

Fundamentals of Management		Semester	V
Course Code	BCB501	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	4:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	52 hours	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory		
Course objectives:			
This course will enable students to,			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the role of the company in the society and the different business cultures. • Understand how companies are organized and managed from a business concept to ongoing operations with the support of strategic planning, formulation of objectives and management control. • Explore to the development of organizations and maintain competitive advantage. 			
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.			
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecturer method (L) need not be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based-Learning (PBL), which fosters student's Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 			
MODULE-1		10 hours	
Introduction to Management: Definition, Nature and Scope, Functions, Managerial Roles, Levels of Management, Managerial Skills, Challenges of Management; Evolution of Management- Classical Approach- Scientific and Administrative Management; The Behavioral approach; The Quantitative approach; The Systems Approach; Contingency Approach.			
Text Book : 1 - Chapter 1, 2, 3			
MODULE-2		10 hours	
Planning and Decision Making: Concept of Planning - Planning Process, Types of Plans, Management by Objectives; Approaches to Planning, Barriers to Effective Planning.			
Decision making - Meaning, types of Decisions, Decision Making Process; Bounded Rationality and Approaches of Decision Making.			
Text Book : 1 - Chapter 5, 6, 7			
MODULE-3		10 hours	
Organizing: Concept, Pros of Organisation, Principles of Organizing, Formal and Informal Organization, Design of Organizational Structures; Departmentalization, Span of Management, Forms of Organisation Structure: Delegation; Empowerment, Centralization, Decentralization; Organizational Culture; Organizational Climate and Organizational Change.			
Text Book: 1 - Chapter 8, 9, 11			
MODULE-4		12 hours	
Leading, Motivation and controlling: Leadership - Concept & Types, Leadership Styles,			

Leadership Theories. Motivation – Concept & Meaning, Theories of Motivation Controlling: Concept, Nature and Importance, Steps in Controlling Process, Types of Control, Management by Exception, Design of Effective control system.	
Text Book:1 – Chapter 15, 16, 18, 19	
MODULE-5	12 hours
Organization Behaviour: Introduction & Concept, Personality-MBTI and Big five model Perception- Meaning, Factors influencing Perception Attitude- Components of Attitude, Implications of Attitude on organization dynamics, Group Behaviour – Definition & Classification of Groups, Group decision making – Groups versus the Individuals.	
Text Book: 2 –Chapter 3, 4, 5, 9	
Course Outcomes At the end of the course, the student will be able to:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe the importance of management for coordinating the industrial activities and to use the scientific management principles for effective utilization of resources. • Illustration of Effective plan, coordination, control, lead and communication for smooth functioning of the organization. • Illustrate the different categories of enterprise, organizational structure, responsibilities and authorities in an organization. • Identify the areas to motivation and control and Select the Appropriate controlling methods/Techniques. • Describe the organizational behavior and its implication on organizational success. 	
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)	
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.	
Continuous Internal Evaluation:	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks. • The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered • Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. • For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment. 	
The Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.	
Semester-End Examination:	
Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours).	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks. 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a 	

maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks. .

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

1. Prasad L.M., "Principles and Practice of Management", 10e, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2020
2. Stephen P. Robbins, Timothy A. Judge, Neharika Vohra, Organizational Behaviour, Pearson Education, 18e, 2018

Reference Books:

1. Harold Koontz, Heinz Weihrich, Essentials of Management, McGraw Hill 11e, 2021.
2. Chandrani Singh and Aditi Khatri, Principles and Practices of Management and Organisational Behaviour, Sage Publication, 2016.
3. Ramesh B. Rudani, Principles of Management, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2e, 2019
4. Stephen P. Robbins, Fundamentals of Management, Pearson Education, 9e, 2016
5. Griffin, "Management: Principles and Practices", Cengage Learning, 2013
6. Daft, R. L. The new era of management (10th Edition). Cengage Publications, (2013).
7. Luthans, F., Luthans, B. and Luthans, K. (2015). Organizational Behavior: An Evidence Based Approach, 13th edition, International Age Publishing, Inc. 12e.
8. Pareek U. Understanding Organizational Behavior, 3rd edition, Oxford University Press, (2011).

