specimen using strain gauges.		
	<b>METROLOGY:</b>		
6	Measurements using Optical Projector / Toolmaker Microscope.		
7	Measurement of angle using Sine Center / Sine bar / bevel protractor		
8	Measurement of alignment using Autocollimator / Roller set		
	<b>Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE )</b>		
9	Measurement of cutting tool forces using a) Lathe tool Dynamometer OR b) Drill tool Dynamometer.		
10	. Measurements of Screw thread Parameters using two wire or Three-wire methods.		
11	Measurements of Surface roughness, Using Tally Surf/Mechanical Comparator		
12	Measurement of gear tooth profile using gear tooth Vernier /Gear tooth micrometer		
<b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b>			
At the end of the course the student will be able to:			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To calibrate pressure gauge, thermocouple, LVDT, load cell, micrometer.</li> <li>To measure angle using Sine Center/ Sine Bar/ Bevel Protractor, alignment using Autocollimator/ Roller set.</li> <li>To demonstrate measurements using Optical Projector/Tool maker microscope, Optical flats.</li> <li>To measure cutting tool forces using Lathe/Drill tool dynamometer.</li> <li>To measure Screw thread parameters using 2-Wire or 3-Wire method, gear tooth profile using gear tooth vernier/Gear tooth micrometer.</li> <li>To measure surface roughness using Tally Surf/ Mechanical Comparator.</li> </ol>			

### **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of **60%** and the rest **40%** for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

#### **Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and

## Template for Practical Course and if AEC is a practical Course

scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

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<b>NON TRADITIONAL MACHINING</b>		Semester	<b>IV</b>
Course Code	<b>BME405A</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination nature (SEE)	<b>Theory</b> /practical/Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others		
<p><b>Course Objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To learn various concepts related to modern machining processes &amp; their applications.</li> <li>To appreciate the differences between conventional and non-conventional machining processes.</li> <li>To acquire a functional understanding of non-traditional manufacturing equipment.</li> <li>To know about various process parameters and their influence on performance and their applications.</li> <li>To impart knowledge on various types of energy involved in non-traditional machining processes.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b> These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Videodemonstrations or Simulations.</li> <li>Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.</li> <li>Adopt flipped classroom teaching method.</li> <li>Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) learning in the class.</li> <li>Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' analytical skills and develops thinking skills such as evaluating, generalizing, and analyzing information.</li> </ul>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<p><b>Introduction to Non-traditional machining</b> Introduction to Non-traditional machining, Need for Non-traditional machining process, Comparison between traditional and non-traditional machining, general classification Non-traditional machining processes, classification based on nature of energy employed in machining, selection of non-traditional machining processes, Specific advantages, limitations and applications of non-traditional machining processes.</p>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<p><b>Ultrasonic Machining (USM):</b> Introduction, Equipment and material process, Effect of process parameters: Effect of amplitude and frequency, Effect of abrasive grain diameter, effect of slurry, tool &amp; work material. Process characteristics: Material removal rate, tool wear, accuracy, surface finish, applications, advantages &amp; limitations of USM.</p> <p><b>Abrasive Jet Machining (AJM):</b> Introduction, Equipment and process of material removal, process variables: carrier gas, type of abrasive, work material, stand-off distance (SOD). Process characteristics-Material removal rate, Nozzle wear, accuracy &amp; surface finish. Applications, advantages &amp; limitations of AJM.</p>			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<p><b>Electrochemical machining (ECM):</b> Introduction, Principle of electro chemical machining, ECM equipment, elements of ECM operation, Chemistry of ECM. ECM Process characteristics: Material removal rate, accuracy, surface finish. Process parameters: Current density, Tool feed rate, Gap between tool &amp; work piece, velocity of electrolyte flow, type of electrolyte, its concentration temperature, and choice of electrolytes. ECM Tooling: ECM tooling technique &amp; example, Tool &amp; insulation materials. Applications ECM: Electrochemical grinding and electrochemical honing process. Advantages, disadvantages and application of ECM, ECH.</p> <p><b>Chemical Machining (CHM):</b> Elements of the process, Resists (maskants), Etchants. Types of chemical machining process-chemical</p>			

