

Smart Crop: Agriculture Crop Recommendation Based On Future Demand

Mrs Amitha S ^{*1}, Harshal V Pai^{*2}, Joshna M J^{*3}, Kavya S^{*4}, M Jeswanth^{*5}

^{*1} Associate Professor, ^{*2,3,4,5}Students

^{*2,3,4,5}Student, Department of CSE, K S School Of Engineering & Management, Bengaluru,India.

Abstract - This project introduces an innovative approach to crop management, leveraging predictive analytics and machine learning to forecast future demand. By analyzing historical data on crop yields, market trends, climate conditions, and consumer preferences, machine learning algorithms create predictive models. The smart crop management system incorporates parameters such as climate, soil health, market trends, and consumer preferences to offer farmers informed decision-making tools for optimized yields and economic returns. Real-time data updates and feedback loops enhance adaptability to changing market dynamics, aiming to provide a dynamic tool for aligning agricultural activities with future demands, promoting increased productivity and sustainability.

Index Terms - Predictive Analytics, Machine Learning, Data Analysis, Climate Conditions, Market Trends, Sustainability.

I.INTRODUCTION

This project addresses the limitations of traditional crop selection methods by introducing a smart crop management system, integrating machine learning and predictive analytics. Farmers gain access to a dynamic decision-making tool that considers variables like market trends, soil health, climate conditions, and customer preferences, enabling well-informed choices for increased productivity and financial gains.

II.IMPLEMENTATION

To gather and preprocess historical agricultural yield data, market trends, and climate conditions, a robust data infrastructure is integrated. Carefully selected machine learning algorithms, including regression and clustering, are employed to find patterns and correlations. The chosen algorithm undergoes rigorous training and validation using historical data to ensure accuracy for predicting future crop demand. The model is enhanced by incorporating sustainability parameters, market trends, soil health, and climate conditions. Feedback loops and real-time data updates ensure adaptability to shifting market conditions.

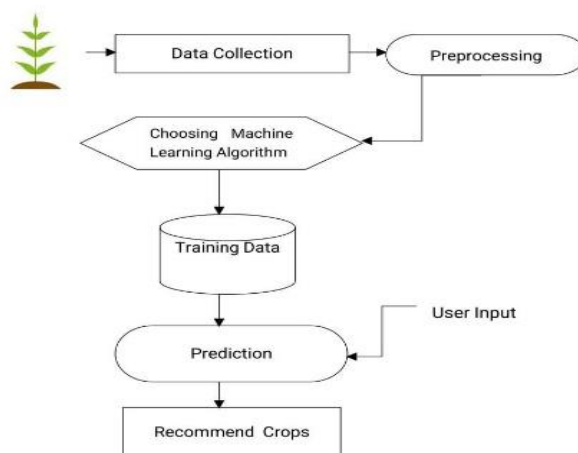


Fig 1. Implementation

III.METHODOLGY

Gathering and Preparing Data: Thoroughly gather historical information on agricultural yields, market trends, and weather patterns. Carefully preprocess this data for accuracy, emphasizing robust predictive analytics.

Choosing Machine Learning Algorithms: Strategically use ML techniques to analyze data and find trends. Evaluate multiple algorithms, including regression and clustering, to improve forecasting accuracy and support the main objective of the smart crop management system.

Validation and Training of Models: Train the selected machine learning model using historical data, with strict validation procedures to ensure generalizability and accuracy for predicting future crop demand. This iterative training and validation process enhance the predictive model's robustness and dependability.

Combining Market and Environmental Factors: Enhance the predictive model by including sustainability parameters, market trends, soil health, climate conditions, and other factors. Combine soil health and climate to ensure suggested crops are compatible with local farming capacities. The model is also enhanced by market trends and sustainability criteria, offering farmers a comprehensive recommendation system.