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <http://nptel.ac.in/courses/109105121/>
- <http://nptel.ac.in/courses/122105021/>

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Analysis report of case study specified in the Textbook and reference books (one per student). (10 marks)
- Field Survey (In Team): The students' team of the size of 2 to 4 are expected to visit the organization & understand the governance, administration, work delegation, and other related practices specified in the syllabus and then submit a detailed visit report to the concerned staff. (15 marks)

COMPUTER NETWORKS		Semester	V
Course Code	BCS502	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory/practical		
<p>Course objectives: This course will enable students to,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Study the TCP/IP protocol suite, switching criteria and Medium Access Control protocols for reliable and noisy channels. • Learn network layer services and IP versions. • Discuss transport layer services and understand UDP and TCP protocols. • Demonstrate the working of different concepts of networking layers and protocols. 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters student's Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 			
MODULE-1			
Introduction: Data Communications, Networks, Network Types, Networks Models: Protocol Layering, TCP/IP Protocol suite, The OSI model, Introduction to Physical Layer: Transmission media, Guided Media, Unguided Media: Wireless. Switching: Packet Switching and its types. Textbook: Ch. 1.1 - 1.3, 2.1 - 2.3, 7.1 – 7.3, 8.3.			
MODULE-2			
Data Link Layer: Error Detection and Correction: Introduction, Block Coding, Cyclic Codes. Data link control: DLC Services: Framing, Flow Control, Error Control, Connectionless and Connection Oriented, Data link layer protocols, High Level Data Link Control. Media Access Control: Random Access, Controlled Access. Check Sum and Point to Point Protocol Textbook: Ch. 10.1-10.4, 11.1 -11.4, 12.1 - 12.2			
MODULE-3			
Network Layer: Network layer Services, Packet Switching, IPv4 Address, IPv4 Datagram, IPv6 Datagram, Introduction to Routing Algorithms, Unicast Routing Protocols: DVR, LSR, PVR, Unicast Routing protocols: RIP, OSPF, BGP, Multicasting Routing-MOSPF Textbook: Ch. 18.1, 18.2, 18.4, 22.2,20.1-20.3, 21.3.2			
MODULE-4			
Introduction to Transport Layer: Introduction, Transport-Layer Protocols: Introduction, User Datagram Protocol, Transmission Control Protocol: services, features, segments, TCP connections, flow control, Error control, Congestion control. Textbook: Ch. 23.1- 23.2, 24.1-24.3.4, 24.3.6-24.3.9			
MODULE-5			

Introduction to Application Layer: Introduction, Client-Server Programming, Standard Client-Server Protocols: World Wide Web and HTTP, FTP, Electronic Mail, Domain Name System (DNS), TELNET, Secure Shell (SSH)
Textbook: Ch. 25.1-25.2, 26.1-26.6

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Implement three nodes point – to – point network with duplex links between them. Set the queue size, vary the bandwidth, and find the number of packets dropped.
2	Implement transmission of ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 nodes and find the number of packets dropped due to congestion.
3	Implement an Ethernet LAN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion window for different source / destination.
4	Develop a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).
5	Develop a program to implement a sliding window protocol in the data link layer.
6	Develop a program to find the shortest path between vertices using the Bellman-Ford and path vector routing algorithm.
7	Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client – server program to make the client send the file name and to make the server send back the contents of the requested file if present.
8	Develop a program on a datagram socket for client/server to display the messages on client side, typed at the server side.
9	Develop a program for a simple RSA algorithm to encrypt and decrypt the data.
10	Develop a program for congestion control using a leaky bucket algorithm.