blanking process, chemical milling process. Process characteristics of CHM: material removal rate, accuracy, surface finish, advantages, limitations and applications of chemical machining process.
<b>Module-4</b>
<p><b>Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM):</b> Introduction, mechanism of metal removal, EDM equipment: spark erosion generator (relaxation type), dielectric medium-its functions &amp; desirable properties, electrode feed control system. Flushing types; pressure flushing, suction flushing, side flushing, pulsed flushing. EDM process parameters: Spark frequency, current &amp; spark gap, surface finish, Heat Affected Zone. Advantages, limitations &amp; applications of EDM, Electrical discharge grinding, Traveling wire EDM.</p> <p><b>Plasma Arc Machining (PAM):</b> Introduction, non-thermal generation of plasma, equipment mechanism of metal removal, Plasma torch, process parameters, process characteristics. Safety precautions. Safety precautions, applications, advantages and limitations.</p>
<b>Module-5</b>
<p><b>Laser Beam Machining (LBM):</b> Introduction, generation of LASER, Equipment and mechanism of metal removal, LBM parameters and characteristics, Applications, Advantages &amp; limitations.</p> <p><b>Electron Beam Machining (EBM):</b> Introduction, Principle, equipment and mechanism of metal removal, applications, advantages and limitations.</p>
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b></p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</p> <p><b>CO1: Describe</b> non-traditional machining process and <b>compare</b> with Traditional machining process. <b>Recognize</b> the need for Non-traditional machining process.</p> <p><b>CO2: Describe</b> the constructional features, performance parameters, process characteristics, applications, advantages, and limitations of USM, AJM and WJM.</p> <p><b>CO3: Characterize</b> the need of Chemical and electro-chemical machining process along with the constructional features, process parameters, process characteristics, applications, advantages, and limitations.</p> <p><b>CO4: Illustrate</b> the constructional feature of the equipment, process parameters, process characteristics, applications, advantages and limitations EDM &amp; PAM</p>

### **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

#### **Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

##### **Books**

##### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Modern Machining Process by P.C Pandey and H S Shah, McGraw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd. 2000
2. Wellar, E.J. "Non-Traditional Machining Processes", Society of Manufacturing Engineers Publications, 2nd Edition, Michigan, 1984.
3. Non Traditional Manufacturing Processes, by Gary F Benedict, Taylor & Francis

##### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Production technology, HMT, McGraw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd. 2001
2. New Technology, Dr. Amitabha Bhattacharyya, The Institute of Engineers (India), 2000
3. Modern Machining process, Aditya, 2002.
4. Non-Conventional Machining, P.K.Mishra, The Institution of Engineers (India) Test book series, Narosa Publishing House – 2005.
5. Metals Handbook: Machining Volume 16, Joseph R. Davis (Editor), American Society of Metals (ASM)
6. Gary F. Benedict, –Nontraditional manufacturing processes||, Marcel Dekker, Inc. 1987.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105127>

