(Effective from the	RE ENGINEERING e academic year 2018	-2019)	
Course Code SEM	IESTER – III	CIE Morila	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	<b>18CS35</b> 3:0:0	CIE Marks SEE Marks	40
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	Exam Hours	60 03
	REDITS –3	Exam nours	03
Course Learning Objectives: This course (180		nts to:	
<ul> <li>Outline software engineering principles programs. Identify ethical and profession software engineers.</li> <li>Explain the fundamentals of object orier</li> <li>Describe the process of requirements ga specification and requirements validatio and apply design patterns.</li> <li>Discuss the distinctions between validat</li> <li>Recognize the importance of software m software evolution. Apply estimation tec</li> <li>Identify software quality parameters and List software quality standards and outli</li> <li>Module 1</li> <li>Introduction: Software Crisis, Need for S Development, Software Engineering Ethics. Cas Software Processes: Models: Waterfall Model (and Spiral Model (Sec 2.1.3). Process activities.</li> <li>Requirements Engineering: Requirements Er Elicitation and Analysis (Sec 4.5). Functional a software Requirements Document (Sec 4. Requirements validation (Sec 4.6). Requirement RBT: L1, L2, L3</li> <li>Module 2</li> <li>What is Object orientation? What is OO develop of the comparison of the process of the comparison of the process of the comparison of th</li></ul>	and activities involved nal issues and explain we need concepts thering, requirements c n. Differentiate system ion testing and defect to haintenance and describ hniques, schedule project quantify software usin ne the practices involved oftware Engineering. Sec 2.1.1), Incrementation ngineering Processes ( and non-functional requ 2). Requirements Sp s Management (Sec 4.7 poment? OO Themes; Ev Modelling as Design Modelling Concepts	in building large software why they are of concern to lassification, requirement models, use UML diagran esting. be the intricacies involved ect activities and compute ing measurements and metred. Professional Software I Model (Sec 2.1.2) Chap 4). Requirements informed (Sec 4.1). The pecification (Sec 4.3). 7).	s ms in pricing.
OO development; OO modelling history. M abstraction; The Three models. Class Model associations concepts; Generalization and Inhe class models; Textbook 2: Ch 1,2,3. RBT: L1, L2 L3	lling: Object and Cla	ass Concept; Link and	
Module 3			
System Models: Context models (Sec 5.1). Inter (Sec 5.3). Behavioral models (Sec 5.4). Model-d Design and Implementation: Introduction to Object-oriented design using the UML (Sec 7. issues (Sec 7.3). Open source development (Sec RBT: L1, L2, L3	<ul><li>lriven engineering (Sec RUP (Sec 2.4), Desig</li><li>1). Design patterns (S</li></ul>	<b>5.5</b> ). gn Principles ( <b>Chap 7</b> ).	08

Releas Softwa Softwa	e 4 are Testing: Development testing (Sec 8.1), Test-driven development (Sec 8.2), e testing (Sec 8.3), User testing (Sec 8.4). Test Automation (Page no 212). are Evolution: Evolution processes (Sec 9.1). Program evolution dynamics (Sec 9.2). are maintenance (Sec 9.3). Legacy system management (Sec 9.4). L1, L2, L3		
schedu quality (Sec 24	e 5 t Planning: Software pricing (Sec 23.1). Plan-driven development (Sec 23.2). Project ling (Sec 23.3): Estimation techniques (Sec 23.5). Quality management: Software 7 (Sec 24.1). Reviews and inspections (Sec 24.3). Software measurement and metrics 4.4). Software standards (Sec 24.2) L1, L2, L3		
Course	e Outcomes: The student will be able to :		
٠	Design a software system, component, or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints.		
•	Assess professional and ethical responsibility		
•	Function on multi-disciplinary teams		
•	Use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice		
•	Analyze, design, implement, verify, validate, implement, apply, and maintain software systems or parts of software systems		
Questi	on Paper Pattern:		
•	The question paper will have ten questions.		
•	Each full Question consisting of 20 marks		
•	There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.		
•	Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.		
•	The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.		
Textbo			
1.	Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. (Listed topics		
2.	only from Chapters 1,2,3,4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 23, and 24) Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition,		
۷.	Pearson Education, 2005.		
Refere	nce Books:		
1.	Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw		
	Hill.		

## DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – IV

Course Code	18CS42	CIE Marks	40	
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	SEE Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03	
	<b>CREDITS</b> -4			
Course Learning Objectives: This course (1	8CS42) will enable studen	nts to:		
• Explain various computational proble	em solving techniques.			
• Apply appropriate method to solve a given problem.				

• Describe various methods of algorithm analysis.

Module 1       Contact Hours         Introduction: What is an Algorithm? (T2:1.1), Algorithm Specification (T2:1.2), Analysis Framework (T1:2.1), Performance Analysis: Space complexity, Time complexity (T2:1.3). Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (Ø), and Little-oh notation (O), Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive Algorithms with Examples (T1:2.2, 2.3, 2.4). Important Problem Types: Sorting, Searching, String processing, Graph Problems, Combinatorial Problems. Fundamental Data Structures: Stacks, Queues, Graphs, Trees, Sets and Dictionaries. (T1:1.3,1.4).       RBT: L1, L2, L3         Module 2       10         Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Finding the maximum and minimum (T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4), Merge sort, Quick sort (T1:4.1, 4.2), Strassen's matrix multiplication (T2:3.8), Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer. Decrease and Conquer Approach: Topological Sort. (T1:5.3).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       10         Module 3       10         Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines (T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees: Pim's Algorithm (T1:9.3). Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes (T1:9.4). Transform and Conquer Approach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6.4).       10         RBT: L1, L2, L3       10         Module 4       10         Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4)		
Introduction: What is an Algorithm? (T2:1.1), Algorithm Specification (T2:1.2), Analysis Framework (T1:2.1), Performance Analysis: Space complexity, Time complexity (T2:1.3). Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation ( <i>O</i> ), Omega notation ( <i>Ω</i> ), Theta notation ( <i>O</i> ), and Little-Oh notation ( <i>O</i> ), Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and recursive Algorithms with Examples (T1:2.2, 2.3, 2.4). Important Problem Types: Sorting, Searching, String processing, Graph Problems, Combinatorial Problems. Fundamental Data Structures: Stacks, Queues, Graphs, Trees, Sets and Dictionaries. (T1:1.3,1.4).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       Module 2         Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Finding the maximum and minimum (T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4), Merge sort, Quick sort (T1:4.1, 4.2), Strassen's matrix multiplication (T2:3.8), Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer. Decrease and Conquer Approach: Topological Sort. (T1:5.3).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       10         Module 3       10         Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines (T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees: Prin's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm (T1:9.1, 9.2). Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm (T1:6.4).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       10         Module 4       10         Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshal's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem (T1:5.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9). Reliability design (T2:5.8).       10	Module 1	
(T1:2.1), Performance Analysis: Space complexity, Time complexity (T2:1.3). Asymptotic Notations:         Big-Oh notation (O), Omega notation (Ω), Theta notation (Ø), and Little-oh notation (Ø), Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and recursive Algorithms with Examples (T1:2.2, 2.3, 2.4). Important Problem Types: Sorting, Searching, String processing, Graph Problems, Combinatorial Problems. Fundamental Data Structures: Stacks, Queues, Graphs, Trees, Sets and Dictionaries. (T1:1.3,1.4).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       10         Module 2       10         Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Individe and conquer. Topological Sort. (T1:5.3).       10         RBT: L1, L2, L3       10         Module 3       10         Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines (T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm (T1:9,1, 9.2). Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm (T1:9.3). Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes (T1:9.4). Transform and Conquer Approach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6.4).       10         RBT: L1, L2, L3       10         Module 4       10         Pynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Origoner (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).       10         Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8). <td></td> <td></td>		
Fundamental Data Structures: Stacks, Queues, Graphs, Trees, Sets and Dictionaries. (T1:1.3,1.4).         RBT: L1, L2, L3         Module 2         Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Finding the maximum and minimum (T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4), Merge sort, Quick sort (T1:4.1, 4.2), Strassen's matrix multiplication (T2:3.8), Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer. Decrease and Conquer Approach: Topological Sort. (T1:5.3).         RBT: L1, L2, L3         Module 3         Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines (T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm (T1:9.1, 9.2). Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm (T1:9.3). Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes (T1:9.4). Transform and Conquer Approach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6.4).         RBT: L1, L2, L3         Module 4         Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).         RBT: L1, L2, L3         Module 5         Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment	(T1:2.1), Performance Analysis: Space complexity, Time complexity (T2:1.3). Asymptotic Notations: Big-Oh notation ( $O$ ), Omega notation ( $\Omega$ ), Theta notation ( $\Theta$ ), and Little-oh notation ( $o$ ), Mathematical analysis of Non-Recursive and recursive Algorithms with Examples (T1:2.2, 2.3, 2.4). Important	10
Module 2       Image: Seneral method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Image: Seneral method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Image: Seneral method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer, Image: Seneral method, Conquer Approach: Topological Sort. (T1:5.3).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       Image: Seneral method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines (T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm (T1:9.1, 9.2). Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm (T1:9.3). Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes (T1:9.4). Transform and Conquer Approach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6.4).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       Image: Seneral method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       Image: Seneral method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment		
Divide and Conquer: General method, Binary search, Recurrence equation for divide and conquer,       10         Finding the maximum and minimum (T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4), Merge sort, Quick sort (T1:4.1, 4.2), Strassen's matrix multiplication (T2:3.8), Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer. Decrease and Conquer Approach: Topological Sort. (T1:5.3).       10         RBT: L1, L2, L3       Module 3       10         Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines (T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm (T1:9.1, 9.2). Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm (T1:9.3). Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes (T1:9.4). Transform and Conquer Approach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6.4).       10         RBT: L1, L2, L3       10         Module 4       10         Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem (T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).       10         RBT: L1, L2, L3       10         Module 5       10         Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment	RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Finding the maximum and minimum (T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4), Merge sort, Quick sort (T1:4.1, 4.2), Strassen's matrix multiplication (T2:3.8), Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer. Decrease and Conquer Approach: Topological Sort. (T1:5.3).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       Module 3         Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines (T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm (T1:9.1, 9.2). Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm (T1:9.3). Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes (T1:9.4). Transform and Conquer Approach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6.4).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       Module 4         Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).         RBT: L1, L2, L3       10         Module 5       10         Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment	Module 2	
Module 3Image: Constant of the system of the sy	Finding the maximum and minimum (T2:3.1, 3.3, 3.4), Merge sort, Quick sort (T1:4.1, 4.2), Strassen's matrix multiplication (T2:3.8), Advantages and Disadvantages of divide and conquer. Decrease and	10
Module 3Image: Constant of the system of the sy	RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Greedy Method: General method, Coin Change Problem, Knapsack Problem, Job sequencing with deadlines (T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm (T1:9.1, 9.2). Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm (T1:9.3). Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes (T1:9.4). Transform and Conquer Approach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6.4).10RBT: L1, L2, L3Image: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).10RBT: L1, L2, L3Image: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment10		
deadlines(T2:4.1, 4.3, 4.5). Minimum cost spanning trees: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm (T1:9.1, 9.2). Single source shortest paths: Dijkstra's Algorithm (T1:9.3). Optimal Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes (T1:9.4). Transform and Conquer Approach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6.4).RBT: L1, L2, L3Module 4Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).10RBT: L1, L2, L3Module 5Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment		10
Tree problem: Huffman Trees and Codes (T1:9.4). Transform and Conquer Approach: Heaps and Heap Sort (T1:6.4).RBT: L1, L2, L3Image: Construct of the system of the sys		
Heap Sort (T1:6.4).       RBT: L1, L2, L3         Module 4       Image: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).       10         RBT: L1, L2, L3       Image: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment       10		
RBT: L1, L2, L3       Module 4         Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive       10         Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search       10         Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person       10         RBT: L1, L2, L3       Module 5         Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem 10         (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment		
Module 4Image: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). TransitiveDynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive10Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).10RBT: L1, L2, L3Module 5Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment10	Heap Sort ( <b>T1:6.4</b> ).	
Module 4Image: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). TransitiveDynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive10Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).10RBT: L1, L2, L3Module 5Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment10	DRT-111213	
Dynamic Programming: General method with Examples, Multistage Graphs (T2:5.1, 5.2). Transitive Closure: Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).10RBT: L1, L2, L3Module 5Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment10		
Closure:Warshall's Algorithm, All Pairs Shortest Paths:Floyd's Algorithm, Optimal Binary Search Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).RBT: L1, L2, L3Module 5Backtracking:General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: 		10
Trees, Knapsack problem ((T1:8.2, 8.3, 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algorithm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Person problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8). <b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3 <b>Module 5 Backtracking:</b> General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment		10
problem (T2:5.9), Reliability design (T2:5.8).RBT: L1, L2, L3Module 5Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment10		
RBT: L1, L2, L3       Module 5         Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem (T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment       10		
Module 5Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem 10(T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment		
Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem 10(T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment	RBT: L1, L2, L3	
(T1:12.1), Graph coloring (T2:7.4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2:7.5). Programme and Bound: Assignment	Module 5	
	Backtracking: General method (T2:7.1), N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), Sum of subsets problem	10
Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem (T1:12.2), 0/1 Knapsack		
	Problem, Travelling Sales Person problem (T1:12.2), 0/1 Knapsack	
problem (T2:8.2, T1:12.2): LC Programme and Bound solution (T2:8.2), FIFO Programme and Bound	-	
solution (T2:8.2). NP-Complete and NP-Hard problems: Basic concepts, non-		
deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes (T2:11.1).	deterministic algorithms, P, NP, NP-Complete, and NP-Hard classes (T2:11.1).	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :		
<ul> <li>Describe computational solution to well known problems like searching, sorting etc.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Estimate the computational complexity of different algorithms.</li> </ul>		