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- **Explain** the fundamentals of computer networks.
- **Apply** the concepts of computer networks to demonstrate the working of various layers and protocols in communication network.
- **Analyze** the principles of protocol layering in modern communication systems.
- **Demonstrate** various Routing protocols and their services using tools such as Cisco packet tracer.

Note: For the Simulation experiments modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude using NS2 or NS3. Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups, and documented in the report. Non simulation programs can be implemented using Java.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE

(Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (**duration 02/03 hours**) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook:

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking, 5th Edition, Tata McGraw-

Hill,2013.

Reference Books:

1. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie: Computer Networks – A Systems Approach, 4th Edition, Elsevier, 2019.
2. Nader F. Mir: Computer and Communication Networks, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
3. William Stallings, Data and Computer Communication 10th Edition, Pearson Education, Inc., 2014.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105183/L01.html>
2. <http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105081/L25.html>
3. <https://nptel.ac.in/courses/10610>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Implementation of various protocols using open source simulation tools. (5 marks)
- Simulation of Personal area network, Home area network, achieve QoS etc. (5 marks)

THEORY OF COMPUTATION		Semester	V
Course Code	BCS503	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	(3:2:0:0)	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	50	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Introduce core concepts in Automata and Theory of Computation. ● Identify different Formal Language Classes and their Relationships. ● Learn concepts of Grammars and Recognizers for different formal languages. ● Prove or disprove theorems in automata theory using their properties. ● Determine the decidability and intractability of Computational problems. 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different approaches and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 			
Module-1		10 Hours	
Introduction to Finite Automata, Structural Representations, Automata and Complexity. The Central Concepts of Automata Theory. Deterministic Finite Automata, Nondeterministic Finite Automata, An Application: Text Search, Finite Automata with Epsilon-Transitions. TEXT BOOK: Sections 1.1, 1.5, 2.2,2.3,2.4,2.5			
Module-2		10 Hours	
Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Proving Languages not to be Regular. Closure Properties of Regular Languages, Equivalence and Minimization of Automata, Applications of Regular Expressions TEXT BOOK: Sections 3.1, 3.2 (Except 3.2.1), 3.3, 4.1, 4.2, 4.4			
Module-3		10 Hours	

Context-Free Grammars, Parse Trees, Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages, Ambiguity in Grammars and Languages, Definition of the Pushdown Automaton, The Languages of a PDA, Equivalence of PDA's and CFG's, Deterministic Pushdown Automata. TEXT BOOK: Sections 5.1, 5.2, 5.4, 6.1,6.2,6.3.1,6.4
Module-4 10 Hours
Normal Forms for Context-Free Grammars, The Pumping Lemma for Context-Free Languages, Closure Properties of Context-Free Languages. TEXT BOOK: Sections 7.1, 7.2, 7.3
Module-5 10 Hours
Introduction to Turing Machines: Problems That Computers Cannot Solve, The Turing Machine, Programming Techniques for Turing Machines, Extensions to the Basic Turing Machine, Undecidability: A Language That Is Not Recursively Enumerable. TEXT BOOK: Sections 8.1,8.2, 8.3,8.4, 9.1, 9.2
Course outcome (Course Skill Set) At the end of the course, the student will be able to: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply the fundamentals of automata theory to write DFA, NFA, Epsilon-NFA and conversion between them. 2. Prove the properties of regular languages using regular expressions. 3. Design context-free grammars (CFGs) and pushdown automata (PDAs) for formal languages. 4. Design Turing machines to solve the computational problems. 5. Explain the concepts of decidability and undecidability.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

The Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman," Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation", Second Edition, Pearson.