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

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<b>ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES</b>		Semester	IV
Course Code	<b>BME405B</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	<b>3:0:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>40 hr</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>03</b>	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b> To impart the knowledge and awareness for the environmental protection for real-time contribution during an execution of engineering practices in the society.</p>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b> These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Visit to a local area to document environmental assets/ecosystems- River/forest/grassland/mountain</li> <li>• Construction of Food chain/food web of the visited area</li> <li>• To identify the sources of air/water/soil/noise pollution of any area.</li> </ul>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<p><b>Introduction to Environmental Studies:</b> Multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies. Scope and importance; Concept of sustainability and sustainable development. Ecosystems: Structure and function of ecosystem; Energy flow in an ecosystem: food chains, food webs and ecological succession. Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)</p>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<p><b>Natural Resources: Renewable and Non-Renewable Resources:</b> Land resources and land-use change; Land degradation, soil erosion and desertification. Deforestation: Causes and impacts due to mining, dam building on environment, forests, biodiversity and tribal populations. Water: Use and over-exploitation of surface and ground water, floods, droughts, conflicts over water (International &amp; Inter-state). Energy resources: Renewable and non-renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources, growing energy needs, case studies.</p>			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<p><b>Biodiversity and Conservation:</b> Levels of biological diversity: Genetic, species and ecosystem diversity; Biogeographic zones of India; Biodiversity patterns and global biodiversity hotspots. India as a mega-biodiversity nation; Endangered and endemic species of India. Threats to biodiversity: Habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts, biological invasions; Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity. Ecosystem and biodiversity services: Ecological, economic, social, ethical, aesthetic and Informational value.</p> <p><b>Environmental Pollution</b> Environmental Pollution: Types, causes, effects and controls; Air, water, soil and noise pollution. Nuclear hazards and human health risks. Solid waste management, Control measures of urban and industrial waste.</p>			
<b>Module-4</b>			
<p><b>Environmental Policies and Practices</b> Climate change, global warming, ozone layer depletion, acid rain and impacts on human communities and agriculture. Environment Laws: Environment Protection Act; Air (Prevention &amp; Control of Pollution) Act; Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act; Wildlife (Protection) Act; Forest Conservation Act.</p>			

<p>International agreements: Montreal and Kyoto protocols and Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).</p> <p>Nature reserves, tribal populations and rights, and human wildlife conflicts in Indian context.</p>
<b>Module-5</b>
<p><b>Human Communities and the Environment</b></p> <p>Human population growth: Impacts on environment, human health and welfare.</p> <p>Resettlement and rehabilitation of project affected persons; case studies.</p> <p>Disaster management: Floods, Earthquake, Cyclones and Landslides.</p> <p>Environmental movements: Chipko, Silent valley, Bishnois of Rajasthan.</p> <p>Environmental ethics: Role of Indian and other religions and cultures in environmental conservation.</p> <p>Environmental communication and public awareness, case studies (e.g., CNG vehicles in cities).</p>
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</b></p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</p> <p>CO1: Understand the basic concepts of environmental studies and natural resources.</p> <p>CO2: Explain about the various eco-systems of nature.</p> <p>CO3: Discuss different types of environmental pollutions and their control measures.</p> <p>CO4: Explain the acquired knowledge about the various social aspects related to the environment.</p>
<p><b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b></p> <p>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.</p> <p><b>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.</li> <li>• The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered</li> <li>• Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.</li> <li>• For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.</li> </ul> <p><b>Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.</b></p> <p><b>Semester-End Examination:</b></p> <p>Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (<b>duration 03 hours</b>).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.</li> <li>• There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), <b>should have a mix of topics</b> under that module.</li> <li>• The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.</li> <li>• Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks</li> </ul>

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Text Books:**

1. Benny Joseph (2005)., *Environmental Studies*, New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing co.Ltd
2. Erach Bharucha (2005)., *Textbook of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses*,Hyderabad, Universities Press.

**Reference Books:**

1. Anji Reddy .M (2007), *Textbook of Environmental Sciences and Technology*, Hyderabad, BS Publications.
2. Y Anjaneyulu.(2004), *Introduction to Environmental Sciences*, BS Publications.
3. Climate Change: Science and Politics. (2021). Centre Science and Environment, New Delhi.
4. Gadgil, M., & Guha, R. (1993). *This Fissured Land: An Ecological History of India*. Univ. of California Press.
5. Gleeson, B. and Low, N. (eds.) (1999). *Global Ethics and Environment*, London, Routledge.
6. Groom, Martha J., Gary K. Meffe, and Carl Ronald Carroll. (2006). *Principles of Conservation Biology*. Sunderland: Sinauer Associates.
7. Nandini, N., Sunitha N., & Sucharita Tandon. (2019). *A text book on Environmental Studies (AECC)*. Sapna Book House, Bengaluru.
8. Rosencranz, A., Divan, S., & Noble, M. L. (2001). *Environmental law and policy in India*.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- .www.eco-prayer.org
- [www.teriin.org](http://www.teriin.org)
- [www.cpcb.nic.in](http://www.cpcb.nic.in)
- [www.indiaenvironmentportal.org.in](http://www.indiaenvironmentportal.org.in)
- [www.sustainabledevelopment.un.org](http://www.sustainabledevelopment.un.org)
- [www.conserve-energy-future.com](http://www.conserve-energy-future.com)

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Study of common plants, insects, birds, and basic principles of identification.
- Study of simple ecosystems – pond, river, etc.