Estimate the computational complexity of different algorithms.Devise an algorithm using appropriate design strategies for problem solving.

**Question Paper Pattern:** 

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin:, 2rd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
- 2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
- 2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education).

#### DATA COMMUNICATION

## (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – IV

Course Code	18CS46	CIE Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	SEE Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS –3			

Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS46) will enable students to:

• Comprehend the transmission technique of digital data between two or more computers and a computer network that allows computers to exchange data.

Contact

- Explain with the basics of data communication and various types of computer networks;
- Demonstrate Medium Access Control protocols for reliable and noisy channels.
- Expose wireless and wired LANs.

#### Module 1

Module 1	Contact
Introduction: Data Communications, Networks, Network Types, Internet History, Standards and	Hours
Administration, Networks Models: Protocol Layering, TCP/IP Protocol suite, The OSI model,	8
Introduction to Physical Layer-1: Data and Signals, Digital Signals, Transmission Impairment, Data	
Rate limits, Performance.	
Textbook1: Ch 1.1 to 1.5, 2.1 to 2.3, 3.1, 3.3 to 3.6	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2	
Module 2	
<b>Digital Transmission</b> : Digital to digital conversion (Only Line coding: Polar, Bipolar and Manchester	08
coding).	
Physical Layer-2: Analog to digital conversion (only PCM), Transmission Modes,	
Analog Transmission: Digital to analog conversion.	
Textbook1: Ch 4.1 to 4.3, 5.1 RBT: L1,	
L2	
Module 3	
Bandwidth Utilization: Multiplexing and Spread Spectrum,	08
Switching: Introduction, Circuit Switched Networks and Packet switching.	
Error Detection and Correction: Introduction, Block coding, Cyclic codes, Checksum,	
Textbook1: Ch 6.1, 6.2, 8.1 to 8.3, 10.1 to 10.4 RBT: L1,	
L2	

Module 4

Data link control: DLC services, Data link layer protocols, Point to Point protocol (Framing, Transition	08
phases only).	
Media Access control: Random Access, Controlled Access and Channelization,	
Introduction to Data-Link Layer: Introduction, Link-Layer Addressing, ARP IPv4	
Addressing and subnetting: Classful and CIDR addressing, DHCP, NAT Textbook1: Ch	
9.1, 9.2, 11.1, 11.2 11.4, 12.1 to 12.3, 18.4	
RBT: L1, L2	
Module 5	
Wired LANs Ethernet: Ethernet Protocol, Standard Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet and	08
10 Gigabit Ethernet,	
Wireless LANs: Introduction, IEEE 802.11 Project and Bluetooth.	
Other wireless Networks: Cellular Telephony	
Textbook1: Ch 13.1 to 13.5, 15.1 to 15.3, 16.2	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2	
Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :	
• Explain the various components of data communication.	
• Explain the fundamentals of digital communication and switching.	
Compare and contrast data link layer protocols.	
Summarize IEEE 802.xx standards	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions.	
Each full Question consisting of 20 marks	
• There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.	
• Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.	
• The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.	
Textbooks:	
1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, Data Communications and Networking 5E, 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill,	
2013.	
Reference Books:	
1. Alberto Leon-Garcia and Indra Widjaja: Communication Networks - Fundamental Concepts and H	Key
architectures, 2nd Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2004.	
2. William Stallings: Data and Computer Communication, 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.	
3. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie: Computer Networks – A Systems Approach, 4th Edition, E	lsevier,
2007.	
4. Nader F. Mir: Computer and Communication Networks, Pearson Education, 2007.	

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM				
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER –				
v				
Course Code18CS53CIE Marks40				
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	SEE Marks	60	
<b>Total Number of Contact Hours</b>	50	Exam Hours	03	
CREDITS –4				
Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS53) will enable students to:				

- Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.
- Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
- Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database
- Design and build database applications for real world problems.

- Design and build database approaches for fear worke problems.	
Module 1	Contact
	Hours
Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages	10
of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications. Overview of Database	
Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema	
architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System	
environment. Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types,	
Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams,	
examples, Specialization and Generalization.	
Textbook 1:Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.10	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module 2	
Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational	10
database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.	
<b>Relational Algebra:</b> Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations	
(aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra. Mapping Conceptual	
<b>Design into a Logical Design:</b> Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.	
<b>SQL:</b> SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in	
SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.	
Textbook 1: Ch4.1 to 4.5, 5.1 to 5.3, 6.1 to 6.5, 8.1; Textbook 2: 3.5	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 3	
<b>SQL : Advances Queries:</b> More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as	10
assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database	
Application Development: Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to	
JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet	
Bookshop. Internet Applications: The three-Tier application architecture, The presentation	
layer, The Middle Tier	
Textbook 1: Ch7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6, 7.5 to 7.7.	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module 4	
Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional	10
and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional	
Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms,	
Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join	
Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Normalization Algorithms: Inference Rules,	
Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for	
Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational	
Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and	
Normal Forms	
Textbook 1: Ch14.1 to 14.7, 15.1 to 15.6 RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 5	

Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System	10			
concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on				
recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL.				
Concurrency Control in Databases: Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency				
control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency				
control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and				
Multiple Granularity Locking. Introduction to Database Recovery Protocols: Recovery				
Concepts, NO-UNDO/REDO recovery based on Deferred update, Recovery techniques based				
on immediate update, Shadow paging, Database backup and recovery from catastrophic				
failures				
Textbook 1: 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7, 22.1 to 22.4, 22.7.				
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>				
Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :				
• Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using				
RDBMS.				
• Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation.				
• Design and build simple database systems				
• Develop application to interact with databases.				
Question Paper Pattern:				
• The question paper will have ten questions.				
Each full Question consisting of 20 marks				
• There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.				
• Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.				
• The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.				
Textbooks:				
1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017,				
Pearson.				
2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2014, McGrav	v Hill			
Reference Books:				
1. Silberschatz Korth and Sudharshan, Database System Concepts, 6 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Mc-Grawl	Hill, 2013.			
2. Coronel, Morris, and Rob, Database Principles Fundamentals of Design, Implementation	on and			
Management Canages Learning 2012				

Management, Cengage Learning 2012.

APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT USING PYTHON				
[(Effective fi	rom the academi	ic year 2018 -2019)		
	SEMESTER	- V		
Course Code	18CS55	IA Marks	40	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	60	
<b>Total Number of Lecture Hours</b>	Total Number of Lecture Hours40Exam Hours03			
CREDITS – 03				
Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS55) will enable students to				
• Learn the syntax and semantics of Python programming language.				
• Illustrate the process of structuring the data using lists, tuples and dictionaries.				
• Demonstrate the use of built-in functions to navigate the file system.				
• Implement the Object Oriented Programming concepts in Python.				
• Appraise the need for working with various documents like Excel, PDF, Word and Others.				
Module – 1				Teaching
				Hours

<b>Python Basics</b> , Entering Expressions into the Interactive Shell, The Integer, Floating-Point, and String Data Types, String Concatenation and Replication, Storing Values in Variables, Your First Program, Dissecting Your Program, <b>Flow control</b> , Boolean Values, Comparison Operators, Boolean Operators, Mixing Boolean and Comparison Operators, Elements of Flow	08
Control, Program Execution, Flow Control Statements, Importing Modules, Ending a	
Program Early with sys.exit(), Functions, def Statements with Parameters, Return Values	
and return Statements, The None Value, Keyword Arguments and print(), Local and Global	
Scope, The global Statement, Exception Handling, A Short Program: Guess the Number	
Textbook 1: Chapters 1 – 3	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2	
Module – 2	
Lists, The List Data Type, Working with Lists, Augmented Assignment Operators, Methods,	08
Example Program: Magic 8 Ball with a List, List-like Types: Strings and Tuples, References,	
Dictionaries and Structuring Data, The Dictionary Data Type, Pretty Printing, Using Data	
Structures to Model Real-World Things, Manipulating Strings, Working with Strings,	
Useful String Methods, Project: Password Locker, Project: Adding Bullets to Wiki Markup	
Textbook 1: Chapters 4 – 6	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module – 3	
Pattern Matching with Regular Expressions, Finding Patterns of Text Without Regular	08
Expressions, Finding Patterns of Text with Regular Expressions, More Pattern Matching with	
Regular Expressions, Greedy and Nongreedy Matching, The findall() Method, Character	
Classes, Making Your Own Character Classes, The Caret and Dollar Sign Characters, The	
Wildcard Character, Review of Regex Symbols, Case-Insensitive Matching, Substituting	
Strings with the sub() Method, Managing Complex Regexes, Combining re .IGNORECASE,	
re .DOTALL, and re .VERBOSE, Project: Phone Number and Email Address Extractor,	
<b>Reading and Writing Files,</b> Files and File Paths, The os.path Module, The File	
Reading/Writing Process, Saving Variables with the shelve Module, Saving Variables with	
the pprint.pformat() Function, Project: Generating Random Quiz Files, Project:	
Multiclipboard, Organizing Files, The shutil Module, Walking a Directory Tree,	
Compressing Files with the zipfile Module, Project: Renaming Files with American-Style	
Dates to European-Style Dates, Project: Backing Up a Folder into a ZIP File, <b>Debugging</b> ,	
Raising Exceptions, Getting the Traceback as a String, Assertions, Logging, IDLE <sup>*</sup> s	
Debugger.	
Textbook 1: Chapters 7 – 10	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module – 4	
<b>Classes and objects,</b> Programmer-defined types, Attributes, Rectangles, Instances as return	
values, Objects are mutable, Copying, <b>Classes and functions</b> , Time, Pure functions,	
Modifiers, Prototyping versus planning, Classes and methods, Object-oriented features,	
Printing objects, Another example, A more complicated example, The init method, The	
str method, Operator overloading, Type-based dispatch, Polymorphism, Interface and	
implementation, <b>Inheritance</b> , Card objects, Class attributes, Comparing cards, Decks, Printing the deck Add remove shuffle and sort Inheritance, Class diagrams Data	
Printing the deck, Add, remove, shuffle and sort, Inheritance, Class diagrams, Data	
encapsulation Toythook 2: Chapters 15	
Textbook 2: Chapters 15 –	
18 RBT: L1, L2, L3	

Module – 5

**Web Scraping,** Project: MAPIT.PY with the webbrowser Module, Downloading Files from the Web with the requests Module, Saving Downloaded Files to the Hard Drive, HTML, Parsing HTML with the BeautifulSoup Module, Project: "Tm Feeling Lucky" Google Search,Project: Downloading All XKCD Comics, Controlling the Browser with the selenium Module, **Working with Excel Spreadsheets,** Excel Documents, Installing the openpyxl Module, Reading Excel Documents, Project: Reading Data from a Spreadsheet, Writing Excel Documents, Project: Updating a Spreadsheet, Setting the Font Style of Cells, Font Objects, Formulas, Adjusting Rows and Columns, Charts, **Working with PDF and Word Documents,** PDF Documents, Project: Combining Select Pages from Many PDFs, Word Documents, **Working with CSV files and JSON data,** The csv Module, Project: Removing the Header from CSV Files, JSON and APIs, The json Module, Project: Fetching Current Weather Data

## Textbook 1: Chapters 11 -

## 14 RBT: L1, L2, L3

**Course Outcomes:** After studying this course, students will be able to

- Demonstrate proficiency in handling of loops and creation of functions.
- Identify the methods to create and manipulate lists, tuples and dictionaries.
- Discover the commonly used operations involving regular expressions and file system.
- Interpret the concepts of Object-Oriented Programming as used in Python.
- Determine the need for scraping websites and working with CSV, JSON and other file formats.

#### **Question paper pattern:**

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Text Books:**

- Al Sweigart, "Automate the Boring Stuff with Python", 1<sup>st</sup>Edition, No Starch Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC-SA license at https://automatetheboringstuff.com/) (Chapters 1 to 18)
- 2. Allen B. Downey, **"Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist"**, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

(Chapters 13, 15, 16, 17, 18) (Download pdf/html files from the above links)

## **Reference Books:**

1. Gowrishankar S, Veena A, **"Introduction to Python Programming"**, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, CRC Press/Taylor & Francis, 2018. ISBN-13: 978-0815394372

WEB TECHNOLOGY AND ITS APPLICATIONS (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI			
Course Code	18CS63	CIE Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:2:0	SEE Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
CREDITS –4			
Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS63) will enable students to:			

Illustrate the Semantic Structure of HTML and CSS	
Compose forms and tables using HTML and CSS	
• Design Client-Side programs using JavaScript and Server-Side programs using PHP	
Infer Object Oriented Programming capabilities of PHP	
• Examine JavaScript frameworks such as jQuery and Backbone	
Module 1	Contact
	Hours
Introduction to HTML, What is HTML and Where did it come from?, HTML Syntax,	10
Semantic Markup, Structure of HTML Documents, Quick Tour of HTML Elements, HTML5	
Semantic Structure Elements, Introduction to CSS, What is CSS, CSS Syntax, Location of	
Styles, Selectors, The Cascade: How Styles Interact, The Box Model, CSS Text Styling.	
Textbook 1: Ch. 2, 3	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 2	
HTML Tables and Forms, Introducing Tables, Styling Tables, Introducing Forms, Form	10
Control Elements, Table and Form Accessibility, Microformats, Advanced CSS: Layout,	
Normal Flow, Positioning Elements, Floating Elements, Constructing Multicolumn Layouts,	
Approaches to CSS Layout, Responsive Design, CSS Frameworks.	
Textbook 1: Ch. 4,5	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module 3	10
JavaScript: Client-Side Scripting, What is JavaScript and What can it do?, JavaScript Design Principles, Where does JavaScript Go?, Syntax, JavaScript Objects, The Document Object	10
Model (DOM), JavaScript Events, Forms, Introduction to Server-Side Development with	
PHP, What is Server-Side Development, A Web Server's Responsibilities, Quick Tour of	
PHP, Program Control, Functions	
Textbook 1: Ch. 6, 8	
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Module 4	
PHP Arrays and Superglobals, Arrays, \$_GET and \$_POST Superglobal Arrays, \$_SERVER	10
Array, \$_Files Array, Reading/Writing Files, PHP Classes and Objects, Object-Oriented	
Overview, Classes and Objects in PHP, Object Oriented Design, Error Handling and	
Validation, What are Errors and Exceptions?, PHP Error Reporting, PHP Error and	
Exception Handling	
Textbook 1: Ch. 9, 10	
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b>	
Module 5	
Managing State, The Problem of State in Web Applications, Passing Information via Query	10
Strings, Passing Information via the URL Path, Cookies, Serialization, Session State,	
HTML5 Web Storage, Caching, Advanced JavaScript and jQuery, JavaScript Pseudo-	
Classes, jQuery Foundations, AJAX, Asynchronous File Transmission, Animation, Backbone	
MVC Frameworks, XML Processing and Web Services, XML Processing, JSON, Overview	
of Web Services.	
Textbook 1: Ch. 13, 15,17	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :	

Adapt HTML and CSS syntax an	d semantics to build web	pages.	
• Construct and visually format tab	les and forms using HTM	/IL and CSS	
<ul> <li>Develop Client-Side Scripts using</li> </ul>	g JavaScript and Server-S	Side Scripts using PHP	to generate and
display the contents dynamically.			-
• Appraise the principles of object	oriented development us	ing PHP	
• Inspect JavaScript frameworks lil	ke jQuery and Backbone	which facilitates develo	oper to focus on
core features.			-
<b>Question Paper Pattern:</b>			
• The question paper will have ten	questions.		
• Each full Question consisting of 2	20 marks		
• There will be 2 full questions (wi	th a maximum of four su	b questions) from each	module.
• Each full question will have sub a	questions covering all the	topics under a module.	
• The students will have to answer	5 full questions, selecting	g one full question from	each module.
Textbooks:			
1. Randy Connolly, Ricardo Hoar, "H Education India. (ISBN:978-933)		evelopment", 1 <sup>st</sup> Editio	n, Pearson
<b>Reference Books:</b>			
1. Robin Nixon, "Learning PHP, N			HTML5",
4 <sup>th</sup> Edition, O <sup>®</sup> Reilly Publications,			
2. Luke Welling, Laura Thomson, "		<b>Development</b> ", 5 <sup>th</sup> Edi	tion, Pearson
Education, 2016. ( <b>ISBN:</b> 978-933		and mut	***
3. Nicholas C Zakas, <b>"Professional</b>	-	evelopers", 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition,	Wrox/Wiley
India, 2012. ( <b>ISBN:</b> 978-8126535		<b>Л°</b>	1.4
<ol> <li>David Sawyer Mcfarland, "Javas O'Reilly/Shroff Publishers &amp; Dist</li> </ol>		lissing Manual <sup>7</sup> , 1 EC	nuon,
Mandatory Note:	11001018 F VI LIU, 2014		
Manuatory Note.			
Distribution of CIE Marks is a follows (T	otal 40 Marks):		
• 20 Marks through IA Tests			
• 20 Marks through practical assess	smen		
Maintain a copy of the report for verifi		•	
Posssible list of practicals:			
1. Write a JavaScript to design a	simple calculator to pe	erform the following of	operations: sum,
product, difference and quotient.		-	-
2. Write a JavaScript that calculates	the squares and cubes of	f the numbers from 0 to	10 and
outputs HTML text that displays	1		
3. Write a JavaScript code that dis	-		font size in the
	· •	-	
interval of 100ms in RED CC		-	isplays IEAI-
SHRINKING" in BLUE color. T		-	
4. Develop and demonstrate a HTM	L5 file that includes Jav	aScript script that uses	functions for the
following problems:			
a. Parameter: A string			
b. Output: The position in the st	•		
CLOUD COM	MPUTING AND ITS A	PPLICATIONS	
(Effective from the	academic year 2018 -20	19) SEMESTER – VI	
Course Code	18CS643	CIE Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	SEE Marks	60