Reference:

1. Elain Rich, "Automata, Computability and complexity", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
2. K.L.P Mishra, N Chandrashekar, 3rd Edition, "Theory of Computer Science", PHI, 2012.
3. Peter Linz, "An introduction to Formal Languages and Automata", 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers, 1998.
4. Michael Sipser : Introduction to the Theory of Computation, 3rd edition, Cengage learning, 2013.
5. John C Martin, Introduction to Languages and The Theory of Computation, 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw –Hill Publishing Company Limited, 2013.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105196/>
- <https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106049/>
- <https://nptelvideos.com/course.php?id=717>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based Learning

- Open source tools (like JFLAP) to make teaching and learning more interactive [<https://www.jflap.org/>] (10 Marks)
- Assignments at RBTL-4 (15 marks)

COMPUTATIONAL STATISTICS LAB		Semester	V
Course Code	BCBL504	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	01	Exam Hours	100
Examination type (SEE)	Practical		
Course objectives:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the mean, variance, regression models and error term for use in Multivariate data analysis. To understand the correlation between the data for decision making. To understand the various tests used for the data analysis. To explore various techniques for data analysis and visualize the results. 			
Sl.NO	Experiments (Implementation using Python/R Programming)		
1	Program on data wrangling: Combining and merging datasets, Reshaping and Pivoting		
2	Program on Data Transformation: String Manipulation, Regular Expressions		
3	Program on Time series: GroupBy Mechanics to display in data vector, multivariate time series and forecasting formats		
4	Program to measure central tendency and measures of dispersion: Mean, Median, Mode, Standard Deviation, Variance, Mean deviation and Quartile deviation for a frequency distribution/data.		
5	Program to perform cross validation for a given dataset to measure Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE), Mean Absolute Error (MAE) and R ² Error using Validation Set, Leave One Out Cross-Validation(LOOCV) and K-fold Cross-Validation approaches		
6	Program to display Normal, Binomial Poisson, Bernoulli distributions for a given frequency distribution and analyze the results.		
7	Program to implement one sample, two sample and paired sample t-tests for a sample data and analyse the results.		
8	Program to implement One-way and Two-way ANOVA tests and analyze the results		
9	Program to implement correlation, rank correlation and regression and plot x-y plot and heat maps of correlation matrices.		
10	Program to implement PCA for Wisconsin dataset, visualize and analyze the results.		
11	Program to implement the working of linear discriminant analysis using iris dataset and visualize the results.		
12	Program to Implement multiple linear regression using iris dataset, visualize and analyze the results.		
Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):			
At the end of the course the student will be able to:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Design the experiment for the given problem using statistical methods. Develop the solution for the given real world problem using statistical techniques. Analyze the results and produce substantial written documentation. 			

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- Chris Chatfield, The Analysis of Time Series: An Introduction, 6th Edition Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2003
- Garrett Grolemond, Hands-on Programming with R, 1st Edition, O'Reilly, 2014
- Jobson J Dave, Applied Multivariate data analysis Vol I and II, 2012 Springer-Verlag New York Inc...
- Anderson T W, An Introduction to Multivariate Statistical Analysis, 3rd Edition, Wiley publications, 2009
- Mark Lutz, Programming Python, 4th Edition, O'Rielly Medeia, 2012
- <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/uciml/breast-cancer-wisconsin-data>
- <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/arshid/iris-flower-dataset>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VSRUm3HRoiU>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DkwvAn9AAU0>
- <https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLoROMvodv4rPP6braWoRt5UCXYZ71GZIQ>

Marketing Research and Marketing Management		Semester	5
Course Code	BCB515A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	3
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the marketing process, concepts of marketplace and customer needs. • Gain knowledge on the elements of a customer value-driven strategy and mix, business portfolios and growth strategies. • Learn basics of branding value and how marketing strategies change during a product's life cycle. • Understand role of market research, stages of market research process, market research design and implementation. • Explore various methods of data collection and fundamentals of data analysis. 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to achieve the outcomes. • Utilize video/animation films to illustrate the functioning of various concepts. • Promote collaborative learning (Group Learning) in the class. • Pose at least three HOT (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class to stimulate critical thinking. • Incorporate Problem-Based Learning (PBL) to foster students' analytical skills and develop their ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than merely recalling it. • Introduce topics through multiple representations and motivating examples. • Demonstrate various ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to devise their own creative solutions. • Discuss the real-world applications and/or case studies of every concept to enhance students' comprehension. 			
Module-1			
<p>Marketing: Creating Customer Value and Engagement: What Is Marketing?, Understanding the Marketplace and Customer Needs, Designing a Customer Value-Driven Marketing Strategy, Preparing an Integrated Marketing Plan and Program Building Customer Relationships, Capturing Value from Customers, The Changing Marketing Landscape.</p> <p>Book 1: Chapter 1</p>			
Module-2			