<b>MEMS-Micro Electro Mechanical Systems</b>		Semester	IV
Course Code	<b>BME 405C</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	<b>3:0:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>40</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>03</b>	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory/practical/Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students are exposed to the MEMS technology &amp; Miniaturization.</li> <li>2. Students will understand the Process of Micro fabrication Techniques.</li> <li>3. Students are made to understand the principles of system modelling.</li> <li>4. Students are made to understand the working principles of Mechanical sensors and actuators.</li> <li>5. Students are made to understand the working principles of Micro-Opto-Electro Mechanical Systems.</li> </ol>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b> These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Power Point Presentation,</li> <li>2. Chalk and Talk are used for Derivations and Correlations (In-general).</li> <li>3. Video demonstration or Simulations.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
MEMS: Introduction, Production Engineering, Precision Engineering and Ultra- Precision Engineering, Integrated circuits, Micro Electro Mechanical Systems.			
<b>Module-2</b>			
Micromachining: Introduction, Photo Lithography, Structural and Sacrificial Materials, Etching, Surface Micromachining, Bulk versus Surface Micromachining, Wafer Bonding, LIGA.			
<b>Module-3</b>			
System Modelling: Introduction, Need for Modelling, System types, Basic Modelling Elements In Mechanical System, Basic Modelling Elements In Electrical Systems, Basic Modelling Elements In Fluid Systems and Thermal Systems.			
<b>Module-4</b>			
Mechanical sensors and actuators: Introduction, Principles of Sensing and Actuation, Beam and Cantilever, Micro Plates, Capacitive Effects, Piezo Electric Material as Sensing and Actuating Elements.			
<b>Module-5</b>			
Micro-Opto-Electro Mechanical Systems: Introduction, Fundamental Principles of MOEMS Technology, Review on Properties of Light, Light Modulators, Micro mirrors, Digital Micro mirror Device.			
<p><b>Course outcome (Course Skill Set):</b></p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Understand the working of MEMS technology &amp; Miniaturization.</li> <li>2. Explain the Process of Micro fabrication Techniques.</li> <li>3. Explain the principles of system modelling.</li> <li>4. Understand the working principles of Mechanical sensors and actuators.</li> <li>5. Describe the working principles of Micro-Opto-Electro Mechanical Systems</li> </ol>			

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) :**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Books**

1. MEMS- Nitaigour Premchand Mahalik, TMH 2007.
2. Micro and Smart Systems: G.K.Ananthasuresh, K.J.Vinoy, S.Gopalakrishnan, K.N.Bhat,V.K.Aatre,Wiley India 2010.
3. Design and Development Methodologies, Smart Material Systems and MEMS: V. Varadan, K. J. Vinoy, S. Goplakrishnan, Wiley.
4. MEMS & Microsystems: Design and Manufacture, Tai-Ran Hsu, Tata Mc-Graw-Hill.

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Gaining hands on Knowledge to work on ANSYS Tool
- Simulation of Cantilever Beam For Different Loads On ANSYS Tool.