Total Number of Contact Hours     40     Exam Hours       CREDITS -3	
<b>Course Learning Objectives:</b> This course (18CS643) will enable students to:	
Explain the fundamentals of cloud computing	
• Illustrate the cloud application programming and aneka platform	
Contrast different cloud platforms used in industry	
Module 1	Contact Hours
Introduction ,Cloud Computing at a Glance, The Vision of Cloud Computing, De	
Cloud, A Closer Look, Cloud Computing at a Glance, The vision of Cloud Computing, De	
Challenges Ahead, Historical Developments, Distributed Systems, Virtualization, V	-
Service-Oriented Computing, Utility-Oriented Computing, Building Cloud Co	
Environments, Application Development, Infrastructure and System Devel	
Computing Platforms and Technologies, Amazon Web Services (AWS), Google App	
Microsoft Azure, Hadoop, Force.com and Salesforce.com, Manjrasoft Aneka	
Virtualization, Introduction, Characteristics of Virtualized, Environments Taxon	•
Virtualization Techniques, Execution Virtualization, Other Types of Virtua	
Virtualization and Cloud Computing, Pros and Cons of Virtualization, Technology E	xamples
Xen: Paravirtualization, VMware: Full Virtualization, Microsoft Hyper-V	
Textbook 1: Ch. 1,3	
RBT: L1, L2 Module 2	
Cloud Computing Architecture, Introduction, Cloud Reference Model, Arch	itecture, 08
Infrastructure / Hardware as a Service, Platform as a Service, Software as a Service, 7	
Clouds, Public Clouds, Private Clouds, Hybrid Clouds, Community Clouds, Econd	• •
the Cloud, Open Challenges, Cloud Definition, Cloud Interoperability and S	
Scalability and Fault Tolerance Security, Trust, and Privacy Organizational Aspects	
Aneka: Cloud Application Platform, Framework Overview, Anatomy of the	Aneka
Container, From the Ground Up: Platform Abstraction Layer, Fabric Services, for	
Services, Application Services, Building Aneka Clouds, Infrastructure Organization,	Logical
Organization, Private Cloud Deployment Mode, Public Cloud Deployment Mode,	
Cloud Deployment Mode, Cloud Programming and Management, Aneka SDK, Mana	agement
Tools	
Textbook 1: Ch. 4,5	
RBT: L1, L2	
Module 3 Concurrent Computing: Thread Programming, Introducing Parallelism for Single I	Machine 08
Computation, Programming Applications with Threads, What is a Thread?, Thread	
Techniques for Parallel Computation with Threads, Multithreading with Aneka, Intr	
the Thread Programming Model, Aneka Thread vs. Common Threads, Progr	0
Applications with Aneka Threads, Aneka Threads Application Model,	-
Decomposition: Matrix Multiplication, Functional Decomposition: Sine, Cosin	
Tangent.	
High-Throughput Computing: Task Programming, Task Computing, Characterizing a	Task,

Computing Categories, Frameworks for Task Computing, Task-based Application Models, Embarrassingly Parallel Applications, Parameter Sweep Applications, MPI Applications, Workflow Applications with Task Dependencies, Aneka Task-Based Programming, Task Programming Model, Developing Applications with the Task Model, Developing Parameter Sweep Application, Managing Workflows.

Textbook 1: Ch. 6, 7

## RBT: L1, L2

## Module 4

Data Intensive Computing: Map-Reduce Programming, What is Data-Intensive Computing?, Characterizing Data-Intensive Computations, Challenges Ahead, Historical Perspective, Technologies for Data-Intensive Computing, Storage Systems, Programming Platforms, Aneka MapReduce Programming, Introducing the MapReduce Programming Model, Example Application

Textbook 1: Ch. 8

## **RBT: L1, L2**

## Module 5

Cloud Platforms in Industry, Amazon Web Services, Compute Services, Storage Services, Communication Services, Additional Services, Google AppEngine, Architecture and Core Concepts, Application Life-Cycle, Cost Model, Observations, Microsoft Azure, Azure Core Concepts, SQL Azure, Windows Azure Platform Appliance.

Cloud Applications Scientific Applications, Healthcare: ECG Analysis in the Cloud, Biology: Protein Structure Prediction, Biology: Gene Expression Data Analysis for Cancer Diagnosis, Geoscience: Satellite Image Processing, Business and Consumer Applications, CRM and ERP, Productivity, Social Networking, Media Applications, Multiplayer Online Gaming.

## Textbook 1: Ch. 9,10

**RBT: L1, L2** 

Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :

- Explain cloud computing, virtualization and classify services of cloud computing
- Illustrate architecture and programming in cloud
- Describe the platforms for development of cloud applications and List the application of cloud.

## **Question Paper Pattern:**

- The question paper will have ten questions.
- Each full Question consisting of 20 marks
- There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### **Textbooks:**

1. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamarai Selvi Mastering Cloud. Computing McGraw Hill Education

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Dan C. Marinescu, Cloud Computing Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013.				
MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT (OPEN ELECTIVE) (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VI				
Course Code18CS651CIE Marks40				
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	SEE Marks	60	
Total Number of Contact Hours40Exam Hours03				
CREDITS –3				
Course Learning Objectives: This course (18CS651) will enable students to:				

Learn to setup Android application development environment	
• Illustrate user interfaces for interacting with apps and triggering actions	
<ul> <li>Interpret tasks used in handling multiple activities</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Identify options to save persistent application data</li> </ul>	
• Appraise the role of security and performance in Android applications	
Module – 1	Teaching
	Hours
Get started, Build your first app, Activities, Testing, debugging and using support libraries	08
Textbook 1: Lesson 1,2,3	
RBT: L1, L2	
Module – 2	
User Interaction, Delightful user experience, Testing your UI	08
Textbook 1: Lesson 4,5,6	
RBT: L1, L2	
Module – 3	-
Background Tasks, Triggering, scheduling and optimizing background tasks	08
Textbook 1: Lesson 7,8	
RBT: L1, L2	
Module – 4	
All about data, Preferences and Settings, Storing data using SQLite, Sharing data with	08
content providers, Loading data using Loaders	
Textbook 1: Lesson 9,10,11,12	
RBT: L1, L2 Module – 5	
	0.0
Permissions, Performance and Security, Firebase and AdMob, Publish//	08
Textbook 1: Lesson 13,14,15 RBT: L1, L2	
<b>Course outcomes:</b> The students should be able to:	
	onmont
• Create, test and debug Android application by setting up Android development envir	
	ices.
• Implement adaptive, responsive user interfaces that work across a wide range of devi	
• Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications	
<ul> <li>Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications</li> <li>Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications</li> <li>Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications</li> <li>Analyze performance of android applications and understand the role of permissions</li> </ul>	-
<ul> <li>Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications</li> <li>Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications</li> <li>Analyze performance of android applications and understand the role of permissions</li> <li>Describe the steps involved in publishing Android application to share with the work</li> </ul>	•
<ul> <li>Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications</li> <li>Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications</li> <li>Analyze performance of android applications and understand the role of permissions</li> </ul>	•
<ul> <li>Infer long running tasks and background work in Android applications</li> <li>Demonstrate methods in storing, sharing and retrieving data in Android applications</li> <li>Analyze performance of android applications and understand the role of permissions</li> <li>Describe the steps involved in publishing Android application to share with the work</li> </ul>	-

PROGRAMMING IN JAVA (OPEN ELECTIVE) (Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019)					
SEMESTER – VI					
Course Code	18CS653	<b>CIE Marks</b>	40		
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	SEE Marks	60		
Total Number of Contact Hours40Exam Hours03					
CREDITS –3					

**Course Learning Objectives:** This course (18CS653) will enable students to:

- Learn fundamental features of object oriented language and JAVA
- Set up Java JDK environment to create, debug and run simple Java programs.
- Learn object oriented concepts using programming examples.
- Study the concepts of importing of packages and exception handling mechanism.
- Discuss the String Handling examples with Object Oriented concepts

Module – 1	Teaching Hours
An Overview of Java: Object-Oriented Programming, A First Simple Program, A Second Short Program, Two Control Statements, Using Blocks of Code, Lexical Issues, The Java Class Libraries, Data Types, Variables, and Arrays: Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in	08
Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings	
Text book 1: Ch 2, Ch 3	
RBT: L1, L2 Module – 2	
Operators: Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses, Control Statements: Java"s Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements. <b>Text book 1: Ch 4, Ch 5</b>	08
RBT: L1, L2	
Module – 3	
Introducing Classes: Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize() Method, A Stack Class, A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited, Inheritance: Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Classes, Using final with Inheritance, The Object Class. <b>Text book 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9, Ch 8. RBT: L1, L2</b>	08
Module – 4	
Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces, Exception Handling: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw,	08