<p>Company and Marketing Strategy: Partnering to Build Customer Engagement, Value, and Relationships: Company-Wide Strategic Planning: Defining Marketing's Role, Planning Marketing: Partnering to Build Customer Relationships, Marketing Strategy and the Marketing Mix, Managing the Marketing Effort, Measuring and Managing Marketing Return on Investment.</p> <p>Analyzing the Marketing Environment: The Microenvironment, The Macroenvironment, Responding to the Marketing Environment.</p> <p>Consumer Markets and Buyer Behavior: Model of Consumer Behavior, Characteristics Affecting Consumer Behavior.</p> <p>Business Markets and Business Buyer Behavior: Business Markets, Business Buyer Behavior, Institutional and Government Markets.</p> <p>Book 1: Chapter 2, 3, 5, 6</p>
Module-3
<p>Customer-Driven Marketing Strategy: Creating Value for Target Customers: Market Segmentation, Market Targeting, Differentiation and Positioning.</p> <p>Products, Services, and Brands: Building Customer Value: What Is a Product?, Product and Service Decisions, Services Marketing, Branding Strategy: Building Strong Brands.</p> <p>New Product Development and Product Life-Cycle Strategies: New Product Development Strategy, The New Product Development Process, Managing New Product Development, Product Life-Cycle Strategies.</p> <p>Pricing: Understanding and Capturing Customer Value: What Is a Price? Major Pricing Strategies.</p> <p>Book 1: Chapter 7, 8, 9, 10</p>
Module-4
<p>A Decision-Making Perspective on Marketing Intelligence: An Overview of Business Intelligence, Introduction to Marketing Intelligence, Marketing Research, Role of Marketing Research in Managerial Decision Making, Factors that Influence Marketing Research Decisions, Use of Marketing Research, Ethics in Marketing Research, International Marketing Research.</p> <p>The Marketing Research Process: Overview of the Marketing Research Process, The Preliminary Stages of the Marketing Research Process, Planning a New HMO, The International Marketing Research Process.</p> <p>Research Design and Implementation: Research Approach, Research Tactics and Implementation, Budgeting and Scheduling the Research Project, Research Proposal, Designing International Marketing Research, Issues in International Research Design.</p> <p>Book 2: Chapter 1, 3, 4</p>
Module-5
<p>Secondary Sources of Marketing Data: Secondary Data, Uses of Secondary Data, Benefits of Secondary Data, Limitations of Secondary Data, Internal Sources of Secondary Data, External Sources of Secondary Data.</p> <p>Information Collection Qualitative and Observational Methods: Need for Qualitative Research, Qualitative Research Methods, Observational Methods, Recent Applications of Qualitative and Observational Methods.</p> <p>Information from Respondents: Issues in Data Collection: Information from Surveys, Sources of Survey Error, Methods of Data Collection, Factors Affecting the Choice of a Survey Method, Ethical Issues in Data Collection.</p> <p>Fundamentals of Data Analysis: Preparing the Data for Analysis, Strategy for Data Analysis, Factors influencing the Choice of Statistical Technique, An Overview of Statistical Techniques.</p> <p>Book 2: Chapter 5, 8, 9, 16</p>

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

1. Explain the marketing process, concepts of marketplace and customer needs.
2. Compare marketing designs, marketing environments and buyer & consumer behaviours.
3. Explain brand value, product & services, new product & pricing strategies.
4. Describe the marketing intelligence, research process, design and implementation.
5. Illustrate various sources of secondary data, data collection methods and data analysis.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assessment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assessment is project-based then only one assessment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assessments are planned. The below listed case-studies from Book2 may be considered for Assessment-2.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.