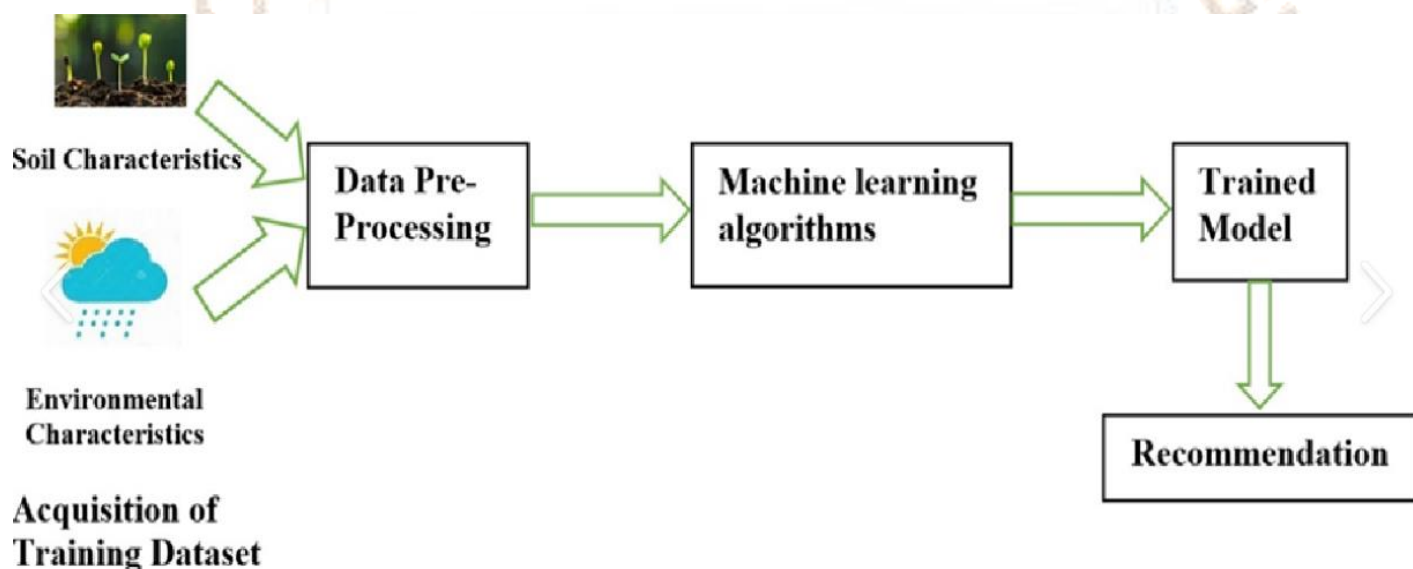


Fig 2. METHODOLOGY

IV.LITERATURE SURVEY

Earlier Methods of Crop Selection: Early agricultural practices largely relied on historical data and experience, highlighting the need for more advanced methodologies to adjust to shifting market dynamics and environmental conditions.

Innovations in Agriculture Technology: Recent literature emphasizes the growing importance of technology in agriculture, including data analytics, IoT, and precision farming. However, current technologies lack the predictive power needed to forecast future crop demands.

Applications of Machine Learning in Agriculture: Research demonstrates the incorporation of machine learning into agriculture, improving decision-making but also revealing a gap in the project's main application—forecasting future demand.

Agriculture that is Future-Proof and Sustainable: Literature underscores the significance of sustainable agricultural practices for long-term food security, aligning with the goals of the smart crop management project.

V.FUTURE SCOPE

The future scope of the "Smart Crop: Agriculture Crop Recommendation Based on Future Demand" project extends into precision agriculture with the integration of IoT, edge computing, and remote sensing technologies for enhanced real-time data acquisition and accurate assessments of climate and soil health. Collaboration with agribusinesses and governmental bodies offers opportunities to develop comprehensive agricultural ecosystems. Implementing blockchain technology ensures transparent and secure data sharing in the supply chain. Furthermore, the project could explore the integration of an AI-based voice assistant for seamless interaction and accessibility in the agricultural decision-making process.

VI.CONCLUSIONS

The "Smart Agriculture Solutions: Revolutionizing Crop Management for Future Sustainability" project represents a significant development in agricultural decision-making. By combining machine learning and predictive analytics, farmers gain a dynamic tool for optimized crop choices based on both past data and projected future demand. The methodology guarantees a precise and reliable recommendation system through model integration, algorithm selection, and data collection. The project situates itself within the larger framework of sustainable and future-proof practices, addressing gaps in agricultural forecasting and aiming to revolutionize the industry.

VII.REFERENCES

- [1] Ranjani Dhanapal, A. AjanRaj, S. Balavinayagapragathish, and J. Balaji. "Crop price prediction using supervised machine learning algorithms." *Journal of Physics: Conference Series*, Volume 1916, 2021 International Conference on Computing, Communication, Electrical and Biomedical Systems (ICCCEBS) 2021, 25-26 March 2021, Coimbatore, India. DOI: 10.1088/1742-6596/1916/1/012042. Published under license by IOP Publishing Ltd.
- [2] Mulla, S. A., & Quadri, Dr. S. A. "Crop-yield and Price Forecasting using Machine Learning." 2020 the International journal of analytical and experimental modal analysis.
- [3] Bandara, P., Weerasooriya, T., Ruchirawya, T.H., Nanayakkara, W.J.M., Dimantha, M.A.C., Pabasara, M.G.P. (2020). "Crop Recommendation System". *International Journal of Computer Applications*, 175(22), October 2020.
- [4] Attaluri, S.S., Batcha, N.K., Mafas, R. (2020). "Crop Plantation Recommendation using Feature Extraction and Machine Learning Techniques". *Journal of Applied Technology and Innovation*.
- [5] Dhivya Elavarasan and PM Durairaj Vincent, "Crop yield prediction using deep reinforcement learning model for sustainable agrarian applications", *IEEE access*, vol. 8, pp. 86886-86901, 2020
- [6] S. Pudumalar, E. Ramanujam, R. H. Rajashree, C. Kavya, T. Kiruthika and J. Nisha, "Crop recommendation system for precision agriculture", 2016 Eighth International Conference on Advanced Computing
- [7] Dhivya Elavarasan and PM Durairaj Vincent, "Crop yield prediction using deep reinforcement learning model for sustainable agrarian applications", *IEEE access*, vol. 8, pp. 86886-86901, 2020.