Text book 1: Ch 9, Ch 10 RBT: L1, L2	
Module – 5	

Enumerations, Type Wrappers, I/O, Ap	•		08
Console Input, Writing Console Output, T			
Applet Fundamentals, The transient and			
Native Methods, Using assert, Static Imp his(), String Handling: The String Constr			
Character Extraction, String Comparison			
Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing th			
String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilde		ers wrann a Sunng , Maardonar	
Fext book 1: Ch 12.1,12.2, Ch 13, Ch 15			
RBT: L1, L2			
Course outcomes: The students should be			
• Explain the object-oriented concep			
• Develop computer programs to sol			
Develop simple GUI interfaces for a compu	ater program to in	teract with users	
Question Paper Pattern:			
• The question paper will have ten que			
• Each full Question consisting of 20			
• There will be 2 full questions (with			ule.
• Each full question will have sub qu	Ū.	*	
• The students will have to answer 5	full questions, sel	lecting one full question from eac	h module.
Text Books:			
1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,13,15)	Reference, 7th Ed	lition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (	Chapters 2, 3,
Reference Books:			
1. Cay S Horstmann, "Core Java - Vo	ol. 1 Fundamentals	s", Pearson Education, 10th Edition	on, 2016.
2. Raoul-Gabriel Urma, Mario Fusco	, Alan Mycroft, "J	ava 8 in Action", Dreamtech Pres	ss/Manning
Press, 1st Edition, 2014.			
		AND MACHINE LEARNING 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VII	
Course Code	18CS71	CIE Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	4:0:0	SEE Marks	60
Total Number of Contact Hours	50	Exam Hours	03
	CREDITS -		
Course Learning Objectives: This course			
Explain Artificial Intelligence and		•	
• Illustrate AI and ML algorithm a	and their use in ap	propriate applications	
Module 1			Contact Hours
What is artificial intelligence?, Problems	s, problem spaces	and search, Heuristic search	10
techniques	- •		
techniques			
Texbook 1: Chapter 1, 2 and 3			

Knowledge representation issues, Predicate logic, Representation knowledge using rules.	10
Concpet Learning: Concept learning task, Concpet learning as search, Find-S algorithm,	
Candidate Elimination Algorithm, Inductive bias of Candidate Elimination Algorithm.	
Texbook 1: Chapter 4, 5 and 6	
Texbook2: Chapter 2 (2.1-2.5, 2.7)	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 3	
Decision Tree Learning: Introduction, Decision tree representation, Appropriate problems,	10
ID3 algorith.	
Aritificil Nueral Network: Introduction, NN representation, Appropriate problems,	
Perceptrons, Backpropagation algorithm.	
Texbook2: Chapter 3 (3.1-3.4), Chapter 4 (4.1-4.5)	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 4	
Bayesian Learning: Introduction, Bayes theorem, Bayes theorem and concept learning, ML	10
and LS error hypothesis, ML for predicting, MDL principle, Bates optimal classifier, Gibbs	
algorithm, Navie Bayes classifier, BBN, EM Algorithm	
Texbook2: Chapter 6	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 5	
Instance-Base Learning: Introduction, k-Nearest Neighbour Learning, Locally weighted	10
regression, Radial basis function, Case-Based reasoning.	
Reinforcement Learning: Introduction, The learning task, Q-Learning.	
Texbook 1: Chapter 8 (8.1-8.5), Chapter 13 (13.1 – 13.3)	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Course Outcomes: The student will be able to :	
• Appaise the theory of Artificial intelligence and Machine Learning.	
• Illustrate the working of AI and ML Algorithms.	
• Demonstrate the applications of AI and ML.	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions.	
• Each full Question consisting of 20 marks	

	SER INTERFACE		
(Effective	from the academic		
Course Code	<u>SEMESTER – V</u> 18CS734	CIE Marks	40
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	SEE Marks	60
<b>Total Number of Contact Hours</b>	40	Exam Hours	03
	CREDITS –3	, ,	
Course Learning Objectives: This course	urse (18CS734) will	enable students to:	
• To study the concept of menus,	windows, interfaces		
To study about business function	ons		
• To study the characteristics and	components of wine	dows and the various control	ols for the windows.
To study about various problem	ns in windows design	with color, text, graphics	a
• nd To study the testing method	8		
Module 1			Contact
			Hours

<ul> <li>RBT: L1, L2</li> <li>Course Outcomes: The student will be able to : <ul> <li>Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows</li> </ul> </li> <li>Question Paper Pattern: <ul> <li>The question paper will have ten questions.</li> <li>Each full Question consisting of 20 marks</li> </ul> </li> <li>There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each modul</li> <li>Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.</li> <li>The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each Textbooks:</li> </ul> <li>1. Wilbert O. Galitz, "The Essential Guide to User Interface Design", John Wiley &amp; Sons, Second Edition 2002.</li> <li>Reference Books:</li> <li>1. Ben Sheiderman, "Design the User Interface", Pearson Education, 1998.</li> <li>2. Alan Cooper, "The Essential of User Interface Design", Wiley- Dream Tech Ltd., 2002</li>	module.
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows <b>Question Paper Pattern:</b> • The question paper will have ten questions.         • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks         • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each modul         • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.         • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each Textbooks:         1. Wilbert O. Galitz, "The Essential Guide to User Interface Design", John Wiley & Sons, Second Edition 2002.         Reference Books:         1. Ben Sheiderman, "Design the User Interface", Pearson Education, 1998.	module.
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows <b>Question Paper Pattern:</b> • The question paper will have ten questions.         • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks         • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each modul         • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.         • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each Textbooks:         1. Wilbert O. Galitz, "The Essential Guide to User Interface Design", John Wiley & Sons, Second Edition 2002.	module.
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows <b>Question Paper Pattern:</b> • The question paper will have ten questions.         • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks         • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each modul         • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.         • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each         Textbooks:         1. Wilbert O. Galitz, "The Essential Guide to User Interface Design", John Wiley &	module.
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows <b>Question Paper Pattern:</b> • The question paper will have ten questions.         • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks         • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each modul         • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.         • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each Textbooks:	module.
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows <b>Question Paper Pattern:</b> • The question paper will have ten questions.         • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks         • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each modul         • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.         • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each	module.
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows <b>Question Paper Pattern:</b> • The question paper will have ten questions.         • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks         • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each modul         • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.         • The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each	module.
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows <b>Question Paper Pattern:</b> • The question paper will have ten questions.         • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks         • There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each modul         • Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.	
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between us and windows <b>Question Paper Pattern:</b> • The question paper will have ten questions.         • Each full Question consisting of 20 marks	
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows <b>Question Paper Pattern:</b> • The question paper will have ten questions.	le.
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between us and windows <b>Question Paper Pattern:</b>	
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection between menus and windows	
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :         • Design the User Interface, design, menu creation, windows creation and connection betw	
<b>RBT: L1, L2 Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :	ween
RBT: L1, L2	
Textbook 1: Part-2	
Presentation control, Windows Tests-prototypes, kinds of tests.	
	08
Module 5	
RBT: L1, L2	
Textbook 1: Part-2	
window, Window management, Organizing window functions, Window operations, Web systems, Characteristics of device based controls.	
	08
Module 4	00
RBT: L1, L2	
Textbook 1: Part-2	
menus, Kinds of graphical menus.	
of menus, Formatting of menus, Phrasing the menu, Selecting menu choices, Navigating	-
	08
RBT: L1, L2 Module 3	
Textbook 1: Part-2	
Basic business functions, Design standards.	
Human Interaction speeds, Business functions-Business definition and requirement analysis,	
	08
Module 2	
RBT: L1, L2	
Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2	
user interface, The importance of Good design, Characteristics of graphical and web user interfaces, Principles of user interface design	
	08

Course Code	18CS752	IA Marks	40			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	3:0:0	Exam Marks	60			
Total Number of Lecture Hours	40	Exam Hours	03			
	CREDITS -	03	•			
Course Learning Objectives: This course	e (18CS752) will	enable students to				
Learn Syntax and Semantics and						
• Handle Strings and Files in Pytho	on.					
• Understand Lists, Dictionaries ar						
Implement Object Oriented Prog						
Build Web Services and introduce	tion to Network a	nd Database Program	mingin Python			
Module – 1				Teaching Hours		
Why should you learn to write programs,	Variables expres	ssions and statements	Conditional	08		
execution, Functions	variables, expres	sions and statements,	Conditional	00		
Textbook 1: Chapters 1 – 4						
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3						
Module – 2						
Iteration, Strings, Files				08		
Textbook 1: Chapters 5–7						
RBT: L1, L2, L3						
Module – 3						
Lists, Dictionaries, Tuples, Regular Expr	essions			08		
Textbook 1: Chapters 8 - 11						
<b>RBT: L1, L2, L3</b> Module – 4						
Classes and objects, Classes and function	c Classes and me	thode		08		
Textbook 2: Chapters 15 – 17	is, Classes and me	tilous		00		
RBT: L1, L2, L3						
Module – 5						
Networked programs, Using Web Service	es. Using database	es and SOL		08		
Textbook 1: Chapters 12–13, 15	, - 6					
RBT: L1, L2, L3						
Course Outcomes: After studying this co	ourse, students will	ll be able to		•		
• Examine Python syntax and sema	antics and be flue	nt in the use of Pythor	n flow control	and		
functions.						
• Demonstrate proficiency in hand		-				
• Create, run and manipulate Pytho	on Programs using	g core data structures	like Lists, Dict	ionaries and		
use Regular Expressions.	Oriented Dramon	ming as used in Duth	n an			
<ul> <li>Interpret the concepts of Object-</li> <li>Implement exemplary application</li> </ul>	-			d Databases		
in Python.		ork i rogramming, W	CO SCIVICES all	u Databases		
Question paper pattern:						
• The question paper will have ten que	stions.					
• Each full Question consisting of 20 n						
• There will be 2 full questions (with a		r sub questions) from	each module.			
• Each full question will have sub ques	tions covering all	the topics under a mo	odule.			
• The students will have to answer 5 fu	Ill questions, selec	cting one full question	from each mo	odule.		