<b>ROBOTICS AND AUTOMATION</b>		Semester	IV
Course Code	<b>BME405D</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	<b>3:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>40</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>03</b>	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gain knowledge of Robotics and automation.</li> <li>• Understand the working methodology of robotics and automation.</li> <li>• Write the program for robot for various applications</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>            These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Through Power Point Presentations and Video demonstrations or Simulations.</li> <li>2. Chalk and Talk method for Problem Solving.</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative (Group) Learning in the class.</li> <li>4. Ask at least three higher order Thinking questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.</li> <li>5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.</li> </ol>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
<p><b>Industrial Automation:</b> Definition, Types of automation, List basic Devices in Automated Systems, Distinguish Different Controllers Employed In Automated Systems. Identify Safety in Industrial Automation</p> <p><b>Basic Concepts:</b> Definition and origin of robotics – different types of robotics – various generations of robots – degrees of freedom – Asimov’s laws of robotics</p>			
<b>Module-2</b>			
<p><b>Fundamentals of Robotics:</b> robot anatomy, work volume, robot drive systems, control systems, precision of movement, end effectors, Introduction to Manipulator kinematics, Robot Dynamics.</p> <p><b>Basic control systems and components:</b> Basic control systems concepts and models, Controllers, control system analysis,</p>			
<b>Module-3</b>			
<p><b>Robot End Effector:</b> Types of End effectors, Mechanical Grippers, Other types of Grippers, Tools and End effector, The Robot/End effector interface Consideration in Gripper selecting and Design.</p> <p><b>Sensors in Robotics:</b> Transducers and sensors, sensors in robotics, tactile sensors, proximity and range sensors, uses of sensors in robotics.</p>			
<b>Module-4</b>			
<p><b>Robot Programming:</b> Methods of robot programming, lead-through programming methods, a robot program as a path in space, motion interpolation, wait, signal and delay commands, branching, capabilities and limitations of lead-through methods.</p>			
<b>Module-5</b>			
<p><b>Material handling and Identification Technologies:</b> Overview of Material Handling Systems, Principles and Design Consideration, Material Transport Systems, Storage Systems, Overview of Automatic Identification Methods.</p>			

**Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- CO 1:** Explain various types of Robotics, automation, robotics motion, sensors and control, machine vision, robotic programming and roles of robots in industry.
- CO 2:** Understand the working methodology of robotics and automation, motion and control, machine vision and programming, application of robots in industry.
- CO 3:** Write the program for robot for various applications.
- CO 4:** Describe the different material handling and Identification technologies used in automation

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

**Suggested Learning Resources:****Books**

1. Mikell P. Groover, Mitchel Weiss, Roger N. Nagel, Nicholas G. Odrey and Ashish Dutta, "Industrial Robotics: Technology, Programming and Applications", 2 nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
2. Roland Siegwart, Illah R. Nourbakhsh, and Davide Scaramuzza, "Introduction to Autonomous Mobile Robots", 2 nd Edition, PHI, 2011

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

- NPTEL course on Industrial Robotics
- Videos on Industrial Automation

**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

- Visit any automated production Industry understand the importance and applications of Robots in Automated Industry

<b>INTRODUCTION TO AI &amp; ML</b>		Semester	<b>IV</b>
Course Code	<b>BME456A</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>15 sessions</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	<b>PRACTICAL</b>		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make use of Data sets in implementing the machine learning algorithms</li> <li>• Implement the machine learning concepts and algorithms in any suitable language of choice.</li> <li>• Analyse the working of various documents like PDF, Word file</li> </ul>			
<b>Sl.NO</b>	<b>Experiments</b>		
1	Implement A* Search algorithm.		
2	Implement AO* Search algorithm.		
3	Write a program to implement Water jug program using AI.		
4	The probability that it is Friday and that a student is absent is 3 %. Since there are 5 school days in a week, the probability that it is Friday is 20 %. What is the probability that a student is absent given that today is Friday? Apply Baye's rule in python to get the result.		
5	Implement and demonstrate the FIND-S algorithm for finding the most specific hypothesis based on a given set of training data samples. Read the training data from a .CSV file.		
6	For a given set of training data examples stored in a .CSV file, implement and demonstrate the Candidate-Elimination algorithm to output a description of the set of all hypotheses consistent with the training examples.		
7	Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.		
8	Write a program to construct a Bayesian network considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set. You can use Java/Python ML library classes/API		
<b>Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE )</b>			
9	Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample.		
<b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand the implementation procedures for the machine learning algorithms</li> <li>• Design Java/Python programs for various Learning algorithms.</li> <li>• Apply appropriate data sets to the Machine Learning algorithms</li> <li>• Identify and apply Machine Learning algorithms to solve real world problems</li> <li>• Examine working of PDF and word file formats</li> </ul>			
<b>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</b>			
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together			

**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

**Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 03 hours

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

1. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Learning", 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
2. Elaine Rich, Kevin K and S B Nair, "Artificial Intelligence", 3rd Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.