Suggested Learning Resources:**Books**

1. Kotler, P. and Armstrong, G., *Principles of marketing*, 16th Edition (Global Edition) , Pearson education, 2016.
2. Aaker, D. A., Kumar, V., Leone, R. P. and Day, G. S., *Marketing research, 11th Edition*, John Wiley & Sons, 2013.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <https://www.coursera.org/specializations/marketing-strategy>
- <https://www.coursera.org/learn/market-research>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Two assignments on Case Study (s) of Textbook2: 1-1 to 1-3, 3-1 to 3-3, 4-1 to 4-2, 5-1 to 5-3, 8-1 to 8-4, 9-1 to 9-2. (25 marks)

Advanced Java		Semester	VI
Course Code	BCB515B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	42	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Understand the use of wrappers, generics and streams in java. ● Ability to connect to Databases ● Create desktop applications using java swings ● Write java program on the server side using java servlets ● Create dynamic web pages using java server pages. 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 			
Module-1			
Enumerations, Type Wrappers, Autoboxing, Annotations, Type Annotations, Repeating Annotations I/O Basics, Streams, Byte Streams and Character Streams, The Predefined Streams:, Reading Console Input Reading Characters, Reading Strings, Writing Console Output, The PrintWriter Class ,Reading and Writing Files, Automatically Closing a File, Introducing instanceof, strictfp, Native Methods: Using assert, Assertion Enabling and Disabling Options, Static Import: Invoking Overloaded Constructors Through this(), A Word About Value-Based Classes Chapter 12,13 - Text book1			
Module-2			
Generics<T>: Introduction to Java Generics, Implementing Generics Introducing Lambda Expressions, Block Lambda Expressions, Generic Functional Interfaces, Passing Lambda Expressions as Arguments, Lambda Expressions and Exceptions, Lambda Expressions and Variable Capture, Method References, Constructor References Chapter 14,15: Text book1 Working with databases: JDBC, Advantages, architecture, types of JDBC drivers, access database, using database, connecting to databases, performing database operations. Chapter 8: Text book2			

	Module-3
	<p>Java Swings: Java Foundation Classes, JFC technologies, Swing features, Swing components, Working with Swings, Swing Basic containers, Buttons, labels, text fields, text areas, check boxes, combo box, event handling, progress bars.</p> <p>Chap 28 : Text book 2</p>
	Module-4
	<p>Java Servlets: Introduction to servlets, Servlet Application Programming interface, The servlet architecture, The servlet life cycle, Simple hello world servlet.</p> <p>Chap 6: Text book 2</p> <p>Introduction to Java Server Pages: Introduction, Disadvantages, JSP vs Servlets, Life cycle of a JSP page. Deploying and executing JSP.</p> <p>Chap 12: Text book 2</p>
	Module-5
	<p>Java Server Pages: Comments, template text, JSP elements, Directives, Scripting Elements, including other files, forwarding JSP page to another page, passing parameter for other actions.</p> <p>Chap 13,14,15 : Text book 2</p>
	<p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Design a java application using advanced Java features such as enumerations, type wrappers, autoboxing, annotations, generics and lambda functions to write type-safe and maintainable code. 2. Apply Input and Output (I/O) operations in Java. 3. Demonstrate java database connectivity and maintain data in the backend. 4. Design front end using swings to enable user interactions. 5. Develop dynamic, data-driven web applications using Java Servlets and Java Server Pages (JSP), effectively managing client-server interactions.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Herbert Schildt, Dr. Danny Coward, Java: The Complete Reference, 13th Edition,
2. Ivan Bayross, Vaishali Shah, Sharanam Shah, Cynthia Bayross, Java EE 5, Second Edition, Shroff Publishers.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