Text Books:

- 1. Charles R. Severance, "Python for Everybody: Exploring Data Using Python 3", 1st Edition, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016. (http://do1.drchuck.com/pythonlearn/EN\_us/pythonlearn.pdf)
- 2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2ndEdition,

Green Tea Press, 2015. (<u>http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf</u>) (Download pdf files from the above links)

Reference Books:

- 1. Charles Dierbach, "Introduction to Computer Science Using Python", 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2015. ISBN-13: 978-8126556014
- Gowrishankar S, Veena A, "Introduction to Python Programming", 1st Edition, CRC Press/Taylor & Francis, 2018. ISBN-13: 978-0815394372
- 3. Mark Lutz, "Programming Python",4th Edition, O"Reilly Media, 2011.ISBN-13: 978-9350232873
- 4. Roberto Tamassia, Michael H Goldwasser, Michael T Goodrich, "Data Structures and Algorithms in Python",1stEdition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. ISBN-13: 978-8126562176
- 5. Reema Thareja, "Python Programming Using Problem Solving Approach", Oxford university press, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-0199480173

INTERNET OF THINGS						
(Effective from the academic year 2018 -2019) SEMESTER – VIII						
Course Code	18CS81	CIE Marks 4	0			
Number of Contact Hours/Week	3:0:0	SEE Marks 6	0			
Total Number of Contact Hours	40	Exam Hours (	3			
	CREDITS –3					
Course Learning Objectives: This course	e (18CS81) will enable s	students to:				
Assess the genesis and impact of I	oT applications, archite	ctures in real world.				
Illustrate diverse methods of deplo	oying smart objects and	connect them to network.				
Compare different Application pro	otocols for IoT.					
• Infer the role of Data Analytics an	d Security in IoT.					
Identifysensor technologies for set	nsing real world entities	and understand the role of	f IoT in			
various domains of Industry.	-					
Module 1						
What is IoT, Genesis of IoT, IoT and Dig						
IoT Challenges, IoT Network Architect	•					
Architectures, Comparing IoT Architectu		Architecture, The Core Io	Т			
Functional Stack, IoT Data Management a	nd Compute Stack.					
Textbook 1: Ch.1, 2						
RBT: L1, L2, L3						
Module 2						
Smart Objects: The "Things" in IoT, Sense			08			
Networks, Connecting Smart Objects, Cor	nmunications Criteria, I	oT Access Technologies.				
Textbook 1: Ch.3, 4						
RBT: L1, L2, L3 Module 3						

IP as the IoT Network Layer, The Business Case for IP, The need for Optimization,	08
Optimizing IP for IoT, Profiles and Compliances, Application Protocols for IoT, The	
Transport Layer, IoT Application Transport Methods.	
Textbook 1: Ch.5, 6	
<b>RBT:</b> L1, L2, L3	
Module 4	
Data and Analytics for IoT, An Introduction to Data Analytics for IoT, Machine Learning,	08
Big Data Analytics Tools and Technology, Edge Streaming Analytics, Network Analytics,	
Securing IoT, A Brief History of OT Security, Common Challenges in OT Security, How IT	
and OT Security Practices and Systems Vary, Formal Risk Analysis Structures: OCTAVE	
and FAIR, The Phased Application of Security in an Operational Environment	
Textbook 1: Ch.7, 8	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
Module 5	
	00
IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints - Arduino UNO: Introduction to Arduino, Arduino UNO, Installing the Software, Fundamentals of Arduino Programming. IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints - RaspberryPi: Introduction to RaspberryPi, About the RaspberryPi	08
Board: Hardware Layout, Operating Systems on RaspberryPi, Configuring RaspberryPi, Programming RaspberryPi with Python, Wireless Temperature Monitoring System Using Pi,	
DS18B20 Temperature Sensor, Connecting Raspberry Pi via SSH, Accessing Temperature	
from DS18B20 sensors, Remote access to RaspberryPi, Smart and Connected Cities, An IoT	
Strategy for Smarter Cities, Smart City IoT Architecture, Smart City Security Architecture,	
Smart City Use-Case Examples.	
Textbook 1: Ch.12	
Textbook 1: Ch.12 Textbook 2: Ch.7.1 to 7.4, Ch.8.1 to 8.4, 8.6	
RBT: L1, L2, L3	
<b>Course Outcomes:</b> The student will be able to :	<u> </u>
<ul> <li>Interpret the impact and challenges posed by IoT networks leading to new architectura</li> </ul>	1 models
Compare and contrast the deployment of smart objects and the technologies to connect network.	
• Appraise the role of IoT protocols for efficient network communication.	
• Elaborate the need for Data Analytics and Security in IoT.	
• Illustrate different sensor technologies for sensing real world entities and identify the a	pplications
of IoT in Industry.	
Question Paper Pattern:	
• The question paper will have ten questions.	
Each full Question consisting of 20 marks	
• There will be 2 full questions (with a maximum of four sub questions) from each modu	ıle.
• Each full question will have sub questions covering all the topics under a module.	
• The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each	n module.
Textbooks:	
1. David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Robert Barton, Jerome Henry, "I	oT
<b>Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Intern</b> <b>Things</b> ", 1 <sup>st</sup> Edition, Pearson Education (Cisco Press Indian Reprint). ( <b>ISBN:</b> 978-938)	et of
2. Srinivasa K G, "Internet of Things", CENGAGE Leaning India, 2017	
Reference Books:	
1. Vijay Madisetti and ArshdeepBahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)"	, 1 <sup>st</sup> Edition,
VPT, 2014. ( <b>ISBN:</b> 978-8173719547)	
2. Raj Kamal, "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles", 1 <sup>st</sup> Edition, N	AcGraw

## Hill Education, 2017. (ISBN: 978-9352605224)

## Mandatory Note:

Distribution of CIE Marks is a follows (Total 40 Marks):

- 20 Marks through IA Tests
- 20 Marks through practical assessment

## Maintain a copy of the report for verification during LIC visit.

## **Posssible list of practicals:**

- 1. Transmit a string using UART
- 2. Point-to-Point communication of two Motes over the radio frequency.
- 3. Multi-point to single point communication of Motes over the radio frequency.LAN (Subnetting).
- 4. I2C protocol study
- 5. Reading Temperature and Relative Humidity value from the sensor

WEB TECHNOLOGY AND ITS APPLICATIONS [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme] (Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018) SEMESTER - VII					
Subject Code	17CS71	IA Marks	4	40	
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	04	Exam Marks		50	
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours		3	
	CREDITS -				
Module – 1				Teaching Hours	
Introduction to HTML, What is Syntax, Semantic Markup, Stru HTML Elements, HTML5 Sema What is CSS, CSS Syntax, Loc Styles Interact, The Box Model, C	cture of HTML ntic Structure Ele ation of Styles, S	Documents, Quick ements, Introduction	Tour of n to CSS,	10 Hours	
Module – 2 HTML Tables and Forms, Intr Forms, Form Control Elements, Advanced CSS: Layout, Normal I Constructing Multicolumn Layo Design, CSS Frameworks.	Table and Form Flow, Positioning	Accessibility, Mic Elements, Floating	roformats, Elements,	10 Hours	
Module – 3					
JavaScript: Client-Side Scripting JavaScript Design Principles, W Objects, The Document Object Introduction to Server-Side De Development, A Web Server's F Control, Functions	here does JavaSc Model (DOM), velopment with	ript Go?, Syntax, JavaScript Event PHP, What is So	JavaScript s, Forms, erver-Side	10 Hours	
Module – 4 PHP Arrays and Superglobals, An \$_SERVER Array, \$_Files Arra Objects, Object-Oriented Overv Oriented Design, Error Handli Exceptions?, PHP Error Reporting	ay, Reading/Writh iew, Classes an ing and Validat	ing Files, PHP Cl d Objects in PHI ion, What are E	asses and P, Object rrors and	10 Hours	
Module – 5					
Managing State, The Problem of 3 via Query Strings, Passing Inform Session State, HTML5 Web Storr JavaScript Pseudo-Classes, jQu Transmission, Animation, Backb Web Services, XML Processing, J	ation via the URI age, Caching, Adv ery Foundations, one MVC Frame SON, Overview of	Path, Cookies, Ser ranced JavaScript ar AJAX, Asynchro works, XML Proce of Web Services.	rialization, nd jQuery, nous File	10 Hours	
Course Outcomes: After studying	this course, stude	nts will be able to			
<ul> <li>Define HTML and CSS sy</li> <li>Understand the concepts of using CSS</li> <li>Develop Client-Side Scripgenerate and display the concept of the principles of object</li> <li>Illustrate JavaScript frame</li> </ul>	ntax and semantic f Construct, visus ots using JavaScri ontents dynamical it oriented develop	s to build web page ally format tables ar pt and Server-Side ly. ment using PHP	nd forms us Scripts usi	ng PHP to	

•	Illustrate	JavaScript	frameworks	like	jQuery	and	Backbone	which	facilitates

developer to focus on core features.
Question paper pattern:
The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each
module.
Text Books:
1. Randy Connolly, Ricardo Hoar, "Fundamentals of Web Development", 1st Edition,
Pearson Education India. (ISBN:978-9332575271)
Reference Books:
1) Robin Nixon, "Learning PHP, MySQL &JavaScript with jQuery, CSS and
HTML5", 4th Edition, O'Reilly Publications, 2015. (ISBN:978-9352130153)
<ol> <li>Luke Welling, Laura Thomson, "PHP and MySQL Web Development", 5<sup>th</sup> Edition,</li> </ol>
Pearson Education, 2016. (ISBN:978-9332582736)
3) Nicholas C Zakas, "Professional JavaScript for Web Developers", 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition,
Wrox/Wiley India, 2012. (ISBN:978-8126535088)
4) David Sawyer Mcfarland, "JavaScript & jQuery: The Missing Manual", 1st
Edition, O'Reilly/Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, 2014 (ISBN:978-
9351108078)
5) Zak Ruvalcaba Anne Boehm, "Murach's HTML5 and CSS3", 3rdEdition,
Murachs/Shroff Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd, 2016. (ISBN:978-9352133246)