<b>Digital Marketing</b>		Semester	IV
Course Code	<b>BME456B</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	<b>1:0:0:0</b>	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>15</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	<b>01</b>	Exam Hours	01
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Theory</b>		
<p><b>Course objectives:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To focuses on the importance of digital marketing and its applications and to introduce current and core practices of Digital and Social Media Marketing that will allow learners to analyse, plan, execute and evaluate a digital marketing strategy.</li> </ul>			
<p><b>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</b>                      These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adopt different types of teaching methods to develop the outcomes through PowerPoint presentations and Video demonstrations.</li> <li>Adopt flipped classroom teaching method.</li> <li>Adopt collaborative (Group Learning) learning in the class.</li> </ul>			
<b>Module-1</b>			
Introduction to Digital Marketing (DM)-Meaning, Definition, Need of DM, Scope of DM, History of DM, Concept and approaches to DM, Examples of good practices in DM. Email Marketing-Need for Emails, Types of Emails, options in Email advertising, Mobile Marketing.			
<b>Module-2</b>			
Social Media Marketing -Introduction to Blogging. Introduction to Face book, Twitter, Google +, LinkedIn, YouTube, Instagram and Pinterest; their channel advertising and campaigns.			
<b>Module-3</b>			
Acquiring & Engaging Users through Digital Channels: Understanding the relationship between content and branding and its impact on sales, search engine marketing, mobile marketing, video marketing, and social-media marketing.			
<b>Module-4</b>			
Designing Organization for Digital Success: Digital transformation, digital leadership principles, online P.R. and reputation management. ROI of digital strategies, how digital marketing is adding value to business, and evaluating cost effectiveness of digital strategies			
<b>Module-5</b>			
Digital Innovation and Trends: The contemporary digital revolution, digital transformation framework; security and privatization issues with digital marketing, Understanding trends in digital marketing – Indian and global context, online communities and co-creation.			

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

**Continuous internal Examination (CIE)**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

**Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom’s taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.**

**Semester End Examinations (SEE)**

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

OR

MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) are preferred for 01 credit courses, however, if course content demands the general question paper pattern that followed for 03 credit course, then

- The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 10 marks.
- There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module may or may not have the sub-questions (with maximum sub-questions of 02, with marks distributions 5+5, 4+6, 3+7).
- The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

**Books**

1. Fundamentals of Digital Marketing by Puneet Singh Bhatia, Pearson
2. Moutsy Maiti: Internet Marketing, Oxford University Press India
3. Vandana, Ahuja; Digital Marketing, Oxford University Press India (November, 2015).
4. Eric Greenberg, and Kates, Alexander; Strategic Digital Marketing: Top Digital Experts
5. Share the Formula for Tangible Returns on Your Marketing Investment; McGraw-Hill
6. Professional (October, 2013).
7. Ryan, Damian; Understanding Digital Marketing: marketing strategies for engaging the
8. digital generation; Kogan Page (3rd Edition, 2014).
9. Tracy L. Tuten & Michael R. Solomon: Social Media Marketing (Sage Publication)

**Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):**

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**Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning**