<https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/>

- <https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/>
- <https://jenkov.com/tutorials/java-concurrency/index.html>
- <https://www.baeldung.com/java-8-lambda-expressions-tips>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OuBUUkQfBYM>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6zm8c6QFmjo>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Course project - Build Web applications using JAVA libraries - 25 Marks

UNIX SYSTEM PROGRAMMING		Semester	V
Course Code	BCS515C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p>Course objectives: This course will enable students to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To help the students to understand effective use of Unix concepts, commands and terminology. Identify, access, and evaluate UNIX file system • Explain the fundamental design of the unix operating system • Familiarize with the systems calls provided in the unix environment • Design and build an application/service over the unix operating system 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample Strategies; which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding. 			
Module-1			
<p>Introduction: Unix Components/Architecture. Features of Unix. The UNIX Environment and UNIX Structure, Posix and Single Unix specification. General features of Unix commands/command structure. Command arguments and options. Basic Unix commands such as echo, printf, ls, who, date, passwd, cal, Combining commands. Meaning of Internal and external commands. The type command: knowing the type of a command and locating it. The root login. Becoming the super user: su command.</p> <p>Unix files: Naming files. Basic file types/categories. Organization of files. Hidden files. Standard directories. Parent-child relationship. The home directory and the HOME variable. Reaching required files- the PATH variable, manipulating the PATH, Relative and absolute pathnames. Directory commands – pwd, cd, mkdir, rmdir commands. The dot (.) and double dots (..) notations to represent present and parent directories and their usage in relative path names. File related commands – cat, mv, rm, cp, wc and od commands.</p>			

Text Book1: Chapter-1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Module-2
<p>File attributes and permissions: The ls command with options. Changing file permissions: the relative and absolute permissions changing methods. Recursively changing file permissions. Directory permissions.</p> <p>The shells interpretive cycle: Wild cards. Removing the special meanings of wild cards. Three standard files and redirection.</p> <p>Connecting commands: Pipe. Basic and Extended regular expressions. The grep, egrep. Typical examples involving different regular expressions.</p> <p>Shell programming: Ordinary and environment variables. The. profile. Read and read-only commands. Command line arguments. exit and exit status of a command. Logical operators for conditional execution. The test command and its shortcut. The if, while, for and case control statements. The set and shift commands and handling positional parameters. The here (<<) document and trap command. Simple shell program examples.</p> <p>Text Book1: Chapter-6,8,13,14</p>
Module-3
<p>Unix Standardization and Implementations: Introduction, Unix Standardization, UNIX System Implementation.</p> <p>File I/O: Introduction, File Description, open, create, read, write, close, fcntl functions.</p> <p>Files and Dictionaries: mkdir and rmdir functions, reading dictionaries, chdir, fchdir and getcwd functions. Device Special files.</p> <p>The Environment of a UNIX Process: Introduction, main function, Process Termination, Command-Line Arguments, Environment List, Memory Layout of a C Program, Shared Libraries, Memory Allocation, Environment Variables, setjmp and longjmp Functions, getrlimit, setrlimit Functions.</p> <p>Text Book 2: 2,3,4,7.</p>
Module-4
<p>Process Control: Introduction, Process Identifiers, fork, vfork, exit, wait, waitpid, wait3, wait4 Functions, Race Conditions, exec Functions.</p> <p>Overview of IPC Methods, Pipes, popen, pclose Functions, Coprocesses, FIFOs, System V IPC, Message Queues, Semaphores.</p> <p>Shared Memory, Client-Server Properties, Passing File Descriptors, An Open Server-Version 1.</p> <p>Text Book2: Chapter 8, 15,17</p>
Module-5

Signals and Daemon Processes: Introduction, Signal Concepts, Signal Functions, SIGCLD Semantics, Kill and Raise functions, Alarm and Pause Functions, Signal Sets, sigprocmask Function, sigpending function, sigaction function, sigsetjmp and siglongjmp functions, sigsuspend function, abort function, system function, sleep, nanosleep and clock_nanosleep functions, sigqueue functions, job-control signals, signal names and numbers.