Number of Lecture Hours/Week         4         Exam Marks         60           Total Number of Lecture Hours         50         Exam Hours         03           CREDITS - 04           Module - 1         Teaching Hours           Module - 1         Teaching Hours           Multiprocessors and Multicomputer Models, The State of Computing, Program Partitioning and Scheduling, Program Flow Mechanisms, System neterconnect Architectures, Principles of Scalable Performance, Performance Laws, Scalability Analysis and Approaches.         10 Hours           Module - 2         Hourey Technology:         10 Hours           Lardware Technologies: Processors and Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor Fechnology, Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy Technology, Virtual Memory Technology.         10 Hour           Module - 3         Bus, Cache, and Shared Memory , Bus Systems, Cache Memory Organizations Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques, Linear Pipeline Processors, Nonlinear Pipeline Processors , Instruction Pipeline Design , Arithmetic Pipeline Design Upto 6-4).         10 Hour           Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Multiprocessors , Compound Vector Processing Principles         10 Hour           Multiprocessor Jourganney, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Multiprocessor Systeal and Multithreaded Architectures, Dataflow and Hybrid Architectures.         10 Hour           Mul			ARCHITECTURES			
SEMESTER - VII           Subject Code         17CS72         IA Marks         40           Number of Lecture Hours/Week         4         Exam Marks         60           Total Number of Lecture Hours         50         Exam Marks         60           Ordal Number of Lecture Hours         50         Exam Hours         03           CREDITS - 04           Module - 1         Teaching           Theory of Parallelism: Parallel Computer Models, The State of Computers, PRAM         10 Hours           Multiprocessors and Multicomputer ,Multivector and SIMD Computers, PRAM         10 Hours           Program Plane Antiticoning and Scheduling, Processing Applications, Speedup Performance         10 Hours           Arrows, Scalability Analysis and Approaches.         10 Hours           Module - 2         1         10 Hours           1ardware Technology:         Yorcessors, Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor         10 Hours           Nedule - 3         3         10 Hours         10 Hours           Shared Memory Organizations , Sequential and Weak Consistency Models         10 Hours           Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques , Linear Pipeline Processors , Nonlinear         10 Hours           Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Multiprocessors y, Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, attency-Hidi						
Number of Lecture Hours/Week         4         Exam Marks         60           Total Number of Lecture Hours         50         Exam Hours         03           CREDITS - 04           Module - 1         Teaching Hours           Module - 1         Teaching Hours           Multiprocessors and Multicomputer Models, The State of Computing, Program Partitioning and Scheduling, Program Flow Mechanisms, System neterconnect Architectures, Principles of Scalable Performance, Performance Laws, Scalability Analysis and Approaches.         10 Hours           Module - 2         Hourey Technology:         10 Hours           Lardware Technologies: Processors and Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor Fechnology, Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy Technology, Virtual Memory Technology.         10 Hour           Module - 3         Bus, Cache, and Shared Memory , Bus Systems, Cache Memory Organizations Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques, Linear Pipeline Processors, Nonlinear Pipeline Processors , Instruction Pipeline Design , Arithmetic Pipeline Design Upto 6-4).         10 Hour           Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Multiprocessors , Compound Vector Processing Principles         10 Hour           Multiprocessor Jourganney, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Multiprocessor Systeal and Multithreaded Architectures, Dataflow and Hybrid Architectures.         10 Hour           Mul						
Total Number of Lecture Hours         50         Exam Hours         03           CREDITS - 04           CREDITS - 04           CREDITS - 04           CREDITS - 04           Creaching           Module - 1           Teaching           CREDITS - 04           Teaching           Module - 1           Teaching           Multivector and SIMD Computers, PRAM           Interconnect Architectures, Principles of Scalable Performance, Performance           Module - 2           Hardware Technologies: Processors and Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor           Module - 3           Bardware Technologies: Processors and Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor           Systems and Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy, Sonolinear Pipeline Processors, Nonlinear Pipeline Processors, Instruction Pipeline Design ,Arithmetic Pipeline Design           Upto 6.4).           Module - 4           Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers, Sonolinear Pipeline Processors ,Super Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Multiprocessors (Compound Vector Processing SIMD Computer Organizations (Upto 8.4),Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Late	Subject Code	17CS72	IA Marks		40	
CREDITS - 04           Module - 1         Treaching Hours           Cheory of Parallelism: Parallel Computer Models, The State of Computing, Multiprocessors and Multicomputer, Multivector and SIMD Computers, PRAM ind VLSI Models, Program and Network Properties, Conditions of Parallelism, Program Partitioning and Scheduling, Program Flow Mechanisms, System interconnect Architectures, Principles of Scalable Performance, Performance detrics and Measures, Parallel Processing Applications, Speedup Performance aws, Scalability Analysis and Approaches.         10 Hour           Module - 2	Number of Lecture Hours/Week	4	Exam Marks		60	
Module - 1       Teaching Hours         Theory of Parallelism: Parallel Computer Models, The State of Computing, Multiprocessors and Multicomputer ,Multivector and SIMD Computers, PRAM and VLSI Models, Program and Network Properties, Conditions of Parallelism, Program Partitioning and Scheduling, Program Flow Mechanisms, System Interconnect Architectures, Principles of Scalable Performance, Performance detries and Measures, Parallel Processing Applications, Speedup Performance aws, Scalability Analysis and Approaches.       10 Hour         Module - 2       Hardware Technology: Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor Fechnology, Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Organizations Stared Memory Organizations ,Sequential and Weak Consistency Models Pipelining and Superscalar Sequential and Weak Consistency Models Pipelining and Superscalar Echniques, Linear Pipeline Processors, Nonlinear Pipeline Processors ,Instruction Pipeline Design ,Arithmetic Pipeline Design Upto 6.4).       10 Hour         Mudule - 4       Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Multiprocessor ,Compound Vector Processing ,SIMD Computer Multiprocessor ,Compound Vector Processing ,SIMD Computer Multiprocessor ,Compound Vector Processing ,SIMD Computer Architectures, atency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Multivector and Multithreaded Architectures, Dataflow and Hybrid Architectures.       10 Hour         Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers / Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Languages and Compilers ,Dependence Multivers, Scalable and Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Saitency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Mult	Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	03		
Hours           Theory of Parallelism: Parallel Computer Models, The Ste of Computing, Multiprocessors and Multicomputer, Multivector and SIMD Computers, PRAM and VLSI Models, Program and Network Properties , Conditions of Parallelism, Program Partitioning and Scheduling, Program Flow Mechanisms, System interconnect Architectures, Principles of Scalable Performance, Performance Metrics and Measures, Parallel Processing Applications, Speedup Performance (Auws, Scalability Analysis and Approaches.         10 Hours           Module – 2         10 Hours         10 Hours           Hardware Technologies: Processors and Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor Technology, Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy Technology, Virtual Memory Technology.         10 Hours           Shared Memory repaintations, Sequential and Weak Consistency Models Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques, Linear Pipeline Processors, Nonlinear Pipeline Processors, Instruction Pipeline Design , Arithmetic Pipeline Design Upto 6.4).         10 Hours           Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Mechanisms, Multivector and SIMD Computers , Message-Passing Mechanisms, Multivector and SIMD Computers , Vector Processing Principles Multivector Multiprocessors , Compound Vector Processing, SIMD Computer Organizations (Upto 8.4), Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Latency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Multivector Multiprocessor Arallel Languages and Compilers , Dependence Maysis of Data Arrays , Parallel Program Development and Environments, Synchronization and Multiprocessing Models, Parallel Languages and Compilers , Dependence Marysis of Data Arrays , Parallel Program Development and Environments, Sasic Design Issues , Problem Definition , Model of a Typical Proce		CREDITS -	04			
Theory of Parallelism: Parallel Computer Models, The State of Computing, Multiprocessors and Multicomputer, Multivector and SIMD Computers, PRAM       10 Hour         Multiprocessors and Multicomputer, Multivector and SIMD Computers, PRAM       In the second seco	Module – 1				Teaching Hours	
Module – 2       10 Hour         Hardware Technologies: Processors and Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor Fechnology, Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy Technology, Virtual Memory Technology.       10 Hour         Module – 3       3us, Cache, and Shared Memory ,Bus Systems, Cache Memory Organizations Shared Memory Organizations, Sequential and Weak Consistency Models Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques, Linear Pipeline Processors, Nonlinear Pipeline Processors ,Instruction Pipeline Design ,Arithmetic Pipeline Design Upto 6.4).       10 Hour         Module – 4       Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Mechanisms, Three Generations of Multicomputers ,Message-Passing Multivector Multiprocessors, Compound Vector Processing Principles Multivector Multiprocessors, Compound Vector Processing SIMD Computer Organizations (Upto 8.4),Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Latency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Multicomputers, Scalable and Multithreaded Architectures, Dataflow and Hybrid Architectures.       10 Hour         Module – 5       Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers Synchronization and Multiprocessing Modes. Instruction and System Level Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Program Development and Environments, Synchronization and Multiprocessing Modes. Instruction and System Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism ,Omputer Architecture ,Contents, Basic Design Issues ,Problem Definition ,Model of a Typical Processor Compiler-detected Instruction Level Parallelism ,Operand Forwarding ,Reorder Buffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm ,Branch Prediction, Limitations in Exploiting Instruction Leve	Multiprocessors and Multicomputer and VLSI Models, Program and Ni Program Partitioning and Schedu Interconnect Architectures, Princip Metrics and Measures, Parallel Pro	r ,Multivector a etwork Propertie iling, Program bles of Scalable occssing Applic	nd SIMD Computers , es ,Conditions of Parall Flow Mechanisms, S e Performance, Perfor	PRAM elism, system mance	10 Hours	
<ul> <li>Hardware Technologies: Processors and Memory Hierarchy, Advanced Processor Technology, Superscalar and Vector Processors, Memory Hierarchy Technology, Virtual Memory Technology.</li> <li>Module – 3</li> <li>Bus, Cache, and Shared Memory ,Bus Systems ,Cache Memory Organizations Shared Memory Organizations ,Sequential and Weak Consistency Models Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques ,Linear Pipeline Processors ,Nonlinear Pipeline Processors ,Instruction Pipeline Design ,Arithmetic Pipeline Design Upto 6.4).</li> <li>Module – 4</li> <li>Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Mechanisms, Three Generations of Multicomputers ,Message-Passing Mechanisms, Multivector and SIMD Computers ,Vector Processing Principles Multivector Multiprocessors ,Compound Vector Processing SIMD Computer Organizations (Upto 8.4),Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Latency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Multicomputers, Scalable and Multithreaded Architectures, Dataflow and Hybrid Architectures.</li> <li>Module – 5</li> <li>Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Languages and Compilers ,Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays ,Parallel Program Development and Environments, Synchronization and Multiprocessing Modes. Instruction and System Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism ,Omerand Forwarding ,Reorder Buffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm ,Branch Prediction, Limitations in Exploiting Instruction Level Parallelism ,Thread Level Parallelism.</li> </ul>		roacties.				
Bus, Cache, and Shared Memory ,Bus Systems ,Cache Memory Organizations       10 Hour         Shared Memory Organizations ,Sequential and Weak Consistency Models       10 Hour         Shared Memory Organizations ,Sequential and Weak Consistency Models       10 Hour         Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques ,Linear Pipeline Processors ,Nonlinear       10 Hour         Pipeline Processors ,Instruction Pipeline Design ,Arithmetic Pipeline Design       10 Hour         Wodule – 4       4         Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers Mechanisms, Three Generations of Multicomputers ,Message-Passing       10 Hour         Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Mechanisms, Multivector and SIMD Computers ,Vector Processing ,SIMD Computer Drganizations (Upto 8.4),Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Latency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Multicomputers, Scalable and Multithreaded Architectures, Dataflow and Hybrid Architectures.       10 Hour         Module – 5       50       50       50       10 Hour         Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers ,Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays ,Parallel Program Development and Environments, Synchronization and Multiprocessing Modes. Instruction and System Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism ,Operand Forwarding ,Reorder Suffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm ,Branch Prediction, Limitations in Exploiting Instruction Level Parallelism ,Thread Level Parallelism.	Hardware Technologies: Processors Technology, Superscalar and Vector Virtual Memory Technology.				10 Hours	
Shared Memory Organizations , Sequential and Weak Consistency Models         Pipelining and Superscalar Techniques , Linear Pipeline Processors , Nonlinear         Pipeline Processors , Instruction Pipeline Design , Arithmetic Pipeline Design         Pipeline Processors , Instruction Pipeline Design , Arithmetic Pipeline Design         Wodule – 4         Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers Message-Passing         Muchanisms, Three Generations of Multicomputers , Message-Passing         Mechanisms, Multivector and SIMD Computers , Vector Processing , SIMD Computer , Organizations (Upto 8.4), Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Jatency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multicomputers, Dataflow and Hybrid Architectures.         Module – 5         Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers , Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays , Parallel Program Development and Environments, Synchronization and Multiprocessing Modes. Instruction and System Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism , Operand Forwarding , Reorder Suffer, Register Renaming , Tomasulo's Algorithm , Branch Prediction, Limitations in Exploiting Instruction Level Parallelism , Thread Level Parallelism .						
Parallel and Scalable Architectures: Multiprocessors and Multicomputers       10 Hour         Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization       10 Hour         Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization       10 Hour         Mechanisms, Three Generations of Multicomputers ,Message-Passing       10 Hour         Mechanisms, Multivector and SIMD Computers, Vector Processing Principles       10 Hour         Multivector Multiprocessors, Compound Vector Processing, SIMD Computer       2000         Organizations (Upto 8.4),Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures,       2000         Architectures.       Multicomputers, Scalable and Multithreaded Architectures, Dataflow and Hybrid         Architectures.       Module – 5         Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers       10 Hour         Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Program Development and Environments, Synchronization and Multiprocessing Modes. Instruction and System Level       10 Hour         Arallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism ,Computer Architecture ,Contents,       3asic Design Issues ,Problem Definition ,Model of a Typical Processor         Compiler-detected Instruction Level Parallelism ,Operand Forwarding ,Reorder       3uffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm ,Branch Prediction,         Junitations in Exploiting Instruction Level Parallelism ,Thread Level       Parallelism.	,Shared Memory Organizations , ,Pipelining and Superscalar Techni Pipeline Processors ,Instruction Pi (Upto 6.4).	Sequential and iques ,Linear Pi	Weak Consistency M ipeline Processors ,Nor	Aodels nlinear		
Multiprocessor System Interconnects, Cache Coherence and Synchronization Mechanisms, Three Generations of Multicomputers ,Message-Passing Mechanisms ,Multivector and SIMD Computers ,Vector Processing Principles Multivector Multiprocessors ,Compound Vector Processing ,SIMD Computer Organizations (Upto 8.4),Scalable, Multithreaded, and Dataflow Architectures, Latency-Hiding Techniques, Principles of Multithreading, Fine-Grain Multicomputers, Scalable and Multithreaded Architectures, Dataflow and Hybrid Architectures. Module – 5 Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Languages and Compilers ,Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays ,Parallel Program Development and Environments, Synchronization and Multiprocessing Modes. Instruction and System Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism ,Computer Architecture ,Contents, Basic Design Issues ,Problem Definition ,Model of a Typical Processor Compiler-detected Instruction Level Parallelism ,Operand Forwarding ,Reorder Buffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm ,Branch Prediction, Limitations in Exploiting Instruction Level Parallelism ,Thread Level Parallelism.						
Software for parallel programming: Parallel Models, Languages, and Compilers Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Languages and Compilers ,Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays ,Parallel Program Development and Environments, Synchronization and Multiprocessing Modes. Instruction and System Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism ,Computer Architecture ,Contents, Basic Design Issues ,Problem Definition ,Model of a Typical Processor Compiler-detected Instruction Level Parallelism ,Operand Forwarding ,Reorder Buffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm ,Branch Prediction, Limitations in Exploiting Instruction Level Parallelism ,Thread Level Parallelism.	,Multiprocessor System Interconnec Mechanisms, Three Generation Mechanisms ,Multivector and SIM ,Multivector Multiprocessors ,Com Organizations (Upto 8.4),Scalable, Latency-Hiding Techniques, Pr Multicomputers, Scalable and Multi Architectures.	ects, Cache Col s of Multic D Computers, pound Vector Multithreaded, rinciples of	herence and Synchroni omputers ,Message-P Vector Processing Prin Processing ,SIMD Cor and Dataflow Archite Multithreading, Fine	zation assing iciples nputer ctures, -Grain	10 Hours	
Parallel Programming Models, Parallel Languages and Compilers ,Dependence Analysis of Data Arrays ,Parallel Program Development and Environments, Synchronization and Multiprocessing Modes. Instruction and System Level Parallelism, Instruction Level Parallelism ,Computer Architecture ,Contents, Basic Design Issues ,Problem Definition ,Model of a Typical Processor Compiler-detected Instruction Level Parallelism ,Operand Forwarding ,Reorder Buffer, Register Renaming ,Tomasulo's Algorithm ,Branch Prediction, Limitations in Exploiting Instruction Level Parallelism ,Thread Level Parallelism.		Description of the			10.11	
	,Parallel Programming Models, Par Analysis of Data Arrays ,Parallel Synchronization and Multiprocess Parallelism, Instruction Level Par	allel Languages Program Deve ing Modes. In allelism ,Comp	and Compilers ,Deper elopment and Environ struction and System	idence ments, Level ntents,	10 Hours	
Course outcomes: The students should be able to:	,Compiler-detected Instruction Leve Buffer, Register Renaming ,To Limitations in Exploiting Instru	el Parallelism ,0 masulo's Algo	lel of a Typical Pro Operand Forwarding ,R orithm ,Branch Pred	eorder iction,		

<ul> <li>Understand the concepts of parallel computing and hardware technologies</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Illustrate and contrast the parallel architectures</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Recall parallel programming concepts</li> </ul>
Question paper pattern
The question paper will have ten questions.
There will be 2 questions from each module.
Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.
The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each
module.
Text Books:
<ol> <li>Kai Hwang and Naresh Jotwani, Advanced Computer Architecture (SIE): Parallelism,</li> </ol>
Scalability, Programmability, McGraw Hill Education 3/e. 2015
Reference Books:
<ol> <li>John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A quantitative</li> </ol>
approach, 5th edition, Morgan Kaufmann Elseveir, 2013

	MACHINELEAL	NINC					
	MACHINE LEARNING [As per Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) scheme]						
	(Effective from the academic year 2017 - 2018)						
(Litetite)	SEMESTER -	•					
Subject Code	17CS73	IA Marks	4	0			
Number of Lecture Hours/Week	03	Exam Marks	6	0			
Total Number of Lecture Hours	50	Exam Hours	0	3			
	CREDITS -	04					
Module – 1				Teaching			
Introduction: Well posed learn	ing problems Dr	cioning a Looming	a canatama	Hours 10 Hours			
Perspective and Issues in Machine I	- · ·	signing a Learning	g system,	10 Hours			
Concept Learning: Concept lear		t learning as searc	b Find S				
algorithm, Version space, Candidate							
Text Book1, Sections: 1.1 – 1.3, 2.		ann, maacuve islas.					
Module - 2	1-2						
Decision Tree Learning: Decisio	n tree representati	on, Appropriate pro	blems for	10 Hours			
decision tree learning, Basic decisio							
in decision tree learning, Inductive	bias in decision tr	ee learning, Issues in	n decision				
tree learning.							
Text Book1, Sections: 3.1-3.7							
Module - 3							
Artificial Neural Networks:	Introduction, Neu	ral Network repre	esentation,	08 Hours			
Appropriate problems, Perceptrons,	Backpropagation a	lgorithm.					
Text book 1, Sections: 4.1 - 4.6							
Module – 4							
Bayesian Learning: Introduction				10 Hours			
learning, ML and LS error hype			ies, MDL				
principle, Naive Bayes classifier, Ba	*	orks, EM algorithm					
Text book 1, Sections: 6.1 – 6.6, 6.	.9, 6.11, 6.12						
Module - 5							
Evaluating Hypothesis: Motivati				12 Hours			
sampling theorem, General approac			ference in				
error of two hypothesis, Comparing			1				
Instance Based Learning: Intro weighted regression, radial basis fur			g, locally				
Reinforcement Learning: Introduc		ALC: NOT					
Text book 1, Sections: 5.1-5.6, 8.1		c, Q Learning					
Course Outcomes: After studying		s will be able to					
<ul> <li>Recall the problems for mac</li> </ul>			muicod une	unoreviewd			
<ul> <li>Recall the problems for mac or reinforcement learning.</li> </ul>	anne rearning. And	screet the entiter supe	aviseu, ans	upersvised			
<ul> <li>Understand theory of probab</li> </ul>	vility and statistics a	elated to machine les	rning				
<ul> <li>Illustrate concept learning, ANN, Bayes classifier, k nearest neighbor, Q,</li> </ul>							
Question paper pattern:							
The question paper will have ten qu	estions.						

Each question will have questions covering all the topics under a module.

# The students will have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. **Text Books:**

1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, India Edition 2013, McGraw Hill Education. Reference Books:

- Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, h The Elements of Statistical Learning, 2nd edition, springer series in statistics.
- 2. Ethem Alpaydin, Introduction to machine learning, second edition, MIT press.