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<b>INTRODUCTION TO DATA ANALYTICS</b>		Semester	<b>IV</b>
Course Code	<b>BME456C</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>15 sessions</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	<b>Practical</b>		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• To understand Numpy, Pandas and Matplot library</li> <li>• To understand basics of statistics</li> <li>• To learn the basic of decision tree algorithm.</li> <li>• To understand random forest algorithm and Anova</li> <li>• To use Python data structures.</li> <li>• To use excel in data analytics</li> </ul>			
<b>Sl.NO</b>	<b>Experiments</b>		
1	Use Numpy to create single and multi-dimensional array and perform various operations using Python.		
2	Use Pandas to access dataset, cleaning, manipulate data and analyze using Python		
3	Use matplotlib library to plot graph for data visualization using Python		
4	Determine probability, sampling and sampling distribution using Python		
5	Determine frequency distributions, variability, average, and standard deviation using Python		
6	Draw normal curves, correlation, correlation coefficient and scatter plots using Python		
7	Implement and analyze Linear regression in Python (Single variable & Multivariable)		
8	Implement and analyze Logistic regression in Python		
9	Implement and analyze Decision tree algorithm in Python		
10	Implement and analyze Random Forest algorithm in Python		
	<b>Only for CIE</b>		
11	Implementation of two samples T-test and paired two-sample T-test in excel.		
12	Implementation of one-way and two-way ANOVA in excel.		
<b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b>			
At the end of the course the student will be able to:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CO1: Analyze data using tools and represent for visualization</li> <li>• CO2: Implement various statistical methods.</li> <li>• CO3: Understand and use decision tree and random forest algorithm</li> <li>• CO4: Understand and Implement T test and Anova</li> </ul>			

### **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

#### **Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

- McKinney, W. (2012). Python for data analysis: Data wrangling with Pandas, NumPy, and IPython. " O'Reilly Media, Inc."
- Swaroop, C. H. (2003). A Byte of Python. Python Tutorial.
- Ken Black, sixth Editing. Business Statistics for Contemporary Decision Making. "John Wiley & Sons, Inc"
- <https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/data-analytics-tutorial/data-analytics-with-python>
- [https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GPVsHOIRBBI&ab\\_channel=freeCodeCamp.org](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GPVsHOIRBBI&ab_channel=freeCodeCamp.org)

<b>Introduction to programming in C++</b>		Semester	<b>IV</b>
Course Code	<b>BME456D</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	<b>15 sessions</b>	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		
<b>Course objectives:</b>			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To learn object-oriented programming concepts using the C++ language.</li> <li>To apply the principles of data abstraction, inheritance and polymorphism;</li> <li>To use the principles of virtual functions and polymorphism</li> <li>To learn how to handle formatted I/O and unformatted I/O</li> </ul>			
<b>Sl.NO</b>	<b>Experiments</b>		
1	Write a C++ Program to display Names, Roll No., and grades of 3 students who have appeared in the examination. Declare the class of name, Roll No. and grade. Create an array of class objects. Read and display the contents of the array.		
2	Write a C++ program to declare Struct. Initialize and display contents of member variables.		
3	Write a C++ program to declare a class. Declare pointer to class. Initialize and display the contents of the class member.		
4	Given that an EMPLOYEE class contains following members: data members: Employee number, Employee name, Basic, DA, IT, Net Salary and print data members.		
5	Write a C++ program to read the data of N employee and compute Net salary of each employee (DA=52% of Basic and Income Tax (IT) =30% of the gross salary).		
6	Write a C++ to illustrate the concepts of console I/O operations.		
7	Write a C++ program to use scope resolution operator. Display the various values of the same		
8	Write a C++ program to create an array of pointers. Invoke functions using array objects.		
<b>Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE )</b>			
9	Write a C++ program for Vehicle reservation system		
10	Write a C++ program to Create a Modern Periodic Table		
11	Write a C++ program to Develop a Bookshop inventory		
12	Write a C++ program for Credit Card Validation System		
<b>Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):</b>			
At the end of the course the student will be able to:			
CO1: Apply Object Oriented Programming concepts in C++			
CO2: Write a C++ program by applying knowledge of mathematics, science, and engineering.			
CO4: Function on multi-disciplinary teams.			
CO5: Identify, formulate, and solve engineering problems.			

**Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

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**Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

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- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
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- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

**Semester End Evaluation (SEE):**

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
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marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.
- The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

**Suggested Learning Resources:**

1. The C++ Programming Language, 3rd Edition, B. Stroutstrup, Pearson Education.
2. OOP in C++, 3rd Edition, T. Gaddis, J. Walters and G. Muganda, Wiley Dream Tech Press.
3. Object Oriented Programming in C++, 3rd Edition, R. Lafore, Galigotia Publications Pvt Ltd.