Daemon Processes: Introduction, Daemon Characteristics, Coding Rules, Error Logging, Client-Server Model.

Text Book 2: Chapter 10, 13

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Demonstrate the basics of Unix concepts and commands.
- Demonstrate the UNIX file system.
- Apply commands to reflect changes in file system.
- Demonstrate IPC and process management.
- Develop an application/service over a Unix system.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:**Text Books:**

1. Sumitabha Das., Unix Concepts and Applications., 4thEdition., Tata McGraw Hill
2. W. Richard Stevens: Advanced Programming in the UNIX Environment, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005

Reference Books:

1. Unix System Programming Using C++ - Terrence Chan, PHI, 1999.
2. M.G. Venkatesh Murthy: UNIX & Shell Programming, Pearson Education.
3. Richard Blum, Christine Brenham: Linux Command Line and Shell Scripting Bible, 2ndEdition, Wiley, 2014.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ffYUfAqEamY>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q05NZiYFcD0>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8GdT53KDIyY>
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?app=desktop&v=3Pga3y7rCgo>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Programming assignment -1 (Shell level) - 10 marks
Programming assignment -2 (API level) - 15 marks

DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS		Semester	5
Course Code	BCS515D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	3Hrs	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
<p>Course objectives:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the goals and challenges of distributed systems • Describe the architecture of RPC/RMI, distributed file systems and name services • Learn clock synchronization algorithms to monitor and order the events, mutual exclusion, election and consensus algorithms. • Study the fundamental concepts and algorithms related to distributed transactions and replication. 			
<p>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions) These are sample strategies which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Demonstrate every concept by implementing an OpenGL program. 			
Module-1			
<p>CHARACTERIZATION OF DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS: Introduction, Focus on resource sharing, Challenges.</p> <p>REMOTE INVOCATION: Introduction, Request-reply protocols, Remote procedure call, Introduction to Remote Method Invocation.</p> <p>Textbook: Chapter- 1.1,1.4,1.5, 5.1-5.5</p>			
Module-2			
<p>DISTRIBUTED FILE SYSTEMS: Introduction, File service architecture.</p> <p>NAME SERVICES: Introduction, Name services and the Domain Name System, Directory services.</p> <p>Textbook: Chapter- 12.1,12.2, 13.1-13.3</p>			
Module-3			
<p>TIME AND GLOBAL STATES: Introduction, Clocks, events and process states, Synchronizing Physical clocks, Logical time and logical clocks, Global states</p>			

	Textbook: Chapter- 14.1-14.5
	Module-4
	<p>COORDINATION AND AGREEMENT: Introduction, Distributed mutual exclusion, Elections, Coordination and agreement in group communication, Consensus and related problems.</p> <p>Textbook: Chapter -15.1-15.5</p>
	Module-5
	<p>DISTRIBUTED TRANSACTIONS: Introduction, Flat and nested distributed transactions, Atomic commit protocols, Concurrency control in distributed transactions, Distributed deadlocks, Transaction recovery.</p> <p>REPLICATION: Introduction.</p> <p>Textbook: Chapter -17.1-17.6, 18.1</p>
<p>Course outcome (Course Skill Set)</p> <p>At the end of the course, the student will be able to :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify the goals and challenges of distributed systems 2. Demonstrate the remote invocation techniques for communication 3. Describe the architecture of distributed file systems and name services 4. Apply clock synchronization algorithms to monitor and order the events. 5. Analyze the performance of mutual exclusion, election and consensus algorithms. 6. Illustrate the fundamental concepts and algorithms related to distributed transactions and replication 	

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

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- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook's:

1. George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore and Tim Kindberg, "Distributed Systems Concepts and Design", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Azyizl9w2xo&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9FEOXHA_qjRTMO_Dlalk-W

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Programming Assignment (15 marks)
- Literature Review/ Case Studies (10 